FINANCIAL TIMES

Auditor's alert What happens next?

Changing hands New faces

at BOC



France and Germany **Faltering** relations



World Business Newspaper

FRIDAY JANUARY 19 1996

IBM profits beat 1990 level after strong earnings

International Business Machines reported stronger than expected earnings for the fourth quarter and ended the year with its highest profits since 1990. Net income for the quarter, after special charges, was \$1.7bn, or \$3.09 a share - a 41 per cent increase over the same period a year ago. Louis Gerstner, chairman and chief executive, said: "Our quarterly and full-year results indicate that our fundamental strategies are working." He said IBM was focused on "completely transforming" its traditional busi-nesses to address the market for networked computer systems. Page 21

McDonnell Douglas project in doubts Doubts were raised over the future of McDonnell Douglas's wide-bodied MD-11 airliner after the US defence and aerospace company recognised a shortfall in demand for the aircraft by taking a \$1.8bn fourth quarter charge. Page 22

HSBC reveals \$42m fraud: HongKong Bank has discovered a \$42m fraud in its main branch in Jakarta. The bank gave no details of the fraud, which occurred in December and is currently under investigation by Indonesian authorities. Page 20

Breakthrough in nuclear test ban talks: Disarmament negotiators in Geneva said "substan-tial progress" had been made towards agreeing a landmark nuclear test ban treaty within the next six months. Page 4

Hopes for deal on German jobs: German engineering employers and the IG Metall trade union appeared to be edging towards a compromise over union demands that industry should take on up to 330,000 extra workers in exchange for workers agreeing to wage restraint. Page 3

Scania signs bus deal with China: Scania, the Swedish truck maker, said it had signed a joint venture agreement to build buses in China and was considering a similar move into truck production.

Doctor's book on Mitterrand withdrawn: The family of former French President François Mitterrand, who died this month, succeeded in its efforts to have withdrawn from sale a book published by one of his long-serving doctors. Page 3

Dispute over fighter project resolved: Germany and Britain have resolved their dispute over the allocation of work on producing the fournation £32bn (\$49bn) Eurofighter, clearing the way for manufacturing the aircraft. Page 2

US may appeal against petrol ruling: The US is considering an appeal against a World Trade Organisation dispute panel judgment that US regulations on cleaner petrol discriminate against imports. Page 4

Apple shares drop sharply: Apple Computer shares dropped sharply as Wall Street analysts downgraded the stock in the wake of the US personal computer company's first fiscal quarter losses. Page 22; Lex, Page 20

Anglo American may cut 10,000 jobs: mining jobs in South Africa were at risk unless there were significant improvements in costs and productivity. Page 25; World Stocks, Page 40

Poel player dies: Rudolf Wanderone, the sharp shooting New York pool known as Minnesota Fats and portrayed in the movie The Hustler, died of heart failure, aged 82. He could play with either hand and was known for wearing \$100 bills in the



Nine killed in fire at German hostel: Police detained two men after a fire in which nine people died and more than 50 were injured at a forejeners' hostel (above) in the north German port city of Lübeck. Most of the residents were asylum seekers or ethnic German immigrants and prosecutors investigating the cause of the blaze have not ruled out arson. Page 2

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© THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1996 No 32,886 Week No 3

By John Barham in Ankara and John Thomhill in Moscow Russia will strike again against Chechen rebels to eliminate terrorism, President Boris Yeltsin warned yesterday after claiming victory in the nine-day bostage crisis in the southern Russian vil-

lage of Pervomaiskoye Mr Yeltsin said 82 of the 100 hostages being held by the Che-chen fighters had been freed, although there was no independent confirmation of these figures. Russian security forces said they had found the bodies of 153 then rebels in the village and had captured a further 28 sepa-

Meanwhile, about 10 Turkish hijackers who sympathise with the Chechen independence movement continued to hold 309 pas sengers and crew hostage on the Black Sea ferry Avrasya, The Turkish government said it would not allow the vessel to dock at Istanbul, where the hijackers had planned to make a

The seizure of the ferry continued to strain relations between Russia and Turkey. Mrs Tansu Ciller, the Turkish prime minister, said the Russian government was being kept informed, but she criticised Moscow's handling of

"We feel that what is happen-ing [on board the Avrasya] relates to what is happening in Chechnya. It would not have happened if Chechnya had been han-dled well," Mrs Ciller said. The Russian government also came under renewed fire in the

country's parliament for its handling of the hostage crisis and its failure to reach a political settlement with Chechnya. A group of liberal parliamen-

tary deputies demanded the res-



A wounded hostage who escaped from the besieged village of Pervomaiskoye is helped by a Russian militiaman into a hospital-

ignation of Mr Mikhail Barsukov, head of the Federal Security Service, who ordered the artillery bombardment of Pervomaiskoye after 26 Russian soldiers had been killed attempting to storm

In a rare intervention in secular politics, Russian Orthodox church leaders urged Mr Yeltsin to end the conflict in the Caucasus which they said had turned people. "The bloodshed must be

the town.

stopped and our sons and Dudayev to eliminate terrorism brothers must no longer be sent on Russian soil, Mr Yeltsin to die," the church leaders said in warned. a letter to the president.

uncompromising mood yesterday and said security forces had taught Chechen separatists a lesson. "All the bandits have been destroyed unless some of them are hiding underground," he said. Russia would deliver more blows against the forces of rebel Chechen leader Dzhokhar

The whereabouts of Mr Salman But Mr Yeltsin appeared in an mcompromising mood yesterday chen raid on Kizlyar, in Dagestan, which sparked the hostage crisis, are not known. But he may have escaped when Chechen forces tried to break out of Pervo-maiskoye on Wednesday night.

The Avrasya ferry stopped. miles off the Turkish coest close

to Eregli yesterday, but the hijackers did not release two injured men and a pregnant oman as expected. Earlier they had promised to release their 46 Turkish hostages before blowing

up the ship.
Mrs Ciller warned the ship would not be allowed into Istan-bul's narrow Bosphorus straits: "That cannot be allowed. It is against our legal codes."

Daimler in last-ditch talks on Fokker deal

By Ronald van de Krol in Amsterdam and Wolfgang

Schrempp moves to break deadlock over rescue of aircraft maker Munchau in Dusseldorf Mr Jürgen Schrempp, chairman of Daimler-Benz, will arrive in

the Netherlands today for last-ditch efforts to win agreement from the Dutch government on a rescue plan for Fokker, the Dutch aircraft maker.

His unexpected trip to see Mr Hans Wijers, minister of economic affairs, is a sign of deadlock in attempts to arrange a capital injection of more than Fl 2bn

The Dutch company has been controlled by Daimler-Benz's aerospace subsidiary since 1993. Dutch union officials, who yesterday urged Mr Wijers to participate in the refinancing, said there was only a 50-50 chance of

sory board was due to convene on Monday in Stuttgart to discuss what should be done with Fokker.

The German company refused to confirm such a meeting would

The Dutch government, minority shareholders in Fokker, is believed to have offered to write off Fl 800m in aircraft developant credits as its contribution to the rescue.

But the government has refused to pledge the fresh capi-tal Daimler-Benz wants injected into the company. From the start of Fokker's difficulties in August, the Dutch have

The Germans have countered by saying they would sanction a capital increase for Fokker only if the Dutch government agreed to participate fully. The stalemate has been caused

by each side wanting to keep its own contribution to a minimum. Dutch unions were last night planning to take many of Fok-ker's 7,800 workers from Amsterdam to The Hague by bus today for a demonstration aimed at

winning government support for the rescue. Last year, Mr Schrempp warned he would be ready to abandon Fokker if the Dutch government failed to participate in said Daimler-Benz must put up

Officials in the Netherlands most of the money needed to The continuing uncertainty The Fokker crisis was sparked injection again hit Fokker's shares yesterday. The shares, among the most

volatile on the Amsterdam bourse, opened down 30 per cent at F16.10 and ended the day at F16.90, a decline of 20 per cent pany had run up record losses of Mr Simitis must move cautiously Fi 651m in the first six months of for the next few months to conthe year, wiping out its remain-ing shareholders' equity.

Since then, the company has been kept affoat by short-term financial guarantees provided by

Yeltsin warns of further attacks against Chechens as ship hijack continues | Simitis chosen as new prime minister of Greece

By Karin Hope in Athens

Greece's governing Socialists yesterday voted to pull the coun-try closer to its European Union partners by electing the leader of the party's reformist wing as the

new prime minister. In a close-run contest where the result appeared to be in doubt until the last moment, the Panhellenic Socialist Movement's 169 deputies chose Mr Costas Simitis, a former industry minister who has fought a long campaign to modernise the

He defected Mr Akis Trochetzopoulos, the acting prime minis-ter and head of Pasok's populist

ter and head of Pasok's populist faction, by 86 to 75 votes in a run-off ballot after the two men tied in the first round.

Mr Gerasimos Arsenis, the defence minister, finished third after many of his backers switched support to the acting prime minister. The fourth candidate, Mr Yannis Haralambopoulos, a former foreign minis-ter, trailed far behind.

Mr Simitis replaces Mr Andress Papandreon who resigned earlier this week after two menths in hespital with crit-ical lung and kidney problems. Having been chosen as prime minister-elect, he will be for-mally installed in a parliamen-tary vote in the next few days. The election of Mr Simitis, 58, clears the way for a policy

clears the way for a policy shake-out which is expected to bring economic and administrative reforms demanded by the EU in return for Ecul5bn (\$19bn)

in grants to modernise infra-structure and industry. hir Simitis pledged that he would "govern the country in a new way", signalling an end to the autocratic leadership practiced by Mr Papandreon, the founder of Pasok. The country's proble

swift and co-ordinated action but with a sensitivity to social conditions," he said.

for the next few months to con-solidate his leadership. He faces

Profile, Page 2 Editorial Comment, Page 19 Continued on Page 20

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UK cuts interest rates for second time in five weeks

By Robert Chote, Gillian Tett and

Mr Kenneth Clarke, the UK chancellor, cut base interest rates for the second time in five weeks yesterday, amid speculation that he had overruled the Bank of

Justifying the unexpected move, Mr Clarke said subdued spending in Britain's export marnomic growth. He added that inflationary pressures had weak-ened and he was confident of hitting his target of 2.5 per cent or less for the underlying rate. But official figures showed

inflation rising further above the target last month. Higher petrol duties in November's Budget pushed the headline rate from 3.1 to 3.2 per cent. The quarter-point reduction took base rates to 6.25 per cent, their lowest for a year. Rates have not fallen twice in such quick succession since the aftermath of sterling's departure

... 8 Observer

World Trade News.

from the European exchange rate nechanism in 1992.

But yesterday's cut was too small to trigger an immediate fall in home loan rates. Analysis said this would limit its political and economic impact. "We will not be making any further moves in our mortgage or savings rates for the time being," said the Halifax building society, Britain's biggest mortgage lender.

The financial markets reacted favourably. In London, the FT-SE index of 100 leading shares rose 44.5 points to a record close of 3.748.7, sterling closed only slightly lower and gilts gained more than half a point.

The rate cut was welcomed by business organisations. The Confederation of British Industry said it should underpin a pick-up in consumer spending and help support business confidence. Many economists said they believed the chancellor had overruled Mr Eddie George, governor

decided to cut rates at their meet ing on Wednesday.

Last month's cut was followed by immediate confirmation that both men supported the move. But yesterday neither the Bank nor the Treasury would say whether Mr George had hacked Mr Clarke will discuss the dan-

ger of a prolonged global slow-down with his fellow finance ministers from the Group of Seven leading industrial nations when they meet in Paris tomor-row. France and the Netherlands both cut interest rates yesterday. Yesterday's move was accom-panied by mixed evidence on the UK economy. Unexpectedly weak

retail spending figures suggested that talk of humper pre-Christ-mas trade had been overdone, but that consumer purchases were back on an upward trend.

French cut rates; Page 2 Editorial Comment, Page 19

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صكذا من الاحيل

French economy gets confidence vote



Dispute

fighter

project

By Bernard Gray,

resolved

Defence Correspondent

Germany and Britain have

resolved their dispute over the

allocation of work on produc-

ing the four-nation 232bn (\$49bn) Eurofighter, clearing the way for manufacturing the

aircraft. An agreement estab-

lishing production lines and

tooling is likely by the sum-

At a meeting in Britain's defence ministry yesterday Mr Jörg Schönbohm, the German

armaments secretary, and Mr James Arbuthnot, the UK pro-

curement minister, agreed that

Germany would increase its

order for Eurofighters to 180

from 140, while Britain would

buy 230 of the aircraft, rather

than its initial proposal of 250.

orandum governing the project

(which also includes Italy and

Spain), this allows Germany to

secure 30 per cent of the work.

the minimum it regards as

Britain will have about 38

Both ministers said that the

deal, which has to be ratified

by the German parliament,

effectively closed the dispute

over work shares which has

"This resolves the issue of

work share and provides a firm

basis for industry and the four

partners to plan the future

stages of the Eurofighter proj-

ect," they said in a joint state-

Mr Schönbohm's confidence

in announcing the work share

issue settled suggests that the government believes the

increased numbers will not be

The companies involved, pri-

marily British Aerospace.

Daimler-Benz Aerospace

(Dasa), Alenia and Casa, will

now be asked for final costings

on production of the aircraft.

with the essentially fixed-price

production terms to be included in the production con-

Provided the costings are

acceptable, there are now no

barriers to making the aircraft.

which has been dogged by dispute and controversy since

Germany threatened to with-

Flight testing continues, and

the manufacturers are particu-

larly pleased with the progress

of the third prototype DA3, which is the first to fly with

While Britain is cutting its

initial order, reduced numbers

the new EJ300 engine.

draw in 1992.

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Responsible for Advertising, Colin A. Kennard. Prunter: Hürriyet International GmbH. Admiral-Rosendahl-Strasse 3a, e32n3 Neu-Isenburg ISSN 0174-7363. Responsible Editor: Richard Lambert, do The Financial Times Limited, Number One Southwark Bralge, London SEI 9HL. FRANCE:

Southwark Bradge, London SEI 9HL.
PRANCE:
Publishing Director: P. Maravagin, 42 Rue
La Bretie, 75008 PARIS, Telephone (01)
5376-5234, Fax (01) 5376-5253, Printer:
S.A. Nord Eckur, 15721 Rue de Caire,
F-99100 Routraix Cedex I. Editor: Rechard
Lambert, ISSN 1148-2753, Commission
Paritaire No 67808D

SWEDEN:
Responsible Publisher Hugh Carney 468
h18 6088, Printer AB Kvällstidningen
Espressen, PO Box 6007, 5-550 06,
Jönköpung,
8 The Financial Times Limited 1996,
Editor Richard Lambert

Editor Richard Lambert, chi The Financial Times Limited, Number One Sombwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL

blocked by parliament.

ment yesterday.

Under the terms of the mem-

over

By David Buchan in Paris

The Bank of France yesterday sent out what it called "a message of confidence" in the government's current economic reforms and in the basic health of the economy over the medium term. It backed it up with a further interest rate cut.

The central bank lowered two key interest rates by a reduction of public deficits, quarter point to bring the intervention base rate to 4.2 per cent and the "repurchase" rate to 5.6 per cent. It was its first rate cut since the end of last month's public sector In setting out the central

bank's targets for 1996, Mr deficit drift, Mr Trichet Jean-Claude Trichet, the governor, forecast the economy could grow by 2.5-3 per cent "over the medium term", and that there was "potential for a rebound in 1996".

Edouard Balladur about the

dangers of letting the budget

He acknowledged the slowyears ago was made independown in recent months, but dent of the government in the said confidence was justified setting of monetary policy, said that it aimed to contain inflabecause of "the pursuit of the tion to no more than 2 per cent structural reforms, the solidity and to let the monetary aggreof the franc and progress gates rise by 5 per cent to towards monetary union". allow for growth. In contrast to last year, when the governor warned the

On the latest figures, the monetary aggregates rose last then government of Mr year by no more than 3.9 per cent, while inflation was well

appeared to give Mr Alain

Juppé, the prime minister,

high marks for trying to push

through unpopular welfare

The central bank, which two

reforms and budget cuts.

Trichet yesterday, several National Assembly deputies said that they thought France was running the risk of an actual deflation of prices and activity and that more should be done to boost growth.

Mr Trichet claimed the economy had "important reserves of power" on which it could draw in the form of a high average savings rate by house-holds, the fact that companies had on average more than enough cash to finance new investment on their own, and the country's trade and current

account surplus.

Mr Trichet said the Bank of

France's nine-member mone tary policy council, which he chairs, believed that "the growth in confidence in the economy, notably over the medium term" should improve the climate for investment by companies and reduce the precautionary tendency of consumers to save rather than

Meanwhile, the Insee statis ties agency confirmed its earlier estimate that growth in the third quarter of last year had slowed to 0.2 per cent, after the same level of expansion in the second quarter and 0.7 per cent growth in the first three

Nine die in Lübeck hostel

By Judy Dempsey in Berlin

blaze

Nine asylum seekers, including three children, died and 35 people were seriously injured yesterday when a fire swept through a hostel for foreigners in the northern

German city of Lübeck. Mr Michael Böckenhauer, the city's public prosecutor, said the fire started simultaneously in several places, indicating arson. If arson is confirmed, it will be the worst attack on foreigners in Ger-

many's post-war history. Police would not confirm if the fire was arson but they detained three young men who were seen getting into a car near the hostel 10 minutes after the fire started.

The hostel had provided a refuge for asylum seekers from Syria, Lebanon, Zaire and Togo, as well as ethnic Germans from Russia and other CIS states. Many had tried to jump from the upper floors as the fire spread rapidly through the building. It was still smouldering by lunchtime yesterday.

Inhabitants of Lübeck were stunned by the incident. "If this is arson, there's no end to it," a shopkeeper said. "People have tried to burn the synogogue twice over the past two years." The firebombings of the synagogue were the first

since the Nazi era. Officials from Germany's Commission for Foreigners, a government-backed department which monitors attacks on them, and has sought ways to speed integration of Germany's 6m foreigners, said it feared the worst. "We don't want to comment yet. We don't know if extremists killed

these people," one said. Right-wing extremists have killed 15 foreigners since 1991. The worst case was a 1993 firebombing in the west German town of Solingen; five Turkish women and children died.

Greek party puts its faith in moderniser

Kerin Hope profiles the man set to take over from Papandreou

n a country of colourful politicians, Mr Costas Simi-tis, Greece's prime minister-elect, stands out by being

ordinary. After resigning last September as industry minister over a botched attempt to privatiss the country's largest shipyard, he went back to his second career, teaching law at the Panteios university in Athens. There, he produced the latest m a series of books on modernising Greece.

His moderate views, and a track record of smoothing Greece's often stormy relations with Brussels in the 1980s, were instrumental in Mr Simitis's emergence as the leader of the pro-European faction of the governing Panhellenic Socialist Movement (Pasok).

Nonetheless, his political pedigree has the stamp of Pasok's radical origins.

In an effort to shed his "dull and boring" image before yesterday's parliamentary vote, Mr Simitis reminded an interviewer of his membership of a leftwing group which staged bomb attacks around Athens during the colonels' dictatorship in the early 1970s.

After months in hiding, he fled to Germany, where he became prominent in the Panhellenic Liberation Movement. the forerunner of Pasok, while teaching at Konstanz univer-

Mr Simitis's background in what the Socialists called Greece's "national liberation struggle" against the junta will be an asset in the next few months as he tries to assert control over Pasok.

He will be a political hostage to the party until he is elected its leader in succession to Mr Andreas Papandreou at a special congress, due to be held in

June. Mr Simitis will need help from Mr Akis Tsochatzopoulos, runner-up in yesterday's vote, to rebuild bridges with influen-tial Pasok members loyal to Mr Papandreou. The loyalists are still angry with Mr Simitls over his cam-

paign last year, with other prominent party rebels, to force the ailing prime minister into retirement

When Pasok first came to power in 1981, Mr Simitis earned a reputation as a troubleshooter by renegotiating Greece's relationship with

Mr Papandreou had threatened to take Greece out of what was then the European Community, but allowed Mr Simitis to shore up relations after it became clear that continued membership would bring cash benefits equivalent to around 2 per cent of gross domestic product yearly.

Mr Simitis later took over as economy minister to supervise an economy stabilisation programme agreed with Brussels in return for an emergency balance of payments loan. His reputation soared after

he resigned his portfolio in 1986 in protest at Mr Papandreou's insistence on giving public sector workers an extra pay rise, which he said would rule out any chance of meeting the 1987 inflation target.

The economy will again be Mr Simitis's priority, in particular pushing through struc-tural reforms without which last year's progress on reduc-ing inflation and the public sector deficit will be quickly undermined.

Privatisation, which was Mr Simitis's weak point during his time at the industry ministry, must be speeded up, together with reforms of the public



Mr Costas Simitis: A man of moderate views but with roots in

administration, which is having difficulty in drawing down the large amounts of EU aid being made available to help poorer member states catch up with their richer partners.

Mr Simitis underlined some

of Greece's problems in his speech yesterday to deputies: "Sadly, we lag behind in education, research, technology, in public administration, in strategic planning. Moreover, the civil service is incapable of putting policy into practice."

As industry minister, he proved unexpectedly reluctant about privatisation, delaying the flotation of Greece's oil refining and petroleum prod-ucts group, and refusing to back a public offering of a 25 per cent stake in OTE, the state telecoms organisation. Mr Simitis's close ties with

nublic sector unions controlled by Pasok which opposed privatisation are blamed for his procrastination. But union support was cru-

cial to building his candidacy to replace Mr Papandreou. Resistance to partial privatisation of state corporations is

fading as Pasok tries to cultivate the role of the small shareholders. The scale of planned flotations has been cut back - only 10 per cent of OTE will be offered for sale through the Athens stock exchange later this year - and shares will be offered at a discount to thousands of employees and

But, given the scale of Greece's economic and administrative problems, there will be no margin for Mr Simitis to give way to indecisiveness, the most frequent criticism levelled against him by political colleagues and Greek business men. One colleague said: Unlike Mr Papandreou, the new prime minister will work through consensus. That means the rest of the cabinet must wake up and start pulling

EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

Belarus warns over weapons

Mr Alexander Lukashenko, the maverick president of Belarus, yesterday warned he would allow nuclear weapons to be stationed in his republic again if eastern European countries are admitted to the Nato military alliance.

"I am afraid we will have to redeploy in Belants the nuclear weapons that were withdrawn from it" if Nato extends membership to eastern Europe, Mr Lukashenko said. Redeployment of nuclear warheads in Belarus, which shipped the nuclear missiles on its territory to Russia after the collapse of the Soviet Union, would cause concern throughout the west and could derail the nuclear disarmament process which began in the 1980s. Mr Lukashenko, who has a reputation for making outrageous political claims, is a strong advocate of re-uniting his Slavic state with Russia and is a political ally of the anti-western hard-line faction in Moscow, some of whom advocate reunion between the two

Hungary acts to reduce debts

Chrystia Fredand, Moscow

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The Hungarian government yesterday decided to use Ft92hn (\$672m) of last year's surplus privatisation revenues to pay of part of the country's crippling state debt. The move is a blow to trade unions and the left-wing of

the ruling Socialist party, which had lobbied hard for extra financing for development and infrastructure

Mr Lajos Bokros, finance minister, who masterminded last year's successful austerity package, and the central bank insisted the funds be used to reduce the national debt, which imposes a heavy interest burden on the budget.

Before yesterday's decision, Ft250bn of last year's record Ft460bn privatisation revenues had already been allocated to the 1995 and 1996 state budgets. The balance is to be used to cover expenses and debts of APV Rt, the privatisation

Mr Harold A Whelehan SC

On November 21 1994, we commented editorially on the fall of the Irish Government, led by Mr Albert Reynolds. This event followed a seven-month delay of the extradition process from the Republic of the paedophile priest, Brendan Smyth.

The delay in extradition took place in the office of the Attorney General, then Mr Harold Whelehan. The Financial Times has studied the evidence of Mr Whelehan and officials of his department which was given, subsequent to our publication, to a parliamentary committee of inquiry in Dublin. We are happy on that basis to accept that Mr Whelehan had no personal knowledge of the case in question, which was dealt with by an official of his department, and was never drawn to his attention.

Alitalia negotiations break down

Talks between Alitalia and unions on restructuring Italy's state-owned airline have broken down amid mutual recrimination. But pilots came in for the most blame in holding out for pay increases negotiated secretly last summer and subsequently rejected by new Alitalia management.

The impasse means that the government will almost certainly have to intervene, but little can be done until a new government is formed.

Yesterday Mr Michele Tedeschi, head of Iri, the state holding that owns Alitalia, warned it was impossible to relaunch the troubled national carrier with fresh capital without a truce on the labour front. Alitalia, which lost L197bn (\$125m) in the first half of 1996,

has debts of L3,558bn and is reckoned to need a capital injection of L1,500bn. Debt-ridden Iri would be hard-pre provide this, while direct state aid risks falling foul of EU

De Beers talks with Russia fail

The Russian government and De Beers agreed this week to extend their diamond-selling agreement until March 1, but have not yet reached a new long-term deal regulating their

In 1990, Moscow and De Beers signed a five-year pact giving De Beers the exclusive right to purchase 95 per cent of the rough diamonds exported by Russia. But that agreement expired last month and, despite several rounds of negotiations, Russia and De Beers have failed to agree on a new

According to the Russian news agency Interfax, additional talks are due to be held over the next few weeks. If De Beers, which controls more than 80 per cent of the world market in rough diamonds, fails to reach an agreement with Russia the shape of the global diamond industry would Chrystia Freeland, Moscou

Azerbaijan agrees oil transit

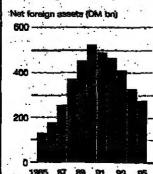
Russia and Azerbaijan yesterday signed a long-awaited oil transit agreement, viewed as an essential step for developing the massive oil resources lying under the Caspian Sea. The delay in signing the agreement, which had been finalised last autumn, was causing concern among members of an international consortium which is exploiting the Casplan Sea oilfields. The signatories blamed the delay purely on 'technical problems".

The Azeri government has guaranteed that at least 5m tonnes of oil a year will flow through the Russian pipeline system by the year 2002 for export on to world markets. The oil will flow through an existing pipeline infrastructure, which runs from the Azeri capital of Baku through the troubled region of Chechnya to the Russian Black Sea port of Mr Valery Chernayev, the president of Transneft, the

Russian pipeline operator, said this route was the best option. But concerns about the political instability in Chechnya have ensured other outlets are being developed for Caspian oil, via Georgia and Turkey. John Thornhill, Moscow ECONOMIC WATCH

Germany

German foreign assets fall



in recent years to DM248bn (\$169bn) in mid-1995 as a result of current account deficits and the rising D-Mark, the Bundesbank said. This compared with DM498bn at the end of 1991. Germany has the world's second largest net foreign asset total after Japan's \$639bu at end-1994. while the US had net liabilities of \$681bn, reflecting its high current account end-less deficits. The Bundesbank said

Germany's net foreign assets

- held by companies, banks, individuals and the public

sector – have fallen sharply

DM122bn (60 per cent) of the fall in Germany's net external asset figure since 1991 was caused by current account deficits. The rest was due to valuation changes over the last year-and-a-half through the

after 1991, one reason being the introduction of a withholding tax in 1993 that led domestic investors to send funds abroad. This was offset by gross liabilities of DM2,017bn, up by DM773bn over the period. The fact that nearly 80 per cent of these were in D-Marks showed foreign investors' confidence in the German economy, the bank said. Andrew Fisher, Frankfurt

France's suburb of shame urges jobs plan

R ows of high-rise blocks dominate the skyline south and east of Lyons, signalling the presence of one of the more troubled suburbs to be targeted in the French government's latest urban initiative.

Minguettes, part of the municipality of Venissieux. came to national prominence as a synonym for disaffection during the "hot summers" of 1981 and 1983 when it was the scene of violent rioting.

The incidence of crime is

elsewhere mean that its work share will rise from 33 per cent high, as are other social probto 38 per cent, which is worth iems such as drug abuse and an extra £1bn to British induseducational failure. Nearly a try. If Britain eventually quarter of the population are decides to replace its Harrier GR7 attack aircraft with Euroclassified as immigrants, more than one third are under 19, fighters, it could order up to 70 and more than 22 per cent live in households numbering more

THE FINANCIAL TIMES
Published by The Financial Times (Europe)
GmbH. Nibelungsuplatz 3, 60318 Frankturt am Mam. Germany. Telephone ++49
69 156 850, Fax ++49 60 896 4481 Represented in Frankfurt by J Walter Brand,
Wilhelm J. Brüssel, Colin A. Kennard is
Geschäftsführer und in London by David
C.M. Bell. Chairman, and Alan C. Miller,
Deputiv Chairman, Sharcholder of the
Financial Times (Europe) GmbH are The
Financial Times (Europe) Ltd. London and
F.T. (Germany Acheritsing) Ltd. London.
Shateholder of the above mentioned two
companies in: The Financial Times Limited,
Number One Southwark Bridge, London
SEI 9HL.
GERMANY: munity's problems gave a muted response to the govern-

Andrew Jack reports on a high-rise ghetto where urban renewal initiatives have come and gone

ment's FF15bn (\$1bn) urban regeneration scheme. Community workers were sceptical about whether the range of measures announced by Mr Alain Juppe, the prime minis-ter, in Marseilles, were sub-stantial enough to improve the outlook for young people, and wanred that if they did not, the level of frustration would

Mr Andre Gerin, the Communist mayor of Vénisseux, who has seen innumerable urban policy initiatives in the past, gave the package a cautions welcome but feared it would be far too limited to have much effect. "It is the mountain that Yesterday, those most gave birth to a mouse," he closely involved with the comin the package - some of it in tax forgone rather than in new

money - to the FFr50bn spent on rescuing Crédit Lyonnais, the bank.

opportunities are for local people are clear in Minguettes. There are few businesses, and many shops and other facilities have closed. The concrete tower blocks in which most of Minguettes'

35,000 people live are showing their age - 62 were built in the rapid expansion of the late 1960s and early 1970s, of which town demolished 10 which had been derelict for a decade, the worst examples of poor con-struction and subsequent Many of those working in the community have little

doubt about the main problem.

condition for success is jobs," says Mr Claude Poltier, head of The signs of how limited a local training association for school drop-outs. Employment is most important."

Even official figures put the

local unemployment rate at 22 per cent, nearly twice the national average. Mr Gerin says youth unemployment is nearer 40 per cent. "People here feel a sense of emptiness about the future," he says. "They have the feeling of being Mr Gerin won re-election in

the municipal race last summer, maintaining uninter-rupted control of the town hall by the Communist party since

But there was also a sharp

rise in support for the extreme right National Front, prompting Mr Gerin to commission a study on the reasons. Disillusionment was top. It is "It's true you can strengthen something he says he is trying to address through involving

local residents more in decision-making. But he too high-lights jobs as central to the recovery of the area - a national priority he sees as largely outside his control. In the absence of much economic hope, and often rejected by mainstream French society,

many younger people with Arab origins have turned to militant Islam as one structure that offers them some support.
It was in the neighbouring

district of Vaulx-en-Velin that Khaled Kelkal lived, the 24year-old who was suspected of involvement in the terrorist network responsible for nine bombings in France last year and who was shot dead by gen-

Polish leader says spy row may force poll

By Lionel Barber and Anthony Robinson in Brussels

Polish voters could face the dissolution

of parliament and early general elections if the political crisis over prime minister Jozef Oleksy's alleged links with the KGB is not resolved, President Alexander Kwasniewski warned yesterday.

Speaking after two days of talks with senior Nato and European Union offi-cials. Mr Kwasniewski underlined Poland's commitment to democracy and its hope that talks on entry to the European Union could be completed by the turn of the century.

Mr Kwasniewski said he hoped the the specific allegations facing Mr Oleksy would be cleared up before the end of the month by the special parliathe evidence. He played down the significance of Mr Oleksy's admitted contacts and friendship with a KGB agent. "It's crazy to complain of meetings

between politicians and diplomats. That's part of their job. I've met a lot of diplomats from many countries in public life. I'm sure a lot of them were spies. But I never asked whether they were CIA, KGB, Mossad or the Belgian secret service. That was a risk I took." he added. Mr Kwasniewski also sought to minimise the significance of the latest Polish press reports of clandestine KGB funding for the Polish Social Democratic party, the re-born former communist party led by Mr Kwasniewski

"In a democracy with a free press it is easy to make such allegations but more difficult to establish the truth," he said. "The important thing is to resolve such

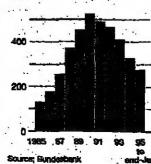
questions openly and through legal channels," he added. The same principle applied to the

party manoeuvres aimed at forming an alternative coalition. "The present government has a strong majority in parliament. If somebody wants to change this, the democratic way is to call new elections. I am not in favour of this. We should be tackling real problems, like reform of the social security system. But, if necessary, we should go ahead and not waste time," he said.

Mr Kwasniewski's decision to press on with his post-election swing through the capitals of western Europe despite the domestic crisis reflects the priorities of his presidency - ensuring the quickest possible entry to European institutions. Poland recognises Nato as "the core of a new European security architecture" and wants to join alongside countries such as Hungary and the Czech Republic so as to be fully

involved in drawing it up, he said. He also underlined the importance of keeping Russia involved and informed. "While Nato enlargement is necessary, it must be done with Russia in mind and not against Russia." Both Nato and the former Warsaw pact countries still had many people who thought in the old confrontational stereotypes of cold war days. "So Nato also needs reform and the first sign of qualitative change would come with the entry of the first former Warsaw pact state," he added.

In March he goes to Moscow to explain Poland's attitude to Nato enlargement to Mr Boris Yeltsin, the Russian president, whose recent reappointment of hardliners from the former regime has reinforced nervousness



D-Mark's, mainly against the dollar.

The gross foreign asset total rose by DM564m to DM2,301bn

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leticimese reg colony before returned to t line, and works last Novembe names had been The number refurming to sharply Lea because of legis by two US cor

Chris Smith at the door for se

Hopes for deal on German jobs

German engineering employers and the IG Metall trade union appeared yesterday to be edging towards a compromise over union demands that industry take on up to 330,000 extra workers in exchange for workers agreeing to wage restraint. Negotiations between IG Metall and Gesamtmetall, the federation of German engineering employers, remain well

short of a breakthrough. But both sides signalled for the first time yesterday that they were ready to make significant concessions to reach a deal over the "an alliance for most wide-ranging job initiaman trade union

Yesterday's interim agreement is an important development ahead of next week's talks-in Bonn between the union and employers' federations and Chancellor Helmut

The atmosphere yesterday contrasted sharply with the first meeting, held near Frank-furt last week, when both sides walked out refusing to compromise on virtually anything Mr Klaus Zwickel, president of IG Metall, said yesterday's meeting had "closed some of

IG Metall is proposing that

the gaps, although we are still

not agreed on the key issue of

in deciding how many new jobs are to be created. Gesamtmetall remained scen-

tical yesterday on whether all overtime could be converted into jobs, although it appeared to be softening its position over whether its members should eventually accept binding rules to cut overtime and hire more workers - previously, it had insisted that overtime cuts should be voluntary. return, IG Metall said it would agree to several provisions for improved labour market flexibility. Specifically it agreed to a special low wage band for hiring the long-term

unemployed.

The union also appears to

should be the principal factor demands to extend the maximum duration of fixed-term work contracts from 18 months to two years, and to allow such contracts to be renewed. Gesamtmetall also gained union acceptance of proposed measures to allow companies to use their workforce more

flexibly throughout the week.

position on the overtime issue

Gesamimetall has shifted its

since the start of the year, when it said cuts in overtime would not help create jobs. Later it offered to restrict overtime to 16 hours a month. Yesterday, Mr Hans Joachim Gottschol, president of Gesamtmetall, said he would offer a

compromise of "somewhere

between 16 and zern". He said

tions over the figure, but appeared less concerned over whether an eventual agreement should be obligatory. The second point of disagree

ment is a demand by Gesamtmetall to allow individual companies to reach temporary plant level agreement with workers for lower pay in exchange for job guarantees. IG Metall fears that such a provision would open up the possibility of abuse.

Gesamtmetall said it now needed to consult its members before agreeing to another round of talks. Once a compro-mise is reached the two sides will appoint an independent expert group which will work

book on withdrawn The family of former French

Doctor's

President François Mitterrand yesterday succeeded in its efforts to have a book published by one of his long-serv-

ing doctors withdrawn from

A Paris court ruled that Dr Claude Gubler and published by Plon, should be removed from booksbelves the day after it went on sale. The book alleged that Mr Mitterrand had been diagnosed with prostate cancer from 1981, at the start of his 14-year presidential term, and that therefore all the regular

that time had been false. At least equally controver-sially, Dr Gubler, who was one of Mr Mitterrand's doctors that Mr Mitterrand was so obsessed with his illness from November 1994 that he was no longer in a position to govern

health bulletins issued since

the country.
Mr Mitterrand's family argued that his book represented "a particularly serious intrusion" into the details of his private life.

Separately, Dr Gubler was interviewed during the after-noon by the judicial police in connection with a preliminary inquiry opened by the Paris public prosecutor into breach of professional secrecy. Despite the action of the

court, which imposed a fine of FFr1,000 (\$202) against each future sale of the book, preliminary figures suggested that sales of his book had already reached 40,000 ahead of the

Dr Gubler's revelations have divided the country, with some annoyed by Mr Mitterrand's apparent deceit, while a substantial body of opinion criticises Dr Gubler for breaking medical secrets and disgracing his profession.

The family of Mr Mitterrand has also objected to the publi-cation in the magazine Paris Match earlier this week of two photographs of the late presi-dent on his deathbed last

Ministers may Mitterrand go to back of the pay queue

The Russian leadership. struggling to respond to Communist charges that it has impoverished ordinary people while enriching a small elite, may introduce a decree holding back the salaries of cabinet ministers until all other government employees have received their wages.

The populist proposal is part of the public campaign the Kremlin launched this week in an apparent attempt to distance itself from last year's austerity programme and increase its popularity ahead of June presidential elections.

The economic policy shift has already taken one prominent victim, Mr Anatoly Chubais, the economic reformer who was sacked from his post as deputy prime minister this week, and many analysts view the moves as a sign that President Boris Yeltsin plans to run for re-election.

Mr Victor Chernomyrdin, prime minister, said yesterday that a draft presidential decree had been prepared which would put cabinet ministers at the back of a queue of millions of state employees on pay day. Over the past year Moscow's tough inflation-fighting economic programme has brought delays of several months in the payment of wages to school eachers, doctors, soldiers and

blue-collar workers. This helped propel the Communists into first place in December parliamentary elections and this week Mr Yeltsin told the government to "take urgent measures" to ensure all wages and pensions were paid on time.

Western financial institutions and investors are concerned about the apparent shift in economic priorities, fearing it could trigger a massive increase in public spending which would bring high inflation and weaken the rouble. But Communist leaders have welcomed the trend, saying that Mr Yeltsin is adopting

ASIA-PACIFIC NEWS DIGEST

their economic agenda.

in northern Pakistan.

if India signed up at the same time.



Chernomyrdin: pay queue

We see that the government and the president are implementing our policies," said Mr Gennady Selezniev, a senior Communist politician who was elected speaker of the parliament this week. "They [current Russian leaders) say they are not listening to us, but, in actual practice, they are.' In particular. Mr Seleznies congratulated the Kremlin for

sacking Mr Chubais, whom he described as "the most odious figure" in the government, and supported the president's new emphasis on social welfare But the real test of how

sharply Mr Yeltsin plans to alter his economic course will be his choice of a successor for Mr Chubais.

Mr Alexander Livshits, the president's senior economic adviser, is said to be the front-runner for the job. But some Russian observers yester-day speculated that Mr Vladimir Kadannikov, the director of the Avtovaz car company. which produces Ladas, was also being considered.

Mr Kadannikov represents the manufacturing sector, hit hard by the government's belttightening measures. He is a long-standing rival of Mr Chernomyrdin and his appointment would be seen as a blow to the moderate Chernomyrdin faction in the government.

Tension rises ahead of Bosnia pull-out

overtime

in Serb Serajevo

Military forces from all sides in the Bosman conflict are due to complete their withdrawal behind agreed lines by the end of today, the first crucial date in the Dayton Agreement's military annex.

But tension remains high in Serb suburbs of the Bosnian capital, Sarajevo, which is due to be reunited under the Moslem-Croat federation, According to the Dayton agreement. the mainly Moslem forces of the Bosnian government could enter the Serb suburbs at the end of March.

Mr Momeilo Krajisnik, speaker of the Bosnian Serb assembly, said he feared an exodus of almost all residents from the Serb-held suburbs. He described the city as "a barrel of gunpowder".

The military commander in the Serb suburb Grbavica, Captain Vukotar Lekovic, promised to co-operate with the French Ifor troops who will provide a transitional "security

But he could give no assurances about what would happen when Moslem police and soldiers arrived. Weapons under his command were being

Computers containing sensitive testimony on alleged hum rights violations in Croatiz have been stolen from the United Natious compound in Zagreb. UN officials said yesterday, Reuter reports from Zagreb. Mr Philip Arnold, information director at the sprawling UN Peace Forces headquarters in Zagreb, said the theft was a routine burglary aimed at stealing the equipment and not the data, which was believed to be also stored elsewhere He said officials were still trying to determine exactly what information had been on computer discs when the equipment was stolen at the weekend. UN officials say about 90 per cent of the material was backed up on discs and initials rather than full

handed over to the Bosnian
Serb police.

By nightfall, the mountain

Moslem occupants when the
Serbs attacked in July.

"If I stay here when the Mosroad leading from the Serb suburbs of Ilidza and Grbavica was jammed with cars and trucks. Factories, offices and homes are being stripped of everything as the deadline for

In one apartment block in Grbavica, all but two flats have been emptied. A soldier, Alexander Indic, was loading the last of his bathroom fittings into an army truck. Some residents have paid as much as DM1,500 (\$1,040) to hire a vehicle to take their belongings, many times what most families would earn in a year. Mr Indiic said he was mov-

names were used in the testimony.

the handover nears.

ing into a house in the former government-held enclave of Srebrenica abandoned by its

lems come, I will be finished The people are scared. Many died for this land, many children. Now we have to leave without firing a bullet, leaving even our cemeteries Brigadier Andrew Cumming Ifor's senior spokesman, talked

> potential problem for the peace implementation force. Ifor commanders have appealed to the Serbs to stay in their homes. But they say they cannot interfere with the lawful free movement of civilians, one of the rights set out in Dayton, but will try to protect property in the Serb suburbs while the owners are away.

of his "sadness" at what was

happening in Sarajevo. The Bosnian capital remained a big

Finnish finance minister decides to step down

Mr liro Viinanen, Finland's finance minister, said yesterday he was stepping down after five years dominated by tough austerity programmes. He has been asked to take over as chief executive of Pohjola, one of Finland's top insurance

Mr Sauli Niinisto, a fellow conservative and the present justice minister, is strongly tipped to take Mr Viinanen's place, underlining the fiveparty coalition government's continued commitment to fis-

Mr Viinanen, 51, came to symbolise Finland's battle to clean up its finances after it was hit by an unprecedented slump that wiped 15 per cent off gross domestic product between 1990 and 1993. Since taking over as finance minister in 1991, he has implemented or set in train a

FM50bu (\$11.4bn) programme

of spending cuts, around 10 per cent of GDP. His association with the programme meant he retained his post when a Social Democratic-led government succeeded the

previous centre-right coalition last year. The measures won the confidence of financial markets, bringing a sharp upturn in the markka and a big drop in bond yields over the last two years. They were also recognised by Euromoney magazine, which made him its finance minister of the year in

But Mr Vilnanen's critics argued that Finland paid too high a price for the austerity drive as unemployment was forced up from 3 per cent of the workforce to 20 per cent in just three years. Despite a surge in economic growth in 1994 and 1995, it remains at 17 per cent. Mr Viinanen indicated he

was anxious to step down last autumn, partly to give his successor plenty of time to settle into the job before Finland's next general elections in 1999. At that stage, it seemed he had en persuaded to stay on by Mr Paavo Lipponen, the prime Mr Vilnanen made it clear

yesterday that he was not leaving office because of any disagreements with government policy. A final decision on his appointment at Pohjola will be taken next week.

NEWS: ASIA-PACIFIC

Japan bailout plan hits further setback

The Japanese government's plan to spend Y685bn (\$6.7bn) on a ballout of collapsed housing loan companies received a further political setback vesterday when it was reported a number of former senior finance ministry officials had taken lucrative jobs with the companies at the height

of their lending excesses.

The Asahi Shimbun newspaper said 12 finance ministry officials had

seven mortgage lenders when they had retired from the ministry in the late 1980s. At that time, the housing lenders were beginning a wave of speculative property-related lending that faltered when land prices fell in

the early 1990s. The disclosure will increase pressure on the government to modify its unpopular bailout package. The plan has to be approved by parliament in what promises to be a stormy session beginning next week. Opposition par-ties have pledged to attack the plan; some ruling coalition members are understood to have reservations

Mr Ryutaro Hashimoto, the prime minister, has promised the price of approval of the ballout will be a full inquiry and strict allocation of blame among those held responsible. The news the companies were led by senior ex-bureaucrats will strengthen calls to overhaul the finance minis-

try's role in financial regulation.

The newspaper also disclosed new details about the links that have tied the housing lenders to Japan's leading financial institutions. Japan's largest banks founded the companies in the 1970s and many ex-bank offigials still occupy senior roles. In all, 73 of the most senior 78 executives at the companies are former officials of the finance ministry, banks, stockbrokers or life assurers.

try belatedly clamped down on property leading by banks. However, public mistrust of financial institutions and regulators in Japan remains They are all widely blamed for

creating the country's present financial crisis, of which the housing loan problem is merely the most pressing manifestation. Opinion polls show two-thirds of

The number of bureaucrais-turnedhina seeks to woo Jardine back to Hong Kong

By Louise Lucas in Hong Kong

Mr Lu Ping, China's top official on Hong Kong affairs, yester-day issued an indirect invitation to the Jardine group, which delisted its shares from the Hong Kong stock exchange at the end of 1994, to return to the territory.

In an effort to demonstrate China's commitment to freedom of movement in Hong Kong, he said: "Our policy wel-

dine's, returning to Hong Kong. If Jardine's finds Singa-pore is not as good as Hong Kong, we welcome the company to return to the terri-

It is harely three years since attacks from Beijing were urging Jardine to gui xi, a double entendre on "go west" which also means "go to hell". Mr Lu's remarks, made to a delegation of Hong Kong bush-

ness chiefs, follow rumours in the market suggesting Jardine

bourse. However this specula-tion, which has helped chase

Lu's comments were merely made in conversation. Hong Kong remained the key focus up the price of stocks within

of Jardine business, account-Three years ago China was urging

the company to leave the colony the group in recent weeks, has

ing, together with China, for some 50-60 per cent of group been denied by the company, at least for the near term. profits. However, he reiterated Mr Neil McNamara, group the group's longer-term hopes corporate secretary, said Mr to see Jardine stock again

Mr Lu, like most of his peers in the upper echelons of China's Communist party, is not given to loose talk; nor is it likely he is courting the company perceived by China to symbolise the evils of imperialism. Five of the companies in the Jardine stable quit the Hong Kong stock exchange after failing to win regulatory exemption from the colony's takeover code, in what many

traded in Hong Kong or Shang- saw as a lack of trust in Hong Kong's new masters. Mr Lu tried to assuage Hong

Kong citizens' fears that the post-colonial government would simply be a puppet administration of Beijing. Peo ple who believed there would be a "party secretary" alongside the legislature, judiclary and chief executive, as the governor's successor will be called, clearly misunderstood policy for the territory, he said.

Addressing a lunch with Japanese businessmen yesterday.

Japan increases

Pakistan loans

The Japanese government yesterday announced a sharp

brings to Y49.8bn Japan's outstanding official loans to Pakistan. Ms Bhutto, the first foreign leader to visit Janan

increase in official lending to Pakistan. The Japanese foreign

ministry announced yesterday during a visit to Tokyo by Pakistani prime minister Benazir Bhutto that it had allocated

an extra Y20bn (\$190m) to finance a hydro-electric power plant

The 30-year untied loan with an interest rate of 2.3 per cent

rakistani wa minitu, the instruction reads to varie under since its change of government last week, came under pressure from Mr Yukihiko Ikeda, the new foreign minister, to join the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty. In reply, she reiterated Pakistan's position that it would join the treaty only

Ms Bhutto, on a mission to improve bilateral ties, is today to

open a conference on investment in Pakistan, to be attended by business leaders from both countries. she called for greater co-operation in computer software between the two countries.

Australian trade deficit may rise

Merchandise imports into Australia rose 4.6 per cent to A\$6.59bn (£3.18bn) in December, leading to fears that the monthly current account deficit could head back towards A\$2bn when export figures are released in a few weeks. The rise in imports was larger than most analysts had forecast: some had been predicting a decline. Yesterday's data was generally interpreted as further evidence the Australian economy did not slow sharply in the fourth quarter of 1985, as once feared. A poor December current account outcome would also be further reason for the Reserve Bank to hold off on any interest rate cut before the federal election, due in the first

Taiwan telecoms draw investors

Domestic and foreign companies are positioning themselves to enter Taiwan's fast-growing telecoms market following parliamentary approval this week to liberalise it. Some of Taiwan's biggest business groups, including the foods concern President Enterprises, Pacific Wire and Cable, the diversified Rebar group, Northern Telecom of Canada, Hong Kong Telecom and Sweden's Ericsson are seeking a role. This is despite a last-minute decision to lower the maximum foreign stake in certain domestic telecom ventures to 20 per cent from one-third. The ceiling applies to international and domestic phone services, and the China Telecommunications Corp., to be spun off from the state telecoms agency. Foreign companies expressed disappointment at the change but remain

Indian resignations approved

Indian president Shanker Dayal Sharma has accepted the. resignations of three cabinet ministers, clearing the way for the government's Central Bureau of Investigation to prosecute them in a \$18m bribery and money-laundering scandal which broke on Tuesday, only months before a general election.

Mr Madhavrao Scindia, the human resource development minister, Mr Balram Jakhar, the agriculture minister and Mr Vidya Charan Shukla, the parliamentary affairs minister. reluctantly submitted their resignations after Mr Narasimha Rao, the prime minister, hinted that they would not be protected. All three ministers claim they Shiraz Sidhva, New Delhi

Hanoi ready to step up reabsorption of refugees

By Peter Montagnon and Jeremy Grant in Hanoi

Vietnam has cleared the names of a further 9,000 boat people for repatriation from Hong Kong over the past couple of months, as an indication it may be preparing to respond to international pressure to step up reabsorbing the 37,000 refugees in camps around Asia. The clearances will be wel-comed by British officials, who

are under pressure from Beijing to repatriate all the 21,000 Vietnamese remaining in the colony before Hong Kong is returned to Chinese rule in 1997, aid workers said. Before last November only 2,000 names had been cleared. The numbers of refugees

returning to Vietnam fell sharply last year, largely because of legislative proposals by two US congressmen, Mr Chris Smith and Mr Ben Gilman, which might have opened the door for settlement in the

US. But aid workers say the attention generated by the US proposals masked a slow response to the problem by

In all, only 3,188 Vietnamese returned home from Hong

Hanoi would prefer not to deal with China over the boat people in Hong Kong after 1997

Kong last year. This is well below the level required to complete the process by 1997. prompting worries that tension in the run-up to the handover would be worsened by Sino-British arguments about the bost people, as well as a possi-ble widely publicised rise in forced repatriation.

Among new factors are Vietnam's membership of the Association of South Bast Asian Nations, which has brought pressure from Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia and the Philippines to take back refugees in their countries.

Vietnam would prefer to avoid having to deal with China on any refugees remaining in Hong Kong after 1997. Pressure is likely to-increase after last weekend's meeting in Bangkok of countries involved

in the UN-sponsored Compre-

hensive Plan of Action on refu-

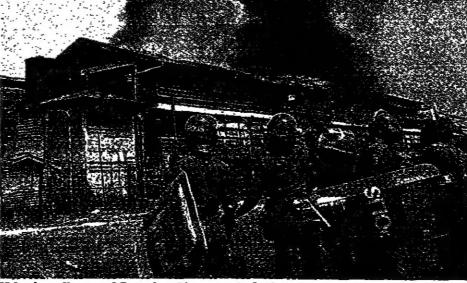
Some aid workers believe

But participants say the levels of repatriation may still depend on the degree to which refugees abandon hope of US settlement opportunities. As an alternative to the Smith/Gilman plan, the Clin-ton administration has pro-

posed a scheme which would

involve resettlement screening

of refugees by the US but only



Malaysian police opened fire and used teargas yesterday to quell a new riot at a camp holding Victuamese boat people. Seventeen inmates were injured. Some of the 4,300 inmates torched their huis and hurled bombs at police after they tried to search the camp.

after they first travel to Vietnam. The idea has met with little enthusiasm from the

ment is carrying out a policy of receiving the returnees without any discrimination." authorities in Hanol. "The US proposal is the US's Mr Lap declined to discuss business," said Mr Dinh The the US proposal in detail, but

Lap, director of the refugee aid workers say Vietnam does not want US officials office at the ministry of labour.

"The Vietnamese governadministering the scheme Inside Vietnam. It is concerned that the eligibility criteria should remain rather vague and feels it would be unfair on those who have already returned and been re-

Breakthrough in nuclear test ban talks

A landmark comprehensive nuclear test han treaty can be agreed by the summer, disarmament negotiators said yes-

Mr Ludwik Dembinski of Poland, chairman of the CTBT negotiations in Geneva, said "substantial progress" had been made in the past few weeks on key aspects of the

conclude this treaty within the next six months... I would rate the probability of success as very high," he said.

About 90 countries, including all five declared nuclear weapons states, have been negotiating for two years under the auspices of the UN disarmament conference.

The main outstanding issues are said to concern the scope of the treaty ban, the conditions

"There is a political will to for its entry into force and the problem of on site inspection." Non-aligned nations are also battling to secure commitments from the nuclear weapons states to future disarmament measures.

Mr Dembinski noted that four of the five declared nuclear powers - the US. France, Britain and Russia have agreed on a "zero-yield" approach banning all nuclear explosions however small.

China is still holding out for an exception to be made for "peaceful" nuclear devices, though it has no support from other nations. Other indications suggest China may be willing to join in a consensus on a "zero-yield" ban, accord-

ing to western officials. Mr Stephen Ledogar, US disarmament ambassador in Geneva, said last October that "it appears now that all five nuclear weapons states are on

media coverage, has alleged a "profound imbalance" in

favour of Fatah and Mr Arafat.

concerns during the campaign

about the arrests, changes of the electoral laws and the cam-

paign period and the intimida-

tion. But it says it also has to

assess to what extent Israel

has allowed a free and fair poll.

In particular, the EU has criticised the arrest by Israeli forces

of a candidate in Hebron; the

denial and the delay in issuing

permits to allow free move-

ment: and restrictions placed

by Israel on the voting proce-

Mr Ian Blackey, EU spokes-

man, said yesterday the observer mission had been

impressed by the lack of any

serious violence and the way

Palestinian officials had

reacted quickly to terminate

Critics say it is almost impossible for the EU to do

anything other than certify the

elections free and fair, albeit in a qualified manner. They say

that because the EU has

invested Ecul0m (£7,9m) in the

observation process alone, and was responsible for the techni-

cal assistance in preparing the

elections, it has too much of a

The EU denies the allegation.

But it knows that it must tread

a thin line between the strict democratic judgments involved in election observation and the

broader political picture of the

vested interest in making the

process a succes

abuses raised by the EU.

dures in east Jerusales

The EU has expressed many

However, China has not confirmed its support.

Elsewhere, there is apparently agreement on the techni-cal verification regime - using a variety of detection systems - and on the principle, though not yet the details, of on-site inspection as a last resort.

Progress has also been made on institutional matters. Mr Dembinski said. Vienna has offered to bost the new treaty

monitoring body, which will need to work closely with the International Atomic Energy Authority already based in the

Austrian capital. The US, Britain and Russia are observing a moratorium on nuclear testing while the negotiations proceed. France. whose latest series of nuclear tests in the Pacific has sparked international outrage, says it will conduct its last nuclear explosion next month

INTERNATIONAL NEWS DIGEST

Morocco urged to cut tariffs

Morocco has been making a significant push to liberalise its services sector, especially banking, and sell state-owned companies, but needs to revitalise the reform programme in other areas of the economy, the World Trade Organisation says in a report published yesterday.

The report is critical of high trade barriers protecting Moroccan farmers and manufacturers which it says raise costs for the important tourist industry and more advanced manufacturing activities. Despite the good results of earlier liberalisation efforts, "internal resistance and administrative and legislative delays seem to have blunted the initial

enthusiasm" for reforms, the WTO says. Agriculture, once the mainstay of the Moroccan economy, has shrunk in importance because of persistent drought, the report notes. Services now account for more than half the

Foreign exchange earnings from tourism already match those from farm and fish exports, which together with textiles, clothing and phosphate generate 80 per cent of Morocco's Frances Williams, Geneve merchandise export earnings.

Algerian party leader quits

Mr Abdelhamid Mehrl, secretary general of Algeria's National Liberation Front (FLN), the former ruling party, has resigned, following criticism within his party for calling for a boycott of last November's presidential election. The boycott was largely ignored and associations that form the core of the FLN voted for Mr Liamine Zeroual, the former general who won a landslide victory.

Some members of the central committee had also been

uneasy about the FLN's alliance with the Islamic Salvation Front, the banned party which was set to win the 1991 elections before they were cancelled by the government, provoking four years of violence.

Foreign

Kenya and Uganda reconciled

Feuding neighbours Kenya and Uganda were publicly reconciled yesterday at border talks when their leaders pledged to work together and revive the East African economic community. President Daniel arap Moi of Kenya sald economic co-operation between Uganda, Kenya and Tanzania would be of great benefit to the region's 80m people.

Relations between the Kenyan and Ugandan leaders soured when President Yoweri Museveni seized power in Uganda in 1986 after a five-year bush war. They deteriorated sharply last year when Kenya accused its neighbour of harbouring Kenyan rebels. Mr Museveni angered Mr Mol in 1987 by diverting trade from road to rail, a move which saved millions of dollars but hit profits of Kenyan truck companies, many owned by politicians. The idea of a regional economic community was revived in 1993 but failed to take off because of bitter wrangling between Mr Moi and Mr Museveni, who differ both by ideology and background. Reuter, Malaba, Kenwa

Military ruler's son dies in crash

Ibrahim Sani Abacha, 34, the son of Nigeria's military ruler General Sani Abacha, and 13 other people were killed when their private jet crashed in the northern city of Kano, officials

The crash happened on Wednesday night, five minutes pefore the presidential Falcon aircraft was to land in Kano. The News Agency of Nigeria said the pilot reported engine AP. Lagos problems shortly before the crash.

Arafat set for landslide but democracy may come second

n the back streets of the West Bank town of Nablus a group of angry young men surround two youths putting up posters calling for a boycott of the first Palestinian elections, to be held tomorrow.

The youths, associated with the Islamic Hamas movement, are quickly escorted to the police station for questioning by men claiming to be members of the increasingly notorious Palestinian Preventive Security Apparatus.

The incident is one of many in the election campaign, which ended yesterday, that could amount to a serious breach of democracy by Mr Yassir Arafat, the Palestinian leader, his dominant Fatah faction and his security forces.

Mr Arafat and Fatab appear set for a landslide victory in two separate ballots: one for president of an executive authority and the other for an 88-member legislative council. Hundreds of foreign observ-

ers, led by the European Union, are overseeing the electoral process and will decide next week whether the elections have been free and fair. They will have to assess a

series of incidents involving Palestinian officials before polling day, including: the arrest of a prominent newspaper editor, a human rights worker and at least one opposition electoral official; the intimidation of opposition groups such as Hamas; the intervention by Mr Arafat in the internal democratic primaries of Fatah: the partiality of the Palestinian media; bribes made to opposition candidates to withdraw their nominations; and a series of decisions made by Mr Arafat about the rules and regulations of the campaign.

The observers will princi-pally have to decide to what extent the incidents mark a determined campaign of manipulation and intimidation rather than a series of technical problems and minor incidents, many committed by local hot-heads.

The elections are part of a larger political dynamic," said Mr Eric Bjornlund of the USbased National Democratic Affairs, which, together with the Carter Centre, is participating in the observation process. From the way the elections have been conducted we will be able to forecast how democratic the society will be and the possibility for democratic governance '

Some of the worst abuses have taken place in the West Bank constituency of Salfit where the local Fatah candidate faces stiff opposition from the former communist People's Party of Palestine, the best organised political party to be taking pert after Fatah. Last week Palestinian security personnel burst into an election meeting being addressed by Mr Khamis al Hammad, the PPP candidate, and promptly arrested his campaign man-

ager, Mr Thamin Yusuf Badah. Mr Badah was taken to Jericho and detained for three days. He was released without charge or explanation after the intervention of observers.

Several other people have also been arrested in Nablus and Hebron for putting up boycott posters or distributing leaflets critical of Fatah, the elections and the Israeli-Palestinian peace accords. Some are

still being held. The arrests and the intimidation of the media are probably the single biggest challenge to the democratic process. Mr Arafat's intervention in the election of candidates is the second. The veteran Palestinian leader overturned internal primaries in Fatah and replaced many candidates chosen by the local Fatah membership with his own loyalists.

or example, in Arab east Jerusalem, Mr Hatem Eid, a local Fatah activist who won the most votes inside Fatah and was due to top the list, was rejected by Mr Arafat and replaced with Mr Abu Ala'a, the right-hand man who served Mr Arafat for years in exile.

Several candidates who won the internal primaries but were blacklisted by Mr Arafat decided to go ahead and run as independents. They have been threatened with serious consequences for their challenge. According to the right-wing Israeli observer group, Peace Watch, five independent candidates were also successfully bribed to drop out of the race by being given senior jobs in the Palestinian ministries. A third issue has been access

to the media by the candidates.

Reporters sans Frontières, the

Paris-based group monitoring

Arab-Israeli peace process.



Demonstrators in the Palestinian town of Hebron yesterday Julian Ozanne calling for a boycott of tomorrow's elections

NEWS: WORLD TRADE

US may appeal against WTO ruling

The US is considering an appeal against a World Trade Organisation dispute panel judgment that US regulations on cleaner petrol discriminate

against imports.
The panel decision, the first by the WTO, upheld complaints by Venezuela and Brazil against a rule issued by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in December 1993 which sets a different standard for imported "reformulated" gasoline than for the domestically-refined version. The WTO report, which was on Wednesday, said that while the US had every right to set its own environmental stantrade rules by treating imports less favourably.

Expressing disappointment with the decision, Mr Mickey Kantor, US trade representative, said: "We will be carefully reviewing the panel's reason-ing and our legal options, and will be consulting with Congress and interested members of the public about our next

steps."
Under WTO rules, the US has 60 days to appeal against the ruling once the report is circulated to all WTO members on January 29. The appellate body then has 60 days (exceptionally up to 90 days) to give its verdict, which is binding unless overturned by consen-

dards it was in breach of fair The US Clean Air Act requires petrol sold in heavily polluted urban areas to contain reduced levels of toxic and smog-causing contaminants. and for petrol sold elsewhere to be no dirtier than in

1990. However, the EPA rule, in force since January 1995, allows domestic refineries to use actual 1990 quality levels as a baseline while imports are judged by a statutory baseline reflecting average US values in

Venezuela, the largest exporter of gasoline to the US, and Brazil claimed that this obliged their refiners to meet a stiffer test than many US suppliers, harming export deliv-

After Venezuela first chal-lenged the rule in 1994, the EPA apparently sought to equalise the treatment of imported and domestic fuel but this was refused by Congress, which saw enforcement prob-lems in relying on overseas refinery data. From 1998, however, imported and domestic reformulated gasoline will be

treated identically. Trade officials in Geneva speculated vesterday that a US appeal was likely despite the strong legal case against it.
"They will look wimpish if
they don't," said one official,
citing political pressures in a presidential election year from President Bill Clinton's Repub-lican challengers as well as the

This first panel ruling is seen as an important test of the WTO's ability to enforce international trade rules. Under its strengthened procedures for dispute settlement, countries can no longer block rulings against them or resist implementation as they could in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, the WTO's prede-

Despite Mr Kantor's state-ment that "a WTO panel or appellate body report has no force under US law", as a WTO member the US is bound by its rules and could face trade penalties for non-compliance with dispute settlement judgments. Some 25 disputes have been brought to the WTO since its

Scania dips toe in Chinese waters

By Hugh Carnegy in Stockholm

Scania, the Swedish truck maker, said yesterday it had signed a joint venture agreement to build buses in China and was considering a similar move into truck production. The announcement reverses Scania's earlier refusal to make industrial investments in China because of rules barring foreign majority control over vehicle manufacturing.

Scania said it had agreed with the Shandong Bus Corporation, in the eastern province of Shandong, to start a 50-50 joint venture to produce up to 1,000 inter-city buses a year in the city of Liaocheng. The ini-

tial investment was \$10m. Mr Lief Ostling, chief executive, said the equal ownership agreement, which has been backed by the provincial government but still requires approval by national authorities, gave Scania day-to-day control over the joint venture's operations under a chief executive to be appointed by Scania.

"It is vitally important to us that we find a structure which gives us that management con-trol." he said. Mr Ostling added that Scania

was also researching investment in truck production in China, but these plans remained at an early stage. The bus company investment was "a small step into the Chinese market. The important thing is to build up experience of operating there."

Scania - the world's fifth largest and most profitable heavy truck maker - is scheduled for stock market flotation, possibly this year, by its owner, Investor, the main holding company of the Wallenberg industrial empire.

Its cautious approach to China has made it one of the slowest of the main European truck makers to enter local production. But the Swedish company clearly feels it must be prepared for the longer-term potential. In 1994 it had a 5 per cent share of the Chinese heavy truck market through imports, behind its rivals MerWORLD TRADE NEWS DIGEST

Foreign groups thrive in Japan

Foreign companies fared better than Japan's domestic

Foreign companies fared better than Japan's domestic businesses during the recession, according to a survey published yesterday.

Nearly half the foreign companies based in Japan increased their sales during the economic downturn, according to the Japan External Trade Organisation. Of a poll of 578 foreign investors, 46.7 per cent increased their sales over the past three years, while just over a fifth managed sales increases of more than 10 per cent. Japanese companies' domestic sales fell by an average of 0.8 per cent during the same period.

The foreign companies recorded an average 3 per cent pretax profit as a proportion of sales in 1993, twice as high as Japanese businesses in the same year, according to Jetro.
The survey showed a surprisingly high number of foreign companies in Japan, 37.3 per cent, were planning to hire extra staff this year. This contrasts with the recruitment freeze by many leading Japanese companies. William Daukins, Tokyo

Daewoo plans \$1.2bn chip plant

Daewoo Electronics is considering building a \$1.2bn semiconductor factory in Europe. According to Electronic Times, the weekly industry newspaper, the new plant would produce custom-designed integrated circuits for the Korean group's existing European consumer electronics plants. These include a video recorder plant in Antrim, Northern Ireland and television factories in France and Poland.

Daewoo is understood to have held preliminary talks in

Ireland which have secured a number of high profile semiconductor investments recently. Other potential sites are believed to include the UK.

If the new Daewoo facility is built in Europe it would be the latest in a string of new investments in the region by leading latest in a string of new investments and its strong demand for chip manufacturers which are experiencing strong demand for their modulets.

Paul Taylor, London

Strong yen hits ship exports

The strong yen in the first half of last year caused a sharp fall in Japan's ship exports in 1995, although it remained the world's largest ship exporter. The Japan Ship Exporters' Association said exports fell by 18.2 per cent in the year to 8.1m gross tons. In the first few months of the year, orders declined rapidly as the yen climbed to its highest level against the US dollar since the second world war. But by the end of the year, as the yen fell back, orders had begun to rise. Japanese shipbuilders received orders for 36 oil tankers

totalling 1.25m gross tons, 47 freighters at 1.32m gross tons and 171 bulk carriers at 5.52m gross tons. It was their third largest combined order book in the last 10 years. The figures put Japan still some way ahead of South Korea, whose contracts amounted to 7.13m gross tons. General Baker, Tokyo

Taiwan group to build US plant

Chi Mei Industrial, a Taiwanese petrochemical company, plans to invest around \$100m to build a styrene monomer (SM) plant in the US, the company's first overseas investment. The company is reviewing sites in Texas and Louislana for the

company is reviewing sites in Texas and Louisiana for the 500,000 tonnes a year facility.

Chi Mel is the world's biggest consumer of SM. This will be its the first venture to produce SM, a key ingredient in acrylonitrile butadene styrene (ABS), used to make plastic products including casings for computers and other electronic goods. Chi Mei is the world's biggest producer of ABS, at about Im tonnes a year or roughly 55 per cent of world production.

I turn Them. Thine:

Advanced cable link for the Caribbean

Cable and Wireless is to invest \$28.3m in an optical fibre system to link Jamaica, Grand Cayman and Cayman Brac.

The system will handle 30,000 simultaneous telephone calls and provide capacity for advanced telecoms services in the area, including regional and international banking, medical imaging, cable televi-sion and distance teaching.

Some \$21m of the total is being spent with Alcatel Submarine Networks, which will provide the undersea cable network. The system will incorporate the longest link in the world to operate at 2.5bn bits of information a second without using electronic boosters ("repeaters") on the sea-bed. It will also be laid at a depth of 6.8km through the Cayman Trench, deeper than any previous repeaterless sys-

The Caribbean is one leg of C&W's development strategy. Since 1991, it has invested Sibn in the region and plans to invest a similar amount over the next five years. Installation will begin in

August with commercial ser-

Superhighway takes to the seas Four glass-fibre strands the thickness

of a human hair will carry 600,000 simultaneous conversations around the world. Alan Cane reports

A \$1.5bn project to create an "information superhighway" accessible to three-quarters of the world's population has begun to take shape with the laying of the first stages of the Flag (Fibreoptic Link Around

the Globe) cable system.

The cable-laying ship C S
Nexus, owned by Cable & Wireless Marine of the UK, began laying the cable off Palermo. Sicily, after clearance vessels had prepared the way. Some 16 segments of cable will be installed over the next 18 months.

When completed in 1997, the cable will be the longest man -made structure, stretching 28,000km from Porthcurno in Cornwall, England, to Miura in Japan with landing points in Europe, the Middle East and Africa and Asia. The system is being built by a consortium of AT&T Submarine Systems of the US and KDD Submarine Cable Systems of Japan.

It will provide 120,000 high speed (64 kilobit per second) circuits in a region chronically short of telecommunications capacity. Without Flag. only 20,000 circuits would be available in the region by 1997, compared to approximately 200,000 circuits across the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans.

Physically, Flag consists of four glass-fibre strands each about the thickness of a human hair surrounded by armour to protect it against everything from fishing gear to inquisitive sharks. It will be able to carry 600,000 conversa-

tions simultaneously.

The first few hundred kilometres of cable laid off Sicily have high symbolic significance for a project which has been several years in the plan-ning and still faces substantial technological and financial risks. It has been funded privately by a consortium of Nynex Network Systems of the US, the project manager, Dallab-Al Baraka Group of Saudia Arabia, the Asian Investment Fund of Hong Kong. Telecom Holding Company of Thailand, Marubeni of Japan and Gulf Associates and GE

Capital of the US. Some 50 telecoms carriers from 45 countries, including AT&T and Sprint of the US and KDD of Japan, have agreed to purchase capacity on the cable. Total capacity sold is estimated at more than \$400m, although that is only a small proportion of the total capacity of the cable, which will be able to carry sophisticated traffic including medical imaging.



AT&T Suturnarine Systems inc long-distance learning, video-

conferencing, multimedia and high definition television. In a move unusual in the telecoms cable business, carriers are not providing funding for the project and will purchase capacity only when they need it. Many of the regions it will serve currently depend on satellite transmission. Fibreoptic cable, however, provides increased security, speed, and accuracy of transmission as well as the capacity for

advanced and two-way trans-

Technological risks include the danger of breakage under-water. The cable has a planned 25-year life and uses components no more than once in every 10bn hours of use. The cable is heavily

armoured, especially near the shore where it might encounter anchors or fishing gear. and may be buried in trenches in the sea bed up to a metre

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\$600m deal agreed on **US** drugs price claims

By Richard Waters

A group of big pharmaceuticals companies has agreed in principle to pay \$600m to small retail pharmacists in the US to settle claims of price-fixing. The deal throws into question the way companies charge for their products in the world's biggest drugs market.

The proposed settlement marks the culmination of a class action lawsuit concerning the drug makers' discounting practices. Retail pharmacists generally pay far more for a drug than do the large, managed care organisations which have come to dominate much of the US market.

Managed care groups have forced the pharmaceuticals companies to offer discounts by refusing to stock their products if they do not. Such organ-isations often control the prescribing practices of large groups of doctors, giving them a powerful position when nego-

tiating for discounts. The class action accuses the drugs manufacturers of colluding to keep prices high for retail pharmacists, helping to make up for the discounts offered to managed care

The drug makers, for their part, have always denied this,

only volume-related.

None of the companies believed to be involved in the provisional settlement -including the US groups Merck and Pfizer, along with Glazo Wellcome and SmithKline Beecham of the UK - would comment on the deal. Several, however, issued statements denying price-fixing.
Pfizer said: "If a settlement

is agreed upon, it will in no way acknowledge any inappro-priate conduct."

Merck, the US's biggest phar-maceuticals group, said that its business practices, including discounting practices, are completely lawful... Merck has always priced its products independently. We have not engaged in any conspiracy. One drugs company execu-

tive said the decision to settle case, rather than go to trial, reflected a recognition that US juries tend to side with plaintiffs against big drugs companies, and that it would be difficult for the companies the case "a prime example of the need to fundamentally reform our civil justice sys-

An executive at one US drugs company said the settlement would not result in a big windfall for the 40,000 small part, have always denied this, "mom-and-pop" drugs stores and said that any discounts are who stand to benefit.

Secular 'saint' eyes Quebec breakaway

Federalist disarray means independence may be hard to stop under Bouchard, says Bernard Simon

new era in Quebec politics is about to begin as the charis-matic Mr. Lucien Bouchard prepares to take over this month as premier of the French-speaking Canadian province.

In spite of Quebec's economic problems there is a growing sense that with federalists in disarray the march to independence under Mr Jacques Parizeau's successor will be difficult

Mr Parizeau has spent a long politi-cal career, including the past 16 months as premier, trying to turn Canada's French-speaking province into an independent country, but it was Mr Bouchard's drive that nearly saw separatists triumph in last year's

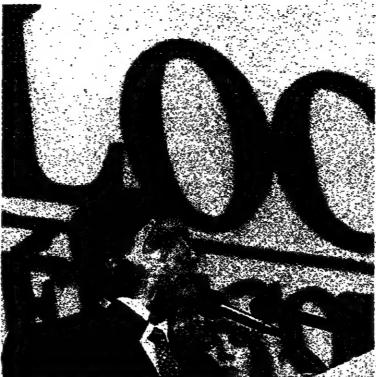
Earlier this week Mr Parizeau held one of his last cabinet meetings in Quebec City. Instead of devising ways to push the independence project for-ward, it was devoted mainly to drawing up proposals for sweeping reform of the province's bloated public sec-

Mr Bouchard, is expected to finalise the austerity plan shortly after he takes office on 29 January. Québécois are likely to be pre-occupied for at least the next few months with such issues as health, welfare and education reform, and the restructuring of local government. But will the new emphasis on eco-

nomic and fiscal issues help or hinder the independence cause? Separatists' hopes have been buoyed by the unexpectedly tight

result of last October's referendum, in which 49.4 per cent of voters backed secession. Mr Bouchard had an electrifying impact on the campaign with his pragmatic tactics and captivating The political climate in Quebec has

moved further in the secessionists' favour since the referendum. Mr Gilles Therrien, president of SOM, a Quebec City polling firm, says: "It would take major changes to deflect



Mr Bouchard, formerly leader of the Bloc Québécois, which represents the separatist cause in the federal parliament in Ottawa, will take office with

Awe at his referendum performance and his rapid recovery from a near-fatal disease early last year, which led to the amoutation of his left leg, have left Mr Bouchard, 58, with the aura of a secular saint. No other candidate has contested the leadership of the province's ruling Parti Québécois. even though Mr Bouchard has never been active within the party.

Mr Bouchard has no shortage of problems to deal with. Quebec's unemployment rate, at 11 per cent, is

well above the national average. The. Montreal area, home to more than a third of Quebec's 7m inhabitants, is especially depressed.

nebec has made less progress than most of Canada's nine other provinces towards balancing its budget. Its debtto-GDP ratio of 56 per cent is the second-highest after Newfoundland. and it expects to post a C\$4bn (US\$2.9bn) deficit in the fiscal year ending March 31. Although Quebec's A-Plus credit

rating is not in immediate jeopardy, a US\$500m public bond issue floated by the government last week offered terms that would normally apply to a

Most Québécois are braced for tough measures, including public-service cuts, job losses and radical changes in government structures. Mr Bouchard and his advisers are confident they can push through the aus-terity programme without serious

What is popularity? It's political capital," the premier in waiting said in Montreal this week. "If you don't use your political capital, you will never achieve anything."
It will not all be plain sailing, how-

ever. Mr Bouchard's ability to put the economy on an even keel without jeopardising the goal of independence will depend heavily on whether he can tame two groups of separatism supporters - Quebec's powerful publiosector trade unions and the PQ's strong-willed and fractious organisers. Mr Bouchard has little experience in government apart from a brief stint as a member of former Conservative prime minister Mr Brian Mulroney's binet in the late 1980s. He kept a

tight rein on the Bloc Québécois dur-ing his latter years in Ottawa, gaining a reputation as someone who likes to have his own way. An adviser to one cabinet minister

predicts: "The heart of the PQ will do anything to get to sovereignty." But a Quebec City lobbyist takes a different view saying that Mr Bouchard's prag-matic approach may not go down well matic approach may not go down well in the PQ. "There is no right-wing in the PQ," he says, "just the middle and the left wing."

Mr Bouchard has said that be remains committed to sovereignty. But he has pledged not to call another referendum unless he is sure of win-ning. Last October's vote was the second defeat for the separatists - they lost by a wider margin in 1980 when voters rejected a watered-down version of independence known as "sovereignty-association".

He has also ruled out an early elec-tion. The PQ currently holds 76 of the 125 seats in the province's Assemblée

Mexican president will try to advance plan for free trade agreement

However, the most telling evidence of the separatists' strong position is the disarray in the federalist camp. The leadership of Mr Daniel Johnson, the opposition leader, has been questioned not only within his Liberal party but publicly by a senior federal

cabinet minister. Mr Johnson has no obvious replacement. Some federalists hope that Mr Jean Charest, youthful leader of the federal Conservative party, can be persuaded to take the reins of the Quebec Liberals. Mr Charest was the only prominent federalist politician who emerged with an enhanced reputation from the referendum, but he has resisted approaches to move into provincial politics.

Mr Jean Chrétien, Canada's prime minister, has so far responded to the referendum cliff-hanger by piloting two measures through the House of Commons which, in effect, meet Quebec's long-standing demands for a veto over changes in the constitution and recognition as a "distinct soci-ety". He has also agreed to transfer jurisdiction for jobs training, another Quebec demand, to the provinces.

These steps were necessary to fulfil promises that Mr Chrétien made in the final, panic-stricken week of the referendum campaign. But they have failed to strike a responsive chord either in or outside Quebec.

Many Canadians believe that a more imaginative strategy is required to persuade Québécois of the advantages of remaining part of Canada, and the risks of breaking away. The present betting is that Mr Bouchard has his eye on the second half

of 1997 for the next referendum. The pro-Canada camp is crossing its fingers that Quebec's economic problems will either trip him up or, at least, keep his mind off independence. Mr Chrétien continues to project a sunny optimism that all will be well.

But there is a growing sense that the federalist side would be unwise to rely on optimism alone to keep Can-

Lost and found in a shoe shop: \$250m of Mexican fool's gold

By Bernard Simon In Toronto and Leslie wford in Mexico City

While cleaning the floor of her small shoe-repair store in a Quebec City suburb last Friday, Ms Joanne Beaudoin made an astounding discovery - five Mexican certificates of

"We are millionaires," she shouted to her colleague, before taking the certificates to a bank. The manager, convinced they were real, called

Her find immediately prompted an investigation in

spawned rumours that the ecurities belonged to an international drug snuggling syn-dicate, or to a corrupt Mexican politician trying to stash away assets in a safe foreign coun-

The certificates were appear ently dropped in Ms Beau-doin's shop by a United Parcel lawyer's office in the same oing mall.

The lawyer, Mr Remi Rob-ext, said he received the certificates last month from a trading company in Miami as collateral for a line of credit from one of his clients. Mr Bobert has refused to identify his client. The UPS

and a covering letter have disappeared. Canadian police have no power to interrogate the principals, including the UPS courier, until they have clearer proof that a crime was

Sadly for Ms Beandoin, however, the certificates appear to be worthless. Unión de Crédito

in Mexico City

tive which purportedly issued them, never obtained a banking licence in Mexico, according to the National Banking and Securities Commission. Banking regulators in Mexico City said the bonds

were such obvious fakes, and for such large amounts of money, they doubted whether

tricked into buying them.

Sgt Ronald Burns of the local police said his theory was that the bonds were part of an elaborate practical joke. But Mexican authorities suspect fraud.

Mr Jorge Nicolin, a

knew of about 25 similar cases, including one in which a foreigner attempted to prove his solvency with false Merican certificates of deposit in order to buy a Paraguayan bank.

"My only reward is free pub-

PUBLIC NOTICES



NOTICE UNDER SECTION 11(2) OF THE ELECTRICITY ACT 1989

The Director General of Electricity Supply (hereafter referred to as "the Director") pursuant to Section 11(2) of the Electricity Act 1969 (hereafter referred to as "the Act") hereby gives notice as follows:

- a) He proposes to modify the conditions of the nce aranted to Manweb pic under Section restriction on activity and financial ring fencing) and 28 (availability of resources) and by amending Conditions 1 (definitions), 4 (prohibition of cross-subsidies), 5 (obligation on economic purchasing), 27 (disposal of assists) and 28 (provision of interestriction).
- b) He proposes these modifications because the majority of the shares in the company holding the
- c) In summery, the effect of the modifications is: (i) with small exceptions, to limit the licence holder's business to the supply and distribution of electricity; (ii) to limit the extent to which the licence holder
- may hold shares in other companies within its to require the licence holder to act in a manner calculated to secure that it has sufficient
- management and financial resources: (iv) to require the licence holder to give an annual certificate as to the adequacy of its financial
- Power pic from affecting the current errangement for the preparation of regulatory accounts and avoiding cross-subsidies;
- (vi) to fortild mortgaging assets or borrowing (vii) to restrict transactions with other members of its group of companies except on normal
- (viii) to require undertakings from its holding company that other companies within the group will refrain from actions likely to cause he Scence holder to breach its obligation ies in the group will give the licer holder all information necessary to enable the licence holder to comply with its obligation to give information to the Director.

A copy of the proposed modifications can be obtained (free of charge) from the Office of Electricity Regulation. Any representations or objections to the proposed modification may be made on or before 19 uary 1996 to the Director at the Office of Regulation, Hagley House, 83-85 Hagley shaston, Birmingham B16 8OG.

Authorised on behalf of the Director 19 January 1998



NOTICE UNDER SECTION 11(2) OF THE ELECTRICITY ACT 1989

The Director General of Electricity Supply (hereafter referred to as "the Director") pursuant to Section 11(2) of the Electricity Act 1989 (c.29) (hereafter referred to as the Act") hereby gives notice as follows: s) He proposes to modify the following conditions of

the composite Scence granted to ScottishPower plc under Section 6 of the Act Condition 2 of Part II (Interpretation and construction) Condition 3 of Part II (Separate accounts for Separate

Condition 4 of Part II (Prohibition of cross-subsidies) Schedule 6 (Public electricity supply charge restriction

b) The Director proposes to make the modifications because the licence holder now holds the majority

of the shares in Manweb pic. c) The effect of the modifications will be:

(a) to exclude from the definitions of its Second-Tier Supply Business and Generation Business respec the corresponding business of Manweb pic thereby continuing the present arrangements for the provision of separate regulatory accounts;

(ii) to require the licence holder to produce and deliver to the Director consolidated accounts for each of:

business of Manweb pic.

- its generation business and the generation business of Manweb pic. - its supply business and the supply business of

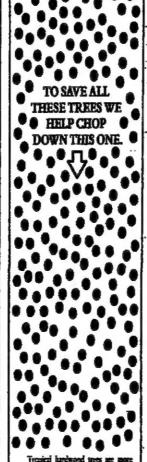
its second-tier supply business and the second-tier

(iii) To ensure that the licence holder gives no crosssubsidy to and receives no cross-subsidy from any member of the Manweb Group.

A copy of the proposed modifications can be obtained (free of charge) from the Office of Electricity Regulation. Any representations or objections to the proposed tion may be made on or before 19 February 1996 to the Deputy Director General for Scotland at the Office of Electricity Regulation 70 West Regent Street

G L Sims Authorised on behalf of the Director General of

Electricity Supply



Tropical hardwood trees are more च्येक्टीर क रिक्स्ट केन्द्र कीन्द्र स्टब्स के मैद

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ment with the European Political assassinations, a peasant guerrilla uprising and a bruising devaluation three weeks after Mr Zedillo took office in December 1994 triggered an exodus of foreign

investors which led Mexico to the brink of default a year ago.
"I have been a president who has had to deal with exceptionally difficult circumstances, which required exceptionally difficult decisions, many of them unpopular in the short term," Mr Zedillo said in an

However, the president said he believed the most painful part of Mexico's adjustment to capital flight had been undertaken in 1995, a year in which the economy contracted by 7 per cent, and that Mexico was now ready to resume growth. "I want a closer relationship with Europe," Mr Zedillo, a 44year-old former central banker, said. He would like to see more

interview.

EU, and was waiting for Brus-sels to work out guidelines for negotiations. His European trip will take him to Spain, the UK

and italy. He will also attend the international business summit in

Davos, Switzerland. At home, Mr Zedillo has had to fend off criticism against the harshness of his economic programme, and for adopting a hands-off presidential style which has cast Mexican poli-

"If I knew of an economic programme that yielded better results in reducing unemployment and inflation, and restoring financial health, I would adopt it." he said. "But I am convinced the present policies will create jobs, bring about a recovery in real incomes, and

attract new financial resources." Congressmen of the ruling Institutional Revolutionary Party (PRI), worried about their sinking electoral pros- 1997 mid-term elections. pects, last week handed a



Zedillo: seeks to restore country's tarnished reputation

their leaders demanding that the government abandon its "neo-liberal" economic policies. The PRI deputies warned. that unless the government could engineer a dramatic economic turnaround this year, they risked losing control of the National Congress in the Mr Zedillo said that he would

adopt a more expansionist economic programme for Mexico. possibility of having to govern with an opposition Congress, which the PRI has dominated since 1929. "No politician enters an election thinking he might lose." he said

Mexicans, he said, were gradually accepting his handling of the presidency, which sought to curb authoritarian excesses of the past. He was working to achieve a better balance between the different branches of government, and had no wish to meddle in party political affairs - much to the consternation of some PRI politi-

Mr Zedillo said he wanted political parties to hammer out new rules for electoral reform

by themselves. He studiously avoided interfering in state elections last year. When the time came to choose the next PRI presidential candidate, for elections due in the year 2000, Mr Zedillo said be would not exercise the traditional right of Mexican

presidents to pick a successor. "I will not choose my successor," Mr Zedillo said. "I am not a king, much less a high priest. I am the constitutional president of Mexico. And that is

weighty policy document to resist political pressures to enough." Outlook dims for re-opening talks to solve US budget impasse

Prospects for renewed budget negotiations appeared to dim yesterday as President Bill Clinton and Senator Bob Dole, the majority leader, again staked out sharply different positions.

Mr Clinton said he had gone "the extra mile" in meeting Republican demands he present a budget that could be balanced in seven years. Mr Dole responded: "It was a short mile in my book."

The president insisted that differences had been narrowed to the point that a balanced budget agreement was "clearly within our grasp right now and that his door remained

The majority leader said the Republican door was also open, day's scheduled talks.

budget proposals were no more than a "spend now, save later" policy. Still, he suggested that a Sunday negotiating session might be possible.

Mr Clinton again cited a long list of substantive policy differ-

ences, covering federal health insurance, education and the environment. Mr Dole countered that the president did not that it was unfair for him to hold a press conference accusing the Republicans of wanting to do "terrible things" and then expect good faith negotia-

tions to resume. The charges and countercharges, all aired yesterday morning on TV, follow the cancellation, at the request of Republican leaders, of Wednes-

appointed but not entirely discouraged" that the Republicans had chosen to walk away" from this session. Earlier, Mr Mike McCurry, his press secretary, had suggested that the opposition leaders had sounded "emotionally dis-

They had demanded, in a let-

ter to Mr Clinton, that the administration lay out new budget proposals as a pre-condition for resumed talks. The White House response yesterday was to release the president's headline budget numbers, amounting to over \$700bn worth of savings in spending over seven years, in an attempt to demonstrate how far he had gone in the Republican direc-

The most significant revela-

ton was now proposing a tax cut of as much as \$130bn, an increase from the previous net \$97bn, mostly through more capital gains tax reductions. This contrasts with the latest Republican demand for \$177bn, itself down from the \$245bn of last year's budget reconciliation bill.

Both sides appear to be struggling to win the tactical upper hand in advance of the state of the union message the president will deliver next Tuesday. Some Republicans are concerned that this occasion gives Mr Clinton a free national platform which they cannot easily match.

A second deadline for both looms a week from today when the latest temporary government funding measure expires.

OPEN FOR BUSINESS.

obody said it was easy being the boss.

And in this space, earlier in the week, we've discussed a few of the reasons why.

Like the problem of building and maintaining trust in the company.

The difficulty of ensuring that shareholders understand what you're doing to advance their interests.

Or the challenge of developing and using a strong corporate brand.

They have one theme in common: the need to communicate what you're doing to the audiences it matters to most.

Te didn't choose this theme at random: it's the one we know most about. In a world

J.J. HAS AN INCREDIBLE BUSINESS BRAIN, HE'S JUST

AN APPALLING COMMUNICATOR

in which communication channels are swamped with raw information, the Financial Times stands apart.

Not just in the quality of its analysis, the care with which it selects and reports the most important business developments, the insights it offers into world finance, economics and politics.

But also in the selfselecting nature of its readership: the emerging global
business élite, the growing number of international
decision-makers who rely on a daily briefing from the
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To get the paper to this readership at the beginning of the business day, we're investing heavily in a worldwide network of print centres. By mid-1996, we'll have ten, spanning the globe. In Britain and overseas, the FT is strengthening its role as a unique channel of business communication.

As the era of mass communication gives way to the age of targeted messages, some media are more effective than others. There are relatively few ways to reach top-level decision makers in business, financial markets and governments. Of these, the FT is particularly useful and accessible, all the more effective for being such a trusted messenger.

hat's enough about us. The point of this series is not just to push the FT as an advertising medium. It's also intended as a contribution to the debate on top-level management priorities as we approach the 21st century.

Above all, it seeks to make the case for a principled, open, communicative style of business leadership. You don't

need a lecture on the virtues of this approach: it's

what effective business people have always done naturally.

But in today's increasingly frantic and complex business world, day-to-day pressures sometimes overwhelm that instinctive good sense.

Which is why we thought we'd mention it.

Occasionally, it helps to

have someone remind you of what you already knew, deep down, all along. After all, nobody said it was easy being the boss.

If you have any comments on the questions this series raises, or you'd like to talk about the issues of communicating the corporate message, either write to John Makinson, Managing Director, Financial Times, at 1 Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL or call him: on +44 171-873 3233. Fax: +44 171-873 3937. E-mail John.Makinson@FT.com.

Financial Times.
World Business Newspaper.

This is the fifth and last of a series.

Austrian company protests at army contract

By Bernard Gray, ence Correspondent

Steyr Daimler Puch, the Austrian company which yesterday lost a £35m (\$53.9m) contract from Britain's defence ministry for battlefield ambulances to Land Rover, has claimed in a letter to the Financial Times that it had clearly won the ambulance competition. It adds that ministers overturned the decision

after heavy lobbying.
Mr Alan Mawer, Steyr's agent in the UK, argues that

such interference will damage the government's procurement process if the ministry continues to ignore the results of its

own competitions. "To blatantly ignore a recommendation from the procurement department in favour of a 'Buy British' campaign will ensure that few if any companies will ever again risk the UK competitive tender sys-

tem," says Mr Mawer. His claims directly contradict a written statement made yesterday to the House of Com-mons by Mr James Arbuthnot,

the defence procurement minister, which says the competition between Land Rover and Steyr was "particularly close". Land Rover is an offshoot of Rover group, a subsidiary of BMW, and its vehicles are made in Britain.

Mr Arbuthnot announced that Land Rover had won an order for 8,000 general purpose vehicles worth about £160m, for which the Land Rover Defender was the only real option, and for 65 Steyr heavy vehicles worth £5m, which again was the only available

vehicle. The dispute centres on a need for about 750 ambulances, for which there was a choice of Land Rover or Steyr. and which has been the subject of a three-year competition.

Steyr acknowledges that its

ambulance was slightly more expensive than the Land Rover, but says its greater speed and reliability meant the British Army would need a smaller fleet of about 700 vehicles against 800 Land Rovers. The total acquisition cost of the fleets are therefore approximately equal, according to Steyr, while Mr Arbuthnot said yesterday that the Land Rover had "a lower acquisition

Steyr claims that, judged by cost of ownership over the 15year life of the ambulance, the test used in the competition, its fleet would be more than £40m cheaper to own than Land Rovers. This is because Steyr's reduced number of vehicles requires fewer crew while its more reliable fleet would need less maintainance. Members of the Austrian

disquiet about the decision. arguing that Steyr was "led up the garden path".

The British ministry has frequently stressed that it would set aside its competitive policy only if strategic national capabilities were threatened. Mr Michael Portillo, the defence secretary, and Mr Arbuthnot have written letters about the ambulance contract recently. saying the competition would be "firmly based on value for топеу".

Buffalo

abattoir at

home on

the range

By Clay Hants in London

The American buffalo, making

a comeback on the Great

Plains after its near extinction

in the 19th century, will be

able to roam at home on the

range until the end of its days.

thanks to an export order

announced yesterday by a

Suffolk company.
The Cheyenne River Sioux

tribe of South Dakota has

bought the first mobile

abattoir purpose-built for buffalo, allowing animals of

up to 1.2 tonnes to "be processed humanely and in the

most hygienic environment"

out on the prairie.

The \$1.1m (£710,000) abattoir unit is made by

Sandströms Transport-produkter of Sweden but

marketed internationally by

Letters, Page 18

By Roland Adburghem in Cardiff

Shortages of skills in Wales could threaten future expansion there by international companies, says a survey by Coopers & Lybrand, the accountancy firm. All but three of the 50 companies in the survey would recommend Wales as an investment location, mainly because of the the workforce. But actual or potential skills shortages are the largest single reservation

The survey covered about 50 of the 400 international busiwith Weish plants, of which the greatest concentration is in he south of the region. Most of the companies are described as being "very positive" about their future in

expansion and 19 said they

By Chris Tighe in Newcastle upon Tyne

Mr Tim Eggar, industry and energy

minister, warned yesterday of Britain's

skills deficit in comparison with other

countries. "We have a major challenge

- to upgrade the basic skills of every-

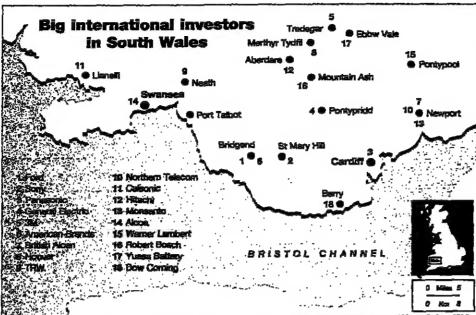
body going through the school system,"
he said at Sunderland University in

ment projects by their parent The 50 companies, selected Wales, range in employment

The research, commissioned by the Welsh Development Agency, found that Welsh sites were recognised by the parent companies for their sustained performance. One large organisation said its Welsh plant was its "most flexible, productive and profitable site in Europe." Thirty companies, however, said they had already experienced skills shortages, the

companies which could come to Wales. But the survey makes clear that workforce skills will be crucial to the decisions on where to invest. for the survey as having the best potential for growth in from 50 people to 3,000. Nine countries are represented by the parent companies including the US, Japan and Ger-

majority in engineering and



There was concern that the supply of professional, qualified and skilled workers was

quality" school leavers. There was disappointment that the apprentice workforce in Wales might be diminishing because of parental and school pressure on young people to continue in full-time education.

The research found the comneers and technicians, there panies were placing a marked were worries about the recruit-ment of apprentices and "high-new technology in their plans

to compete in world-class markets, which was resulting in significant changes in working practices.

A growing need was identi-fied for the workforce to have skills formerly associated with management - for example, multiskilling, team leadership,

Humas of Bury St Edmunds in the eastern England county of It was bought by Pte Hca Ka (meaning "all the buffalo"), a

commercial operation of the Cheyenne River Sioux. The tribe has 900 buffalo including caives. Mr Hugh Fullerton-Smith, Humas director, said the sale was the first outcome of the two companies' joint venture

which began last year with the endorsement of Department of Trade and Industry's Eureka scheme The Swedish group had been making mobile abattoirs since 1965 for the humane slaughter

of reindeer in the north of the country, and Mr Fullerton-Smith built one for deer in the Sandströms Transportprodukter now designs and

builds the abattoir units and Humas handles marketing and applications for government approval. This has been granted in the UK and is nearing completion in the US.
The American buffalo was
nearly wiped out in the 1800s,
with its population falling
from 60m to fewer than 500 by the end of the century. With protection, that recovered to nearly 50,000 by 1987. The species is now exploited commercially by native Americans, and 37 tribes have formed themselves into a co-operative.

Mr Fullerton-Smith said mobile abattoirs might provide a partial solution in Europe for concerns about the transporting of live animals over long distances to slaughter. They are still likely, however, to be used mostly for species requiring special

Having made the deer and the antelope pay, the partners have turned their attention to a new market. "We've been approached by the ostrich people in the past few days to build a dedicated ostrich

UK NEWS DIGEST

Five jailed over Nigeria fraud

Five men involved in the London end of a Nigerian-based £1.3m (£2.0m) fraud were sentenced vesterday to a total of 20 years in jall. Potential victims were sent letters telling them they could receive large amounts of US dollars allegedly held by the Central Bank of Nigeria as a result of "over-invoicing". Some who replied were then persuaded to make up-front cash payments to the men in order, they were told, to pay taxes to allow the money to be released by the central bank. The SLSm was paid by 11 victims in Nigeria itself or to three men claiming to be employed by the Central Bank of Nigeria's

London agents.
The three men were Mr Mathew Oke, Mr David Oluyitan and Mr Abdul Khaliq, all of London. They were jailed for 3% years, 4 years and 2% years respectively. Mr Oluyitan and Mr Khallq were convicted of conspiracy to defraud last December.
Mr Oke had pleaded guilty to the same charge last September.
Mr Oke and Mr Oluyitan were both recommended for deportation to Nigeria.

Another two men posed as bank managers who claimed they had received the money from the Central Bank of Nigeria. They demanded further cash payments to transfer the money to victims' accounts, Mr Victor Boulter of Bushey Heath near London and Mr Victor Watson of London were both jailed for five years after being convicted of conspiracy to defraud. The fraud operated in countries including Australia, the US and John Mason, Law Courts Correspondent

Maxwell jury sets record

Jurors in the Maxwell trial in London set a record of 11 days for the longest time an English jury has retired to consider its for the longest time an adjustment of the longest time of the verdicts. With sickness again taking a toll among jurors, this figure is set to rise further. A second juror fell ill yesterday. forcing the judge to cancel the jury's deliberations for the third successive day. However, the trial will resume today in the hope the jury will be fit enough to continue attempting to reach verdicts. The Lord Chancellor's Department confirmed that the jury's 11-day stint is believed to be the longest ever. Mr Kevin Maxwell, Mr Ian Maxwell and Mr Larry Trachtenberg, a former adviser to the late publishing tycoon Robert Maxwell, are charged with conspiring to defraud the Maxwell pension funds by using shares in Teva, an Israeli pharmaceuti-cal company, which were owned by the funds to raise money for Maxwell private companies. Mr Kevin Maxwell faces another charge involving the use of shares in Scitex, another Israeli company. All have denied the charges. Mr Kevin Maxwell and Mr Ian Maxwell are sons of Robert Maxwell. John Mason

Union accepts GM offer Vauxhall car workers in the AEEU engineering and electrical union have voted heavily in favour of the "final" three-year pay offerfrom the General Motors subsidiary. The deal was

supported by 2,224 votes to 639 in a secret ballot of the workers at the company's plants at Luton to the north of London and Ellesmere Port in north-west England. The AEEU had recommended acceptance of the offer of a 4.5 per cent pay rise now followed by an increase in line with inflation over the next two years, as well as a one-hour cut in the 39-hour working week. The rest of Vauxball's manual workforce of 7.700 are members of the Transport and General Workers' Union and their ballot result will be announced on Wednesday, TGWU leaders did not recommend acceptance.

Andrew Bolger, Employment Correspondent

Cost-sharing is proposed

The government has asked construction companies bidding for the main Newbury bypass contract to consider sharing some of the costs of providing additional security against protestors at the site 90km to the west of London. The proposed bypass on the main A34 road from the port of Southampton to the English Midlands would pass through unspoiled countryside There is increasing concern at the mounting expense of policing construction work which, together with delays caused by protesters, will force up the final bill for the road.

Arguments are still raging over the final cost of the contract for the Twyford Down bypass to the south, which was won by Tarmac for £25.8m (\$39.7m) but eventually cost much more. The bill for extra security at Twyford was £4m, which the government's Highways Agency agreed to pay. It has now written to the six contractors shortlisted for the main construction contract at Newbury asking them to provide seperate cost estimates for different levels of security. The six are thought to be Amec, Alfred McAlpine, Costain, Kier-Hochtief Mowlem and Tarmac.

Andrew Taylor, Construction Correspondent

Applied Materials contract

TI Group, the specialist engineering and aerospace equipment company, said it had won its largest ever contract for indus-trial seals. Applied Materials, the US machines tools supplier, has placed an order for seal assemblies worth £70m (\$108m) over five years. The components will be produced by John Crane Belfab, the US subsidiary of John Crane International — TT's sealing systems division.

Typist claime discrimination: An unemployed male typist was ignored by a secretarial agency because of his sex, he claimed at an industrial tribunal in the northern England city of Leeds. His claim that the agency Office Angels sexually discriminated against him was supported by the Equal Opportunities Commission. He said three female candidates were called for a typing test, but he was not summoned even though he held typing qualifications.

Police to try CS gas: CS gas is to be carried in belt canisters by patrolling police officers in a pilot scheme in 16 areas. Most uniformed officers are armed only with nightsticks. Growing violence on the streets meant there was an "overwhelming need" for deployment of an incapacitating spray, said Mr Tony Burden, chairman of the self-defence subcommittee of the Association of Chief Police Officers.

Shortages of skills worry international groups in Wales

itment and flexibility of many. The names of the companies were not disclosed.

not increasing, and that com-petition for staff could lead to higher labour costs.

In addition to the fears of shortages of qualified engi-

Nation lagging behind competitors, says minister

standards being achieved elsewhere in

Europe, in Japan and our Far East com-

petitors, I realise we have an ever more

challenging target, and none of us prob-ably has enough aspiration if we are

going to be able to compete during the .

dismissed leadership speculation as "non-

sense". One well-placed MP said the plot to force Mr Major to stand down after the local

elections in May had been deliberately revealed

by rightwingers who did not want him ousted as none of their candidates were seen as ready

Cabinet ministers rallied round the prime

minister. Mr Kenneth Clarke, the chancellor,

said: "He is leading an extremely successful

added. "When I look at the internaachieved but we have to be very hardtional competition and I look at the

headed, very realistic about the challenges which lie ahead." Earlier this week, the latest quarterly Business Survey North, based on responses from 681 companies in north-east England and Cumbria, showed a marked increase in shortages

of skills for managerial and professional

Opposition from chancellor to publication of paper on EU conference is overruled

Premier yields to Eurosceptics in his party

Political Editor

Mr John Major, the prime minister, yesterday persuaded the cabinet to back publication of a government paper on the forthcoming European Union inter-government conference. overcoming opposition from Mr Kenneth Clarke, chancellor off the exchequer.

The prime minister's decision to yield to pressure from Eurosceptic MPs in his party who had been calling for the government's views to be set out in a paper was taken vesterday morning. No objections were raised by

ministers in the cabinet meeting, but a senior member of the government said that Mr Clarke, the most pro-European member of the cabinet, had circulated a paper setting out objections to publication.

Mr Clarke had been

concerned that the paper could tie the government's hands in talks with its EU partners and could also exacerbate divisions

The government's latest



north-east England. "A lot of progress dent at age five, seven, 11 or 16, he

Mr John Major, the prime minister, has begun detailed planning for the next election following a private strategy meeting at Downing Street for ministers and Conservative party tacticians. Those present included Mr Michael Heseltine, the deputy prime minister, and Mr Brian Mawhinney, the

has been made over the past 10 years in

terms of GCSE results and staying-on

rates. But still, I think, both local

authorities and higher-education insti-

tutions and employers have to raise the

expectations of pupils, parents and

Britain could not be satisfied with the

party chairman. One big issue to be addressed is Mr Reseltine's role in the campaign. Party tacticians are desperate to avoid a clash over responsibilities with Mr Mawhinney. The issue of Mr Heseltine's duties came as senior Tories were privately canvassing a new leadership challenge to put him in Downing Street by the next election. But there was a

retreat from moves to oust Mr Major as news of their plans was revealed. The prime minister increased speculation that Mr abandoning the middle classes. Major will also concede to demands that he should promise to hold a referendum

the cabinet ever decides to take sterling into a single European currency. Mr Major also risked

widening the split between the right and left wings of his party when making his strongest attack on Baroness Thatcher, who the previous week had criticised him for

government." They were joined by a number of the grandees whose support would have been necessary for any plot to succeed, such as Sir Archie Hamilton, the former defence minister, who said an autumn leadership contest was needed "like a hole in the head". Str Giles Shaw, treasurer of the 1922 committee of Conservative backbenchers, said talk of ousting Mr Major was "rubbish".

> Baroness Thatcher preceded Mr Major as prime minister and leader of the Conservative party. Setting out the government's record in reducing inflation, mortgage rates and unemployment, he said that was "what she sought to achieve" while, in contrast, "we have delivered".

cabinet last night conceded that there needed to be

dramatic changes in the style of government to revive the party's fortunes. "We have got to get out of the box", he said. He added that a change of party leader was not his preferred solution, but that Mr Major should cease shirking

controversial decisions The minister had therefore supported publication of a paper about the EU conference because "if you have a clear set of policies, you should have them". For the same reason, he argued that the prime minister should stop prevaricating over a referendum about the single

Mr Clarks, supported by the deputy prime minister, Mr Michael Heseltine, is even more implacably opposed to a referendum than he was to a white paper. But leading Conservatives

are urging the prime minister to overrule these two pro-European cabinet ministers, saying that a referendum commitment could lead to a lasting peace in the government's civil war if it was coupled with a strong statement from the prime minister casting doubt on the likelihood of a single currency being formed at the official 1999 start date.

The leading proponent in cabinet for a paper on the conference has been Mr Malcolm Rifkind, the foreign secretary, who started pressing for one last November and reversed the stance taken by his predecessor, Mr Douglas

Exxon offshoot follows Rockefeller's example

to take over.

By Robert Corzine and Nell Buckley

Esso, the UK subsidiary of Exxon, one of the world's largest oil companies, recalled its heritage on Wednesday when it switched to a low price policy to bolster its eroding position in the retail petrol market.

The company is a direct descendant of Standard Oil of the US, whose legendary founder, John D. Rockefeller, had a simple solution to falling market share. Give competitors a "good sweating," was his advice to executives.

In late 19th century America that meant driving prices down until the competition "felt sick." It is likely to mean the same thing in the late 20th century UK petrol market according to analysts, who were yesterday busy assessing the likely impact of Esso's decision to match the lowest prices available. Its 2,100 service stations comprise the country's largest retail network.

How prices	compare (natio	ial averages,	litre unleaded	petrol) .
		rited to stering	(Local) currency	Converted in
Noneay Netherlands	8.14 85.5 1.89 78.7	5 Denomerk	1.58 5.88	70-26 70-37
Firstand France Sweden	5.02 77.8 5.67 76.2 7.43 75.5	Bep of Irelat		65.64 69.83 56.37
Austria Bekitum Italy	11.30 74.9 32.30 73.1 1870 72.8	3 UK	105.80 55.7	57.62 56.7 52.78
			Source/Automobile Asso	inthe figures for Det 1905

tives said they had "no intention to undermine the market." The cheap petrol policy was a strategic response to a funda-mental shift in the retail market, they claimed. Market research showed motorists were prepared to drive longer distances to buy cheaper pet-

But some analysts yesterday saw Esso's move in a different strategic light. "Esso's target is the supermarkets," said Mr Matthew Hall, an energy analyst at brokers SBC Warburg in

On Wednesday Esso execu- London, But he believed its oil majors. They have done so victims were likely to be independent retailers who will find it hardest to withstand falling

Mr Peter Regnier, managing director of Opal Price Assessments, an industry consultancy, described Esso's move as "very dramatic and without

shoppers with cars. Big stores have a number of

and the second control of the second of the second second

precedent in Europe". In the past few years supermarket chains have captured 22 per cent to 25 per cent of the petrol market by offering fuel that is generally about 2p a litre cheaper than that of the

A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE by selling through 700 highvolume petrol stations, many next to big out-of-town superstores that attract crowds of

> advantages over independent petrol retailers and oil companies. They can take advantage of a structural surplus of petrol in the UK and western Europe by buying in bulk, often from the refineries of the oil companies with which they compete. They also enjoy very high volumes. Mr Hall notes that

sells about 8m litres a year compared with 3m to 3.5m litres a year for the busiest oil not already have them. company station and a national average of 2m litres a

Moreover, supermarkets do not have to meet the costs of a European Union requirement that oil companies hold large forward stocks of fuel as a guard against supply disruptions. Nor do they have the costs associated with cleaning up pollution around older ser-Mr Ian Upson, Esso's manag-

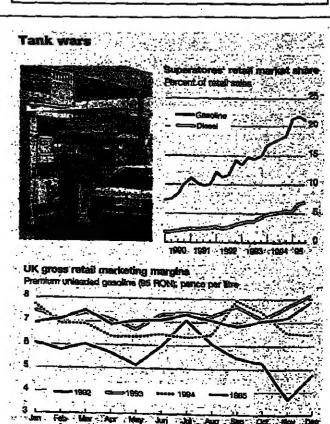
ing director, says it is unwise "to overplay the role of the supermarkets" in prompting Esso's move. But analysts say Esso, which is one of the lowest-cost suppliers, must be worried about the longer-term intentions of the supermarkets. The rate of new superstore building may slow due to tougher planning restrictions.

but all the biggest four food-store chains - Sainsbury,

the average supermarket site Tesco, Safeway and Asda - are keen to open petrol stations on older superstore sites which do But will Esso succeed in

clawing back market share? One industry observer doubts whether the big grocery chains can be stopped. After all, he points out, in France they have captured half the retail petrol market. The most likely outcome, he says, is an industry shakeout that could result in the departure of many of the smaller international oil companies from the UK market. About 14 international companies now operate in the UK retail market. That number could fall to just the five or so within a few years.

Industry observers say Esso's move is likely to depress already thin petrol retailing margins to to the point at which a number of smaller chains will consider whether the UK market, already among the cheapest in Europe, is



the graduate to accept the first job

offered after sending out a stream

of applications. "When they realise

they are not suited to the company

they may leave. It can be an expen-

sive mistake for both the graduate

The firm, which usually charges a

minimum of £2,500 a search, was

willing to offer a discount when it

secured its biggest contract to date

searching for 75 graduate recruits

Asda itself has abandoned the

milk round to pursue other ways to

tap the graduate market. In addi-

tion to headhunting, it has adver-tised in Viz, the cult youth comic

that specialises in lavatory humour

and which is fashionable among

students. The advertisement says:

Graduate Careers at Asda, much

better than a slap on the bum."

The company, which is also allowing applications on the Internet,

says that the Viz advertisement has

brought in a far greater response than another advertisement it

placed in the Independent newspa-

Richard Donkin

for Asda, the supermarket group.

and the employer," she says.

Brand spanking new careers

t is difficult to judge who are the most anxious in the current UK graduate recruitment market, students desperate to link up with employers or employers scrambling for the best students.

Uncertainty in the jobs market appears to have been focusing students on their future careers far more than in the past. Tom Snow, director of Oxford University careers service, says he has been trying to calm students' fears. "A lot of students look over their shoulders at others who have got themselves fixed up with a job and begin to think they are unemployable, and that's rubbish," he says.

Many students, however, do seem to be looking towards their future careers at a much earlier stage in their university studies. Almost a third of first-year students at Oxford and two-thirds of the second years have registered with the careers service. The proportion is around 90 per cent in the third year. Many of them are seeking vacation work so they can court poten-tial employers and get relevant work experience in readiness for the day they will be graduating. The techniques of networking and

researching future employers or industry sectors are no longer a mystery to today's graduates. Some students, often those from

reasonably affluent backgrounds, are confident enough to take some time off and see the world. Others, who are particularly gifted or who have a sought-after speciality, are finding that they are able to play the field. "Although some have difficulty getting a job, some are collecting a portfolio of offers from which they can take their pick," says Roly Cockman, executive secretary of the Association of Graduate Recruiters.

Competition for the most able graduates who can start contributing quickly to a company's profits, he says, is being reflected in higher starting pay. Starting salaries of £21,000 and £22,000 a year are not uncommon in some sectors." he

With signs of companies needing to woo students at the top of the range, it is not surprising to find employers willing to consider different forms of recruiting. Some are looking at contracting out their graduate recruitment. Andrew Nelson, who runs AN Associates, a business based in Solihull, handles

graduate recruitment for a number of clients.

"It ranges from simply sifting applicants for a short list to handling the whole of the recruitment process, including selecting the graduates and looking after their career development in the first 18

The market has even led to the emergence of a headhunting firm specialising in finding graduates. Moloney Search, a search firm comprising consultants not too long out of university, is offering companies what it claims is a far less costly and more focused alternative to the "milk round", the traditional method used by big employers to present themselves to graduates.

Moloney, which was set up in 1994 by Curly Moloney, a qualified medical doctor, scours the universities for their most talented students. In building up contacts with careers offices, tutors and students, it believes it can target some of the most able people, particularly where companies may need highly specialised graduates.

Moloney describes traditional graduate recruitment methods as a hit and miss process, often leading

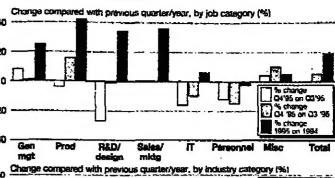
 Advertised demand for senior executives rose by 19 per cent in 1995, according to MSL, the recruitment services group which has just published its latest quarterly index.

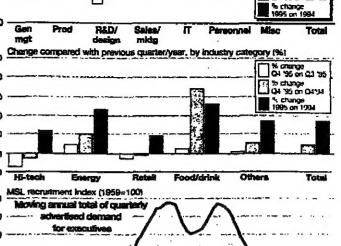
The index, which has been running since 1959, has been a consistently accurate indicator of economic growth as can be seen by the pattern of its moving annual total featured here. The moving total. which irons out seasonal fluctua tions, rose marginally in the last quarter, continuing the steady continuous rise in demand since it last

fell at the end of 1992. Executive recruitment activity is running at about the same level as it was in early 1983. On that occasion, preceding an economic boom, the rise in demand was far steeper than it has been over the past two years. Gary Long, MSL's chairman, believes the graph is reflecting emergence from recession but he says the senior executive recruitent market still lacks confidence.

"Our optimism that the market will continue to gain strength in 1996 is tempered by the fact that some organisations are simply replacing skills rather than taking on additional personnel," he says.

Two job categories in which recruitment advertising decreased over the year were personnel and accounting and finance. Production gest rise, up 42 per cent over the year. job advertisements showed the bigMSL recruitment index





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The Managing Director will be responsible to the Hannah's Board for the continued profitable development of the company. The foundation is very solid with significant revenues, market leadership and a reputation for efficient manufacturing and importing, intelligent marketing and quality customer service.

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or similar retail experience at a senior management level. They will need to provide evidence of success in adding value for shareholders, leading and developing staff and exceeding customer expectations. A sound background in retail selling, marketing and merchandising is essential as is an understanding of fiscal responsibilities and Board relationships. Experience in apparel retailing would be very helpful,

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Our client, a leading investment house, is seeking a Product Development Co-ordinator to operate within the Business Development team.

You will be responsible for ensuring the successful launch of new products to the marketplace and updating and modifying the existing product range. You should have previous experience in a product development role, preferably within the investment industry, and have strong project management skills.

This position requires a resourceful individual with excellent interpersonal skills and a strong commercial awareness. You should be forward thinking in your approach and maintain an up-to-date knowledge of both marketplace and regulatory developments affecting the investment industry.

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sionals of the highest calibre are needed for the following roles, all of which will be part of our Luxembourg operation but involve substantial travel throughout Europe. Join us now as we're poised for further growth and your prospects will be as promising As ours.

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This key role involves managing the client services function supporting our European business, which comprises a team forecast to grow to around 50 strong over the next three years. Your responsibilities will span all operational procedures as well as supporting sales and marketing activities. Recruitment and training will be key priorities.

Your knowledge of investment markets and products will include an understanding of the dealing, registration and compliance procedures associated with investment funds. Energetic and with a creative approach, you must have strong people management skills and the ability to manage almost certainly have experience of building service infrastructures. Fluency in English and German is essential; French would be an advantage, Reference: HCS/FT.

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You will provide high quality information on our products and services, investment procedures and markets, and troubleshoot specific customer problems. Mainly working over the phone, you will also produce reports and help

You will need a sound understanding of investment markets and products, and the dealing, registration and compliance procedures associated with investment funds. Ideally supported by experience in a sales or customer service role, you will certainly possess a creative, imaginative and solution-oriented approach. All of these roles require fluency in the native language of the local customer base as well as English. An additional language would be an advantage. Reference: Ger/CSE/FT. Neth/CSE/FT. UK/CSE/FT.

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These roles involve account management and co-ordinating multi-tiered relationships between Threadneedle and our distributors, as well as working with the Luxembourg marketing team to develop campaigns and new products for your region. Your brief will be to build strong client relationships through supporting sales activities and providing information on Threadneedle's products and the financial markets in general.

You must possess a sound understanding of investment markets and products as well as the investment funds distribution process, giving you the necessary credibility with clients and colleagues alike. Excellent presentation skills should be supported by fluency in Dutch/Flemish and English backed by a working knowledge of French for the Sensiux region; and fluency in German and English for the German roles, Reference: Bene/SM/FT, Ger/SM/FT,

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These roles, covering Benetux and Germany, involve bringing the perspective of local regions into the development of our marketing strategy, communication activities and new product initiatives, in all of which you will play an active role. Managing the local advertising agency and helping develop new sources of ou markets will also be part of your brief.

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This role requires an individual to establish a strategic PR plan for our European business, including setting objectives and managing the agency relationships in a number of countries. Your activities will include arranging press meetings and co-ordinating sponsorship and hospitality s, whilst working closely with the European

You will need a flair for turning investment issues into PA themes and for applying them across any of the major European markets. Your knowledge of investment markets should have been gained through at least five years' experience in financial services PR. Fluency in English and German is essential; French would be an advantage. Reference: PRM/FT.

In return we're offering highly competitive salary and benefits packages that will reflect your skills and experience. To apply please call +44 (0)171 976 3028 for an application pack quoting the appropriate reference. Lines will be open until the end of January and written applications should be received in London by Wednesday 7th February.



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Please apply in strict confidence, enclosing a detailed CV and listing separately any companies to which your application should not be sent, to Geoff Selby. Ref. GR/321, Roose and Partners Advertising Limited, 100 Gray's Inn Road, London WC1X 8AU.



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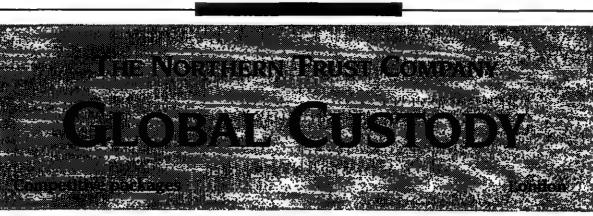
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- Power

Educated to degree standard with possibly a professional qualification or MBA, candidates should have at least four years' experience in a senior capacity on arranging and/or advisory assignments. Strong credit skills relative to limited recourse financing are required together with well developed computer modelling abilities. A proven track record in the origination, negotiation and closing of complex limited recourse transactions and first hand knowledge of capital markets and derivative products will demonstrate the candidates' potential to succeed in a competitive environment.

The positions offer a high level of responsibility for those with the flexibility, flair and inter-personal skills to contribute to the success of this growing team of investment banking professionals. Please will you send, in strict confidence, by post/fax, full career details quoting ref: PF5315/FT to our consultants: Managing Director, CJA, 2 London Wall Buildings, London Wall, London EC2M 5PP. Tel: 0171 588 3588. Fax: 0171 256 8501.

> COMMERZBANK German knowhow in global finance





The Northern Trust Company is a leading Global Custodian. Its reputation has been built upon a commitment to providing outstanding customer service, recruiting and developing high calibre individuals, and investing in the technology essential to remaining at the forefront of this competitive industry. Northern is seeking to fill the following key positions within its sales and marketing and relationship management activities.

and marketing of Northern Trust's services to pension funds. insurance companies and government entitles in the UK and Europe. This key senior management role within the London office will provide the opportunity to significantly impact Northern Trust's presence in the market. Interaction with operations, client servicing and product development are all

important aspects of this management position. Reporting to the General Manager, candidates should be highly results oriented achievers and will be able to offer.

- A proven track record of sales and marketing and the ability to demonstrate how this experience has enabled them to convert prospects into successful sales.
- Technical expertise in Global Custody or other products within the securities industry.
- Outstanding communication and influencing skills. The ability to motivate and lead a professional sales
- A high degree of self motivation, together with sophisticated negotiation skills.

Ref: 6280/E

The successful candidate will be responsible for managing and developing Northern Trust's relationships with the investment management community. This will involve undertaking formal service reviews, pursuing business development opportunities and resolving complex Reporting to the Head of Investment Management

Liaison, candidates should be able to offer:

- A proven track record of developing and maintaining strong working relationships within a service oriented environment A thorough knowledge of Global Custody or
- investment management operations. The ability to actively identify new business
- opportunities.
- Strong interpersonal and influencing skills. Commercial acumen and maturity to enable them to
- influence at all levels within investment management organisations.

Ref: 6280/F

If you are interested in the positions, please send your CV with current salary details to:

Karla Dalton, K/F Associates, appropriate reference, or alternatively by

internet Home Page address: http://www.kfaeurope.com/kfaeurope

K/F ASSOCIATES

APPOINTMENTS ADVERTISING

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Assistant Director – Export Finance UK Merchant Bank

Excellent Package

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Outstanding opportunity for experienced and talented export finance professional to join successful and expanding team.

THE COMPANY

- Worldwide banking group with extensive international
- International export finance is core product area. Experienced specialist finance team with very successful, high-profile track record. THE POSITION
- New senior role within growing specialised team responsible for marketing, structuring and executing
- Full deal origination, structuring, negotiation and closing responsibility. UK Corporate market sector.

◆ Member of global team. High-profile, autonomous position offering real scope for using initiative. QUALIFICATIONS

 Proven record of success in sourcing export finance transactions in UK market.

Minimum 3 years' experience of innovative structured finance transactions. Syndication experience useful.

 Marketing, communication, relationship mana and modelling skills key. Committed, motivated, nance-driven, team player.

Please send full cv, stating salary, ref FS60105, to NBS, 10 Arthur Street, London EC4R 9AY





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Structured Export Finance

Financial Engineer - Global Investment Bank

Excellent Package

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THE COMPANY

- Prestigious, innovative, profitable banking group Headquarters in London with office network in over
- Creative, stable team committed to relationship-
- THE POSITION
- New role, reporting to head of group. Part of a team working closely with global marketing teams.
- Provide innovative solutions to export finance
- ◆ Challenge export finance system, develop new

QUALIFICATIONS

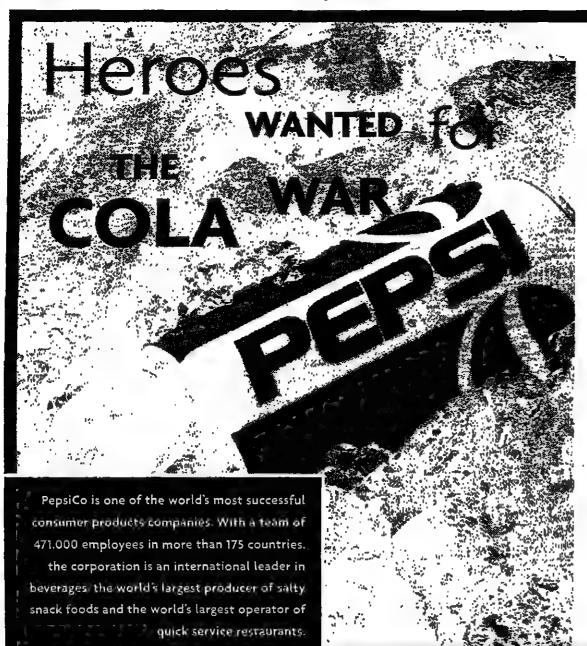
- ◆ Demonstrable track record of structuring complex financing packages for projects in developing countries. Knowledge of export finance important
- ◆ Leasing, Tax-driven, Derivatives, Capital markets or Asset finance background.
- ◆ Self-starter, versatile and commercially-adept with strong interpersonal and presentation skills.

Please send full cv, stating salary, ref FS60106, to NBS, 19 Arthur Street, London EC4R 9AY





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PERSI-COLA INTERNATIONAL

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Finance Managers

Plant Managers

Logistics Managers

Systems Managers

Salary **USS** Extremely Attractive + full expatriate

benefits Renewable

Fixed-Term Contracts

PepsiCo are planning to take Russia's eastern front by storm. In a country that's twice the size of the US, with a population three times that of the UK, we're planning an extraordinary campaign

We are already the dominant force in the market. So we know that the Russian people love our beverages. And by setting up new bottling plants, sophisticated distribution programmes, and hundreds of new customer routes and vehicle fleets, we're going to make sure our customers get what they want. across the breadth and depth of the country.

Our strategic plan is to triple our business here in the next three years, which will create outstanding career opportunities for a few talented people. So we are issuing a unique challenge to top-flight individuals excited by the prospect of starting up new businesses or developing them over the crucial first few years. We are looking for trail-blazers to work as start-up teams; and managers who will come in and really make it happen afterwards. People with the leadership skills to develop, rally and drive forward our plans in Russia, accomplishing goals most people can only dream about.

You'll be looking for a career-making opportunity in a new country where you can really make your mark. Coupled with significant management experience in any one of five areas and a blue-chip track record, you will also have the ability to empathise with and develop high quality local staff. You must be prepared to move within Russia, and a second or third language to English (particularly Russian, Polish and French) whilst not essential is desirable. Experience in the drinks or bottling industry would also be a

The challenges you will face are significant. But it's the opportunity of a lifetime and with PepsiCo's backing, the rewards will be equally substantial. We are prepared to tailor a very generous package to satisfy the requirements of the individuals we want. The renewable fixed-term contracts we are offering can be structured to suit you, and there are additional outstanding expatriate packages.

If you think you've got the right spirit of adventure, please send a comprehensive CV including full salary details to: The Response Centre, TCS Advertising, 35 Garway Road, London W2 4QF. Please quote reference number TCS/PR3 on the outside of the envelope. For further information why [2-4 Years] - not look at our internet site on: URL, http://taps.com/pepsico-russia-



Project Director - Transportation

Far East

Salary Indicator £100,000 & Accommodation & Benefits

This is a superb opportunity to fully manage a landmark civil engineering/development project with an initial construction value of US\$150m. The project comprises a high capacity bridge; tunnels and adjoining infrastructure works. The person sought will be in overall charge of construction activities and

will lead development appraisals and negotiations, managing in-house and external design teams, consultants and financiers. Previous in-depth experience of project financing is desirable. Far Eastern based experience is a distinct advantage.

Candidates should have a degree in either an engineering or business discipline (ideally both) and a career history of involvement in major 💥 projects in senior positions.

The company is presently engaged in a wide range of construction and development activities worldwide in the civil engineering; oil/gas and power generation markets. This project broadens the scope of operations into transportation with the objective of creating a new strategic business unit. This is a long term career opportunity with a successful entrepreneurial company.

Interested candidates should submit their CV's in the first instance to Chris Cheetham (advising the client), quoting reference FT/1004/CC at: PRS Limited, Culpitt House, 74-78 Town Centre,

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Fax: 01707 256881

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of**International Affairs** seeks Director

The Royal Institute

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The Royal Institute of International Affairs is a world-renowned independent centre for the discussion, research and analysis of foreign affairs. The Institute was set up in 1920 by former delegates to the Paris Peace Conference in 1919. It received its Royal Charter in 1926.

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The Institute is a registered charity No. 208223.

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A multinational company is seeking a director of operations in Kyrgystan. The applicant should have an MBA degree with an emphasis on international business administration, must speak fluent Russian and English, and be familiar with the econom political issues of the region. Marketing skills with regards to hardwood timber resources would be helpful, but not required. The candidate should be able to manage a project from planning to implementation and must also be able to work with multinational companies. An overview of the latest economic developments in foreign investment, joint ventures and politics in the newly-formed Central Asian countries would be belpful. A competitive package is available to the right candidate.

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Competitive salary & banking benefits . London base

trading world-wide, is looking for an experienced professional at Associate level to join its Energy Team in the Investment Banking Division, based in Lendon

You must hold an MBA from one of the very top

international business schools and demonstrate proven academic excellence, including a good primary degree in petroleum geology or petroleum engineering. In addition to hands-on engineering experience, you will have a recent track record of financial services experience with emphasis on privatisation within the oil and gas industry sector in the Indian subcontinent, gained in a blue-chio investment bank.

You will play a critical role in developing and executing investment banking business in South East Asia, including mergers and acquisitions, IPOs for former state-owned corporations and the emerging private sector, and the co-ordination

and management of other public offerings and private placements of debt and equity securities. The co-ordination and properation of materials . and exhibits related to business development and transaction execution is also required.

Candidates must have a high energy level, be able to cope in a highly-pressurised environment and have proven interpersonal skills. Fluency in English and at least two Indian languages

The rewards package and career development prospecis are excellent.

To apply, please write with your full CV and quote reference 331, to: Alastair Lyon, Confidential Reply Handling Service, Associates in Advertising. 5 St John's Lane, London ECIM 4BH.

Applications will only be sent to this client but ese indicate any company to which your details



Money Broking - City:

We are currently seeking a young graduate to join our progressive broking firm as a trainee broker. The suitable applicant should ideally be under 25 years of age and smart in appearance. Other qualities to include an ability to communicate, quick mind, personable character and a willingness to work hard. A second European language, ideally French, is preferred and the ability to work in a team is essential. Training will be given; The remuneration will depend on the

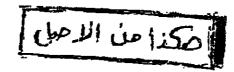
qualifications of the successful candidate. Please apply in confidence enclosing C.V. to Box A5261. Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

Firense with to Box A5798.

APPOINTMENTS

WANTED

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Excellent Remuneration Package

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One of the world's largest and most profitable consumer packaged goods companies, manufacturing and marketing a wide range of quality products, continues to successfully grow in Central and Eastern Europe.

At the Headquarters based in Switzerland there is now a business need to recruit exceptional individuals who will have an apportunity to be part of a Corporate Affairs team.

CORPORATE AFFAIRS EXECUTIVES. Central Europe / Eastern Europe

- Superb career opportunities have arisen in Corporate Affairs for Executives interested in joining a dynamic Headquarters team in
- Reporting to Corporate Affairs regional management, auccessful applicants will be charged with assessing and respon-ding to challenges and opportunities associated with the legislative and regulatory environments in which the
- In responding to such chal-lenges and opportunities, Executives will be expected to gain a strong understanding of the business in Central and Eastern Europe; build and refine Internal and external cor-porate misitions; and design ind execute strategic initiati
- Teem fit will require applicants to be comfortable being part of a team as well as being able to succeed as an individual contributor. Preferred age range ZI-35

- A praduate, preferably in the field of political science, international relations or econo-mics, coupled with the ability to think strategically but opera-tionally deliver, will need to be
- Excellent analytical and com-munications skills, both verbal and written, are an absolute must. Knowledge of a Central/ Eastern Europeen language and/or German would be an additional schemes.
- Academic qualifications must be complemented by at least three years experience with a Public Affairs Agency or analysising pregovernment organisation; pre-ferably with involvement in the
- Willingness to undertake eignificant business travel and ability to rapidly adjust to multiculturel operating environments are required.

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If you feel you have the business and personal qualities to contribute to the continued success of a major smalliantional, they in turn will provide an exc

Piesse reply in the strictest confidence with full curriculum vitae and covering letter, stating curvent vent Researcing Centre: ref. 276 173 289
OFA Ordf Fundi Publiché SA
Rue de la Gabello 6 – Case peetale
1211 Courve, Switzerland

Closing date for receipt of applications is 5th February 1996.

₹ÖMMUNICATIONS MANAGER/ №265

- continued a muldine challenge to be part of a growing team ba
- The successful applicant will report directly to the Director, Communications, Media and Public Affairs and will work in partnership to build and execute a communications
- This diverse role will cover media relations, input to com-munications programmes, liai-son with company affiliates and internal skills development of

- a university degree or equiva-tent and will meet to demons-trate a thorough understanding of European and International
- Excellent written & spoken English supported by a persua-sive yet diplomatic manner, coupled with a creative approach to work are conside-red necessary pre-requisites for
- Applicants must have five years post graduate hands-on work experience in press and public relations preferably in an American/blue-chip corporate environment or a Public Relations Agency. Applicants under 28 years are unlikely

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positions in accelerated career

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Our client is a major investment bank with a RISC facilities to perform large volume high profile presence in global derivatives markets. The Quantitative Equity Research Group works at the leading edge of mathematical and computational science, and now has an opportunity for a research scientist to further develop the techniques for risk management and product analysis. This is a demanding challenge calling for a Ph.D level physicist with 10 years' postdoctoral research experience and relevant

expertise in quantitative risk measurement and derivative product analysis including valuations and interest rate yield curves.

The crucial computational skills required for the role include:

- Hardware design
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- Client Server process design; multi-
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- 5 St John's Lane, London EC1M 4BH. X-Windows, GUI's, TCP/IP, Oracle,

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data reconstruction.

Your track record in research will have given

you exposure in presentations at international

conferences and seminars, and involved you

complemented by the interpersonal skills to

in collaborative projects with laboratories

and universities. Your intellect must be

lead and direct teams of scientists and

engineers on research, data analysis and computational implementation projects.

Ideally there will be scholarships and/or

These are exacting parameters for a highly

challenging role. The rewards on offer,

along with the career prospects, are

everything your talents deserve.

awards amongst your achievements.

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JAPANESE EQUITIES ANALYST

Independent fund management company seeks Japanese Equities Analyst. Must have a good degree in a finance related discipline and a minimum of 2 years' analytical experience with a financial institution in Japan. Must be bilingual in English and Japanese, computer literate and willing to travel. Competitive package offered. Reply in writing with full C.V. to Box A5257, Financial Times. One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

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One Southwark Bridge,

London SET 9HL

ACCOUNTANCY APPOINTMENTS

Contact:

Corporate Finance Due Diligence

London

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■ Central to the continued growth of the Due Diligence team is the appointment of a number of ambitious, commercially oriented due diligence managers and senior managers.

■ Developing key relationships with senior executives from a wide range of clients and financial institutions you will have a vital role in the successful completion of corporate finance assignments. Responsibilities will encompass the project management of pre and post acquisition reviews, stock exchange work and special

Excellent packages

■ To take full advantage of the outstanding career development opportunities it is likely

 Have proven due diligence expertise gained with a large pic or accountancy firm. · Have a good academic record as well as

a professional accounting qualification. · Are an energetic team player with excellent written, interpersonal and

presentation skills and proven people management abilities. · Have a high level of commercial acumen and are committed to adding value to the

■ Relocation assistance can be provided for successful candidates currently based outside of London.

due diligence process.

P Please send your carriculum vitae, lackuling carrent emmeration, to Richard Pooley or Susan Millord at Erast & oung Management Resourcing, Rolls House, 7 Rolls Baildings, ster Lane, London ECAA 1NH, quoting reference: RP8M.

型 Ernst & Young

European Finance Manager

West London

Our client is a US\$2 billion turnover distributor of

networking and cabling systems. Trading since 1957, the company has grown to become one of the leaders in its field with a truly worldwide distri-

bution network and employing more than 4,000 people. Due to a recent restructuring within Europe, the European bendquarters are being relocated from Brussels to West London.

In order to strengthen their financial and commercial expertise, our client is seeking to appoint an experienced European Manager with strong communication and technical skills with the shility to become an integral part

Working closely with the regional

£45,000 + Package

of the systems and accounting procedures but also the development of the individuals within the Finance team. Critical to the success will be the ability to develop strong working relationships across the group.

Candidates will be qualified with a proven record of senior agement experience from within a European Head Office/Operating division. The successful individual must emonstrate well developed interpersonal skills along with high levels of personal presence, maturity and comm acumen in order to make a positive contribution to the continued snowth of the comment.

Interested applicants should write enclosing an up-to-date curriculum vitae, quoting reference number 247443 to Laurence Pengelly at Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London

Michael Page Finance Specialists in Financial Recruitment London Bristol Birmingham Edinburgh Glasgow Leatherhead Leeds

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

PACKAGING - SUB OF US MULTINATIONAL:

SOUTH OF ENGLAND

in its field. Their UK subsidiary, part of their worldwide packaging division, seeks a high calibre Financial Controller to oversee the total finance function.

You will report to the General Manager and be a key member of the management team with overall responsibility for the total finance function which also incorporates treasury, taxation and information processing. You will control a small highly motivated team and make a strong contribution to the nignty months and implementation of the Company's future long major multinational corporation in a European environment.

accountant, preferably with a degree or an MBA and have Adamson & Pariners Ltd, 10 Lisbon Square, Leeds LS1 41Y. accountant, presenting of a major Telephone number 0113 265 1212. Fax number 0113 262 0802.

TO £45.000 + CAR

Our client is a US bosed multinational and a brand leader multinational company preferably in a manufacturing environment. First class technical, I.T. knowledge and interpersonal skills are a prerequisite, as is hands-on style. You must be highly motivated with strong leadership qualities and above all, you must have the strength of personality, intelligence, commitment and flexibility to succeed in a competitive and commercial environment poised for growth.

> This is a career development opportunity and will appeal to those candidates seeking to advance their careers with a

If you are interested, please send your CV in confidence to You will probably be in your mid 30's, be a qualified Stuart W J Adamson FCA, quoting reference number 4010 to

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INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE SEARCH & SELECTION

FINANCEDIRECTOR

Maidenhead Manchester Nottingham St Albans & Worldwide

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Substantial Bonus,

Our client is the French operation within a significant division of a major UK Plc which operates in over 100 countries worldwide.

This role reports to the Managing Director and will be instrumental in maximising the potential of the business. Responsible for a professional team you will:

Review and develop all systems and controls to the highest standards.

 Ensure timely and accurate information is provided to the London Head Office. Provide commercial analysis and interface with both the marketing function and customers.

Support the Managing Director in driving the business forward.

As a qualified Accountant, you will have well-developed leadership skills and a strong affinity with computerised systems. You will have used your broad financial management experience to contribute, in commercial as well as financial terms, to the bottom-line. You must have also successfully and positively influenced your non-finance peer group.

It is essential that you have worked in France, almost certainly for a large international group, and must be able to operate with equal ease in both French and English. Experience of an environment with a significant element of distribution and/or marketing would be ideal.

Interested candidates should write with full CV, quoting current rewards package, to Karen Wilson. Hoggett Bowers, 7-9 Bream's Buildings, Chancery Lane, London EC4A 1DY, Tel: 0171 430 9000. Fax: 0171 405 5995 quoting ref: HKW/12005/FT.



FINANCE DIRECTOR

Unipalm PIPEX is one of Europe's foremost Internet services providers. This reputation has been achieved by consistently leading the industry in providing commercial quality internet solutions to the business sector. We are a wholly owned subsidiary of UUNET Technologies Inc., and growing at a rate in excess of 300% per annum to meet the continuing demands of our customers in embracing new technology solutions. This rapid pace of expansion requires us to strengthen our business operations with a new appointment of Finance Director reporting to the European Finance Manager.

The role will encompass:

- Full financial management and control
- · Provision of commercial advice to business units Liaison with and reporting to our US Parent Company
- Development of new finance and reporting systems
- Business Planning and Forecasting

- · Of graduate calibre and holder of a recognised accounting qualification
- · Experienced in US GAAP
- · A high energy person who enjoys a fast moving environment
- · A senior professional in the finance function of a high tech company
- Enthusiastic about IT solutions with experience of implementation

Our continued growth offers excellent career development opportunities in existing and future businesses throughout our worldwide organisation. We offer an attractive package including a salary of c.£55k, fully expensed car, private health and attractive stock options.

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With sales in excess of \$600 million and over 40 offices world-wide UNIBROS (HOLDINGS), is enjoying exceptional growth in the 1990s. Primarily involved with the production, marketing and sales of raw materials from global producers to developing and Western markets, they are an acknowledged leader in their field. The company wishes to recruit the following finance professionals to belp drive the next phase of their growth.

GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

FINANCIAL SYSTEMS CONTROLLER

Reporting to the Finance Director, the Financial Controller will manage a team head office accountants and local finance managers. The primary responsibilities are to spearhead the implementation of effective financial controls and systems and to develop management reporting for the group and its operating companies. Though the position is based in Cyprus, the Financial Controller will visit all overseas offices on a regular basis and will be expected to make a major impact in maintaining and enhancing the financial integrity and profitability of the business.

The position reports to the Board and operates with support from Head Office Responsible for the world-wide review of financial, operational and management controls, you will identify potential areas for improvement, recommend changes for increasing efficiency and profitability and then implement and subsequently monitor the effectiveness of the agreed changes. This commercial role involves extensive travel, regular contact with local management at director level and offers considerable scope for personal

Applications are invited from qualified accountants aged 28 to 35 with international experience gained on assignment or in an overseas posting. Fluent in English and, ideally, another foreign language, you will be keen to develop your financial and commercial skills in a dynamic, multi-cultural business. The positions benefit from low local taxes, offer relocation assistance and prospects to move to more enhanced financial or commercial roles. Please forward your CV to Andrew Thornton at Russell Thomas Associates Ltd., Premier House, 77 Oxford Street, London, W1R 1RB, England Telephone: + 44-171-494 3374; Fix + 44-171-434-1344

RUSSELL THOMAS ASSOCIATES:

North Home Counties

£50.000 + Car & Usual Benefits

Finance Director

Our client is a large manufacturing company operating in the Rubber and Textile industry serving niche markets in Europe and the rest of the world. The operation is growing rapidly and it now useds a Finance Director who will report to the Managing Director, control the whole of the financial input and play an important part in the future

development of the company. Some 80% of turnover derives from overseas, so the successful candidate will be thoroughly familiar with an international trading environment as well as being a well qualified and experienced accountant, probably aged late 30's upwards. Such experience will have included the development of computerised management information and control systems and the management of external finance. It will also include full cash management responsibility.

standards impressive to visiting overseas customers. Letters of application, together with CV, salary progression and any other relevant data, should be sent without delay to the Managing Director, Performance Management Limited, Administration Unit, 28 Park Mount Drive, Macclestiald, Cheshire SK11 8NT,

This position is demanding. It calls for a hands-on team leader who leads by example to



Performance Management Limited

MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

DAWSON FOR FABRICS LTD

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Dawson For Fabrics with operations in West Yorkshire and Holland is the specialist fabrics division of Dawson International of around £40 million.

We are seeking a Finance Director who will report to the Managing Director, will take full responsibility for finance and information technology within the business and be a key member

The business operates in a dynamic international market environment and has very successfully managed continual change to establish and maintain its leading position within the industry.

Candidates will be qualified accountants with expedence in mamufacturing industry and will probably be aged between 30 and 45. A strong commercial outlook is required as well as experience in modern management accounting techniques in a

The appointment, based in Huddersfield, carries an excellent remuneration package, including relocation expenses where

Career progression is encouraged throughout Dawson International pic which is a leading Scottish based international

Applications giving full details of relevant qualifications and experience should be sent in the first instance to:

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MEMBER OF DAWSON INTERNATIONAL FLC

runities for Business Advisors, Business Analysts, Financial Analysts, Project Managers, nformation Analysts and Corporate Planners. We seek high potential individuals, probably graduates, with skills in cross-functional working, proactive problem-solving and creative thinking. Some roles require an MBA or post graduate

GlaxoWellcome

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opportunities with the world's

largest pharmaceutical company

Meet us

for an informal discussion and a buffet

in Central and West London

on Tuesday 30 January or Thursday 1 February

any time from 4.30pm to 8.30pm

Glazo Wellcome is the world's largest pharmaceutical company, with sales of c£7bn in 1995.

We are currently enhancing our position through continual innovation in products and

As Giaxo Wellcome's customers and markets change, the need for high quality information and decision support becomes critical. This, together with the introduction of a process-driven each to operations, is leading to the redefinition of roles and the creation of new

While you will probably have a large company background, broad functional experience in a dynamic emerging business is also of interest, and a customer-focused approach is vital. The roles, based West of London, attract salaries up to \$45,000 plus benefits and relocation

hone our retained consultant. Sue Rossiter, on 01727 857755 for details of the venues and to reserve your place. If you cannot attend but would like to know more please write enclosing your CV, to Sue at Barrett Webb Limited, Ashbrittle House, Lower Dagnall Street, St Albans, Herts AL3 4PA. Fex: 01727 812885.

> Barrett · Webb Search & Selection

ACCOUNTANTS = ANALYTICAL

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A STATE OF THE STA

About You

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مكذا من الاحل

n the RSC canteen, you soon spot the crew working on Naomi Wallace's new play they are the ones splattered chest-to-toe in blood. Slaughter City, which opens next week, is set in an abattoir. It calls for an auditorium bathed in gore, actors who wield knives and talk about chitterlings and hog guts and several buckets of blood.

This will come as little surprise to those familiar with the American playwright's work: she has never been one for the soft option. Her subjects to date have included vigilantes on the Tex-Mex border (War Boyst gay love between Gulf War soldiers (In the Heart of America) and plague-ridden London (One Flea Spare). But they have all hit home: her success on British soil has been rapid. A poet who only started writing drama five years ago, she has travelled from the enterprising but tiny Finborough fringe theatre to the RSC in just four plays - prog-ress many would find enviable.

Contrary to expectations, the perpetrator of all this tough-talking drama is not big, brawny and butch, but a slight woman in her mid-30s with an easy manner and a ready smile. She happened upon her latest subject by chance.

"I was back home in Kentucky in the summer of '92 and day after day would drive by a group of workers who were on strike," she remembers. "And I started to think about them. The meat-packing companies have no windows: they're big, brick, ugly buildings. I started wondering what it was like to work in a place like that and I began to read up

about how dangerous a job it was.
"But I was also fascinated by the texture of the whole thing...I mean I'm not attracted to gore, but there's some sort of sensuality to it, working with blood and flesh. And it's interesting too that most of us build something in our jobs, but the slaughter industry takes something apart: they start with a living animal and make it into smaller and smaller pieces."

Researching this slice of what you might call drama at the cutting edge did not prove easy. Wallace talked to workers and ex-workers, but getting in to actually watch the dismemberment in action was more difficult. She visited two abatioirs, but The Fischer Packing Company, the one involved in the dispute, was not open to callers.

We spent months trying to get in." she recalls. "It's harder to get into than Fort Knox. Meat-packing companies and slaughter houses are notoriously secretive. I think they're afraid. They used to have tours there, but people used to throw up and they don't really want the bother of that ...

RSC audiences will be relieved to learn that Wallace intends no such realistic responses in the auditorium - you will see fewer actual carcasses and body parts than in vour average Jacobean classic. Besides, the precise violence of the everyday iadguage atome will be enough to turn most stomachs the play rings with references to "gut snapping", "the kill floor", "pulling loins" and "sawing backs". Vegetarians may feel vindicated

he knot King Gordius tled

Alexander rudely sliced it through

with his sword. I never thought

much of Alexander's solution. Athol

Fugard's Blood Knot - first per-

formed in Johannesburg, 1961, soon

a theatrical flagship for the multi-

racial cause (though Tynan trashed

it at Hampstead), now revived at

the Gate by the Strange Fish com-

pany - is more complicated than it

seems. It would be crudely Alexan-

was so intricate as to

defeat every challenger's

efforts to undo it. until



Naomi Wallace on the visceral set of 'Slaughter City', which opens at The Pit next week

Drama at the cutting edge

Sarah Hemming talks to controversial American playwright Naomi Wallace

but Wallace is not out simply to espouse causes - either on behalf of the animals or the workers.

The play is certainly a political piece; the daughter of a Time Life journalist and a liberal Dutch mother, Wallace has been a political animal since she was a child (she recalls marching in an anti-Vietnam rally at the age of eight) and would find it hard to write a play that was not politically engaged. But she shudders at the thought of agitprop. "I would hate for anyone to hear that it's a labour play or a union play - I mean, I wouldn't go and see it myself!"

So while the play deals with an industrial dispute, it is also intensely personal, focusing on a small group of workers and their relationships, and it is surprisingly funny, muscular and upbeat. Her div naturalistic plays often slither between past and present, reality and fantasy and combine a poetic structure with

hard-nosed facts. Slaughter City has a sweeping,

almost mythic quality to it, and since it is cut loose from pure realism, you can make of it what you want - an allegory of modern America, a dystopian vision of the future,

he play is given a further dimension by a curlous, time-travelling character called Cod, who conjures up workers from times past and has vivid personal recall of labour disputes through the ages. Juggling time is a device Wallace has used before in in the Heart of America - and she finds it offers rich possibilities for illuminating the present. "I've always been interested in layering. I like to de-centre a play, so that just when you think you've got hold of an answer it slips away. Of course, to be careful. might feel empty-handed, rather then intrigued."

This, in a sense, sums her up. She relishes contradictions and her work thrives on surprise, changes of direction and odd revelations. Her plays are full of unexpected love affairs and unconventional eroticism. Several characters in Slaughter City are driven by frustrated desire, while in One Fiea Spare she portrayed a bizarre sexual encounter between a wounded man and a woman with scarred

"I'm interested in challenging notions of what is erotic and what is sery, and how you portray it on stage," she explains, and adds that, for her, even the most intimate moment can be deeply political. "If you work in a place that doesn't protect you and your body is destroyed, that affects how you love, how you make love and who you may choose to love."

Not everyone enjoys Wallace's challenging style, however. Like Phyllis Nagy, another daring ican woman writer, she finds her work is more accepted in Britain than in the US - "British theatre is braver." she savs.

This is not to say she does not

have her critics in the UK - there are those who find her elliptical style intensely irritating. She insists that she feels it is her duty to try and get inside other people's experience - whether it be that of a 17th century English sailor, or a contemporary black American woman, as in Slaughter City.

She is bracing herself for criti-cism about this latest venture: "Some people don't believe you should write out of your own experience. If you're white, you write white; if you're black, you write black. But to me, that means that as a white writer you are perpetuating the dominance of white roles. Anyway, that's what's exciting about theatre. It's about imagination; it's about writing about something other than yourself. How boring it would be just to write about

Slaughter City is currently previewing and opens at The Pit, Barbican, London EC2 on January 25 (0171-638 8891).

Theatre/David Murray

Fugard's Gordian knot

little). Light-skinned Morris, who returned a year ago from a long. obscure stay somewhere far off, merely keeps house, prepares Zach's foot-bath, makes their evening meal and "takes care of their savings", with a view to buying a two-man farm in some no-man's-

drian to write it down as a worthy, The optimistic idyll goes off the period-bound anti-racist play. rails when Zach suddenly realises Baldly described, the action that his regular, happy bouts of seems simple enough. Two brothers classified under South African law as "coloured", i.e. of mixed race, drinking and womanising ended when Morrie came back. Morrie suggests that Zach should reply to a live together in the quarter of Port lady who asks in a local paper for pen-pais; but since Zach is illiterate, Elizabeth reserved for "coloureds". Only the "dark-skinned" Zach, how-

ever, works and earns (miserably Morrie has to conduct the correspondence. We know from the cast-list that no "Ethel" is due, so we might guess that Morrie himself is writing "her" letters - but Fugard produces a cleverer dénouement.

much more pointful and searching. There is a subtext lurking throughout, and it turns the whole play into a modernist piece: not an ethnically picturesque tale at all. but a wry, self-conscious self-study. From the start, we worry about these "brothers": why is Zacharias (Wilbert Johnston) so unambiguously mahogany, and Morrie (Chris Lailey) irredeemably white-skinned and blue-eyed? (It is not just an

Wigmore Hall Tel: 44-171-9352141

The King's Consort: with director

Robert King, soprano Deborah York,

perform works by A. Scarlatti, Hasse

countertenor James Bowman and

trumpeter Crispian Steele-Perkins

and D. Scarlatti; 7.30pm; Jan 22

by ives; 3pm; Jan 21

MUNICH

Philharmonie im Gastelo

CONCERT

accident of casting, for Fugard himself - who is white - chose to play the original Morrie in Johannesburg.) Why do their childhood memories signally fail to match? and where on earth has Morrie been, all this time?

Alternative scenario, with strong hints in the play itself: - Morrie is no real "brother", but a white libaral South African who wants to throw his lot in with the downtrodden blacks. (There is also a homoerotic note: not only has Morrie dampened Zach's womanising, but he gets a private soliloquy about the solid allure of black flesh.) The "blood knot" is not literally frater-

nal but idealised, as deriving from their common humanity. Only when pen-pal "Ethel" proves to be white, and promises Zach an early visit, do things come apart.

He knows that he could never carry off meeting her, but lightskinned Morrie could, and so loyal Zach blows their savings on dressing him for the occasion. Their casual role-playing games, which have studded the action all along, take on a new, nasty tone as they play out dark-skinned loser against inevitable white winner, with threatening overtones. One begins to see how much this play is about: not just p.c. slogans, but deep distress and love. For a two-hander, two-and-a-half hours is rather long; but it resonates for much longer.

At the Gate Theatre, Notting Hill, until January 27.

Theatre/Alastair Macaulay

Delicious wit seriously delivered

behaved so disgracefully in response to the scandal of Oscar Wilde's homosexuality 101 years ago - keeps being given chances to make amends. The most recent chance occurred on Wednesday night - when the Haymarket Theatre premiere of the revival of Peter Hall's 1992 staging of An Ideal Husband closed with a curtain speech by the actor Michael Denison, informing us that Wilde's grandson, Merlin Holland, was present in the audience.

An Ideal Husband is surely one of the two greatest British plays of the 19th century. (The other - The Importance of Being Earnest - had its premiere only six weeks later.) And, more entirely than any other work of Wilde's - save perhaps *The* Portrait of Dorian Gray - it captures the contradictory essence of its author. It has wit of the most deliciously absurd kind, it is mor-ally and ethically very serious, it is profoundly sentimental, and it contains several gestures of sheer melo-

Peter Hall's staging is largely as before, full of flaws and far superior to almost every other Wildean production of recent years. Penny Downie is new to the tricky role of the serious and virtuous and idealistic Lady Chiltern. She plays it with impressive force and the right dash of frigidity, although she is too self-consciously correct. Charm only emerges halfway through the final act, as Lady Chiltern drops her ardent severity; we cannot believe that the languid but wise dandy Lord Goring and she would have been friends long before the play began. But the perfection she demands of her husband and herself tightens the screws of the play very

The most beautiful performance is, as before, that of David Yelland as Sir Robert, her husband: austere, noble, and anguished. He disclose disquieting flashes of this husband's misogyny, he dares to speak

ondon society - which some of the character's witty lines as if he meant them seriously (rare feat in Wilde), and he makes the troubled heart beneath the grave veneer most touching. It is a great pity that he and Downie end the play as if their new words of love were untruths.

Anna Carteret has only improved her fine performance as the witty schemer Mrs Cheveley; she is at least as elegant and sensual as before, and considerably more dangerous. I am only sorry that she has the same trouble with her sibilants as Lady Thatcher has developed, and that she rolls her Rs artfully at the one point when Mrs Cheveley should be beside herself with artless rage. Victoria Hasted makes an amusing impression as Miss Mabel Chiltern, but her Dassy-pulls-it-off manners, her adenoidal eagerness, and her lower-middle-class vowels are still all wrong. The harmless and hilarious old Lady Markby is the sort of act Dulcie Gray does best; Kate Glelgud and Claire Nordon do well by Lady Basildon and Mrs Marchmont

Nothing can seriously blot this production or this play. Just as well, since Martin Shaw as Lord Goring and Peter Gordon as his butler both compete laboriously with Michael Denison as Lord Caversham for the West End's Worst Acting prize. Unfortunately, it is to be predicted that Shaw's interpretation, playing down to the lines rather than up to the character, will be acclaimed as fine acting in some circles. Fortunately, it is also to be predicted that the play will once again be acclaimed too.

In its virtuoso vacillation between the epigrammatically flippant and the morally ardent - both sides most vividly conveyed in the character of Lord Goring - An Ideal Husband expresses a brilliant para-dox that was the core of Wilde himself. Nobody could miss this paradox, whether in 1895 or 1996.

At the Theetre Royal, Haymarket.

Cabaret/Antony Thorncroft

Barbara Cook swings through the century

town - information that will leave the masses unmoved and a small coterie of true believers excitedly plana trip to the Green Room at the Cafe Royal over the next three weeks. For Ms Cook is a cult figure among the fervent fans, not exclusively gay, of the Great American

Her record is impeccable - lead roles in the first productions of Can-dide, The Music Man and She Loves Me, had her name in Broadway lights while Andrew Lloyd Webber was still practicising scales. Now pushing 70, Barbara Cook retains the glamour of the inginue for the committed.

She certainly fills the tiny Green Room stage, a monumental figure in sequinned coral chiffon. But anyone resigned to hearing breathless stories of "dear Cole" and "wonderful Lennie" was quickly relieved. Ms Cook is a very straight per-former, entertaining with her voice rather than her chat, or even her personality.

To show her class she has prepared a new show with many contemporary songs. Perhaps she could have dipped more frequently into the song books of the giants, but there is a generous medley from Gershwin's Porgy and Bess (with a

arbara Cook is back in rivetting "Woman is a sometime thing") and snatches of Arlen and Rodgers and Hammerstein.

The modern songs are remarkably different to the 1930s classics they are personal while the standards are universal. You admire them rather than live them, but Ms Cook who still retains full control over her voice, a light soprano of comfortable range, and with every word and note beautifully rounded. She also has a sense of humour, with a penchant for the comic numbers of her youth, like "Ice Cream" from She Loves Me.

Perhaps she is happier now on the slower songs - there is a daunting performance from the bar stool of that cabaret standard, "When Sonny gets Blue" - but she swings bappily through "Surrey with the fringe on top," helped along by her long-time musical director Wally Harper on discreet piano, plus a bass-man. They sit out the encore, an emotive "We'll be together again", sung without mike and with

plenty of feeling. Barbara Cook in performance is much less theatrical than her reputation, or her fans. She is an honestto-goodness performer, not living on her legend but delivering what she knows best - the 20th century popular song, from then till now.

INTERNATIONAL GUIDE

■ BARCELONA

CONCERT Palau de la Música Catalana Tel: 34-3-2681000 Eugene Istomin: the pianist performs works by Mozart. Beethoven, Debussy and Chopin; 9pm; Jan 22

■ FRANKFURT

CONCERT Alte Oper Tel: 49-69-1340400 Freiburger Barockorchester: with conductor Gottfried von der Goltz and cellist Guido Larisch perform works by C.P.E. Bach, Monn and Mozart; 8pm; Jan 21

■ HELSINKI

OPERA & OPERETTA Opera House Tel: 358-0-403021 Die Fledermaus: by J. Strauss. Conducted by Ari Angervo and performed by the Finnish National Opera. Soloists Include Jukka Salminen, Ritva-Liise Korhonen, Pekka Káhkönen and EevaLiisa Saarinen; 7pm; Jan 20

■ LEIPZIG

Gewandhaus zu Leipzig Tel: 49-341-12700 Rameau-Trio: and violinist D.

Oper Leipzig Tel: 49-341-1261261 Carmen: by Bizet, Conducted by Jiri Kout and performed by the Oper Leipzig and the Gewandhausorchester. Soloists include Comelia Helfricht, Zsuzsanna Bazsinka, Ernesto Grisales, Tomas Möwes and Martin Petzold; 3pm; Jan 21

LONDON

AUCTION Sothebys; Parke Bernet & Co. Tel: 44-171-4938080

 The Cody Archive: sale of the archive of Samuel Franklin Cody, the first man to build and fly an aeroplane in Britain almost 90 years ago. Cody began his career as a cowboy, buffalo hunter and circus sharp-shooter who set up his own Wild West show, touring Britain and continental Europe. Highlights of the sale include two massive Michelin bronze trophies for British aeronauts presented to Cody in 1910 and 1911, original engines used to power Cody's aircraft, hundreds of hand-drawn aircraft and kite designs; 10.30am; Jan 24

St Giles Cripplegate

BBC Singers: with conductor

Christopher Hughes perform works

Stephen Cleobury and organist

Tel: 44-171-6388891

Vogel perform works by Couperin, J.S. Bach and Rameau; 6pm; Jan 21 OPERA & OPERETTA

Tel: 49-89-48098506

 Münchner Rundfunkorchester; with conductor Rico Saccani perform excerpts from Giordano's "Andrea Chénier" and Ponchielli's "La Gioconda". Soloista include soorano Sharon Sweet. mezzo-soprano Bruna Baglioni. tenor Krjistjan Johannsson and baritone Silvano Carroli; 8pm; Jan

DANCE

Nationaltheate

Tel: 49-89-21851920 Swan Lake: a choreography by Ray Barra after Petipa/Iwanov to music by Tchaikovsky, performed by the Bayerisches Staatsbellett. Soloists include Natalja Trokaj and Kirill Melnikov (Jan 20), and Evelyn Hart and Lindsay Fischer (Jan 24); 7.30pm; Jan 20, 24

NEW YORK

CONCERT Alice Tully Hall Tel: 1-212-875-5050 Stuart Neill: recital by the tenor. The programme includes works by Beethoven, Liszt, Strauss, Rossini, Donizetti and others; 8pm; Jan 21 The Walter Reade Theater

Tel: 1-212-875-5600 Kurt Olimann: accompanied by

planist Donald St Pierre. The baritone performs works by W.A. and F.X. Mozart, Brahms, Chanler and Roussel, and Spanish folk songs by Obradors, De la Torre, Nin and Falla: 7.30pm; Jan 22 EXHIBITION

MOMA - Museum of Modern Art Tel: 1-212-708-9400

Roy DeCarava: a Retrospective: this exhibition surveys the work of the American photographer Roy DeCarava through some 200 black-and-white photographs made from the late 1940s through to mid-1990s. The display includes photographs from everday life in Harlem, the civil rights protests of the early 1960s and studies of nature, as well as a selection of jazz photographs; from Jan 25 to May 7

PARIS CONCERT

Salle Gaveau Tel: 33-1 49 53 05 07 Thierry Felix: accompanied by planist Charles Spencer, The bass-baritone performs songs by Schubert and Debussy; 8.30pm; Jan

Salle Pieyel Tel: 33-1 45 61 53 00 Les Pêcheurs de Perles: by Bizet. Concert performance by the Orchestre National d'Ile-de-France with conductor Jacques Mercier, the Ensemble Favart, the Choeur de l'Opéra Comique and the Choeur du Conservatoire du XVIIIème, Soloists include soprano Guylaine Raphanel, tenor Léonard Pezzino, beritone Alain Vemhes and bass Jacques Schwarz; 8.30pm; Jan 20 DANÇE

Theatre des Champs-Elysées

Tel: 33-1 49 52 50 50 Les Karamazov: a choreography

by Borls Eifman, performed by the St Petersburg Ballet. Soloists Include Andrei Gordeev, Igor Markov, Albert Galitchanine and Yurl Ananian; 8.30pm; Jan 22, 23, 27

VIENNA

CONCERT Konzerthaus Tel: 43-1-7121211 Wiener Symphoniker: with conductor Wolfgang Sawallisch and violinist Christian Altenburger perform Dukas' "L'Apprenti Sorcler" Stravinsky's "Violin Concerto" and Beethoven's "Symphony No.5":

11am; Jan 21 OPERA & OPERETTA Burgtheater Tel: 43-1-514442960 Die Dreigroschenoper: by Weill/ Brecht. Conducted by Peter Keuschnig and directed by Paulus Manker. The cast includes Trude Ackerman, Helma Gautler, Marla Happel and Eva Herzig, the costumes are designed by Vivienne

Westwood; 7pm; Jan 22, 24

Wiener Stnatsoper Tel: 43-1-514442960 Lohengrin: by Wagner Conducted by Horst Stein and performed by the Wiener Staatsoper. Soloists include Julia Faulkner, Uta Priew, Kurt Rydi and Gösta Winbergh; 6.30pm; Jan 20, 24 (6pm) Un Ballo in Maschera: by Verdi. Conducted by Stefan Softesz and performed by the Wiener Staatsoper. Soloists Include Mara Zampieri, Anna Gonda, Franco Farina and Renato Bruson; 6pm; Jan 21, 25

■ WASHINGTON

Concert Hall Tel: 1-202-467 4600

 Richard Goods: the pianist performs works by J.S. Bach, Mozart, Brahms and Chopin; 3pm; Jan 21 POP-MUSIC

Lisner Auditorium Tel: 1-202-994-6800

 11th Annual World Folk Music Benefit Concert: featuring Oscar Brand, Dee Carstensen, Chesapeake, Catie Curtis, Bill Danoff, Eddie From Ohio, Foremen Highwaymen, Pete & Maura Kennedy, Schooner Fare, and Side by Side; 6.30pm; Jan 20

ZURICH

CONCERT Opernhaus Zürich Tel: 41-1-268 6666 Frederica von Stade:

accompanied by pianist Martin Katz. The mezzo-soprano performs works by A. Scarlatti, Granados, Ravel, Copland, Ives, Bolcom, Ginastera and Offenbach; 8.30pm; Jan 22 Tonhalle Tel: 41-1-2063434 Camerata Academica Salzburg:

with conductor Sándor Végh and violinist Alexander Janiczek perform the overture to Mozart's "La Finta Giardiniera", his "Violin Concerto" and "Symphony No.29"; 7.30pm;

Jan 21 OPERA & OPERETTA Opernhaus Zürich

Tel: 41-1-268 6668 Der Rosenkavalier: by R. Strauss. Conducted by Franz Welser-Most and performed by the Oper Zürich. Soloists include Gebriele Lechner, Alfred Muff and Cornelia Kallisch: 6pm; Jan 21

WORLD SERVICE BBC for Europe can be received in western Europe on Medium Wave 648 kHZ (463m)

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10.00 European Money Wheel Nonstop live coverage until 14.00 of European business and the financial

Financial Times Business Tonight

Midnight

Financial Times Business **Tonight**



Philip Stephens

Political punch-up

Both main parties are treading gingerly on the issue of sport on television to avoid a confrontation with Rupert Murdoch

As things stand, sport will soon vanish from most of the television screens in British sitting rooms. A handful of prestige events such as soccer's FA cup final and the Wimbledon tennis championbut not to cause "needless offence" to Mr Murdoch. ships may, or may not, escape this fate. But to follow the fortunes of a favourite soccer or cricket team or to watch regularly the best golfers, athletes and tennis players, fans will be obliged to pay a fee to Rupert Murdoch's British Sky Broadcasting television network. Needless to say, Mr Murdoch will not underprice

his product The nation's politicians are transfixed. Sport on television is one of those issues where the demands of public policy collide at a nasty angle with those of raw politics. As one minister puts it. Mr Murdoch offers the government and opposition alike two, equally impalatable, choices.

They can do nothing to oosen his tightening grip, and thereby risk alienating millions of armchair sports fans. Or they can take on Mr Murdoch, legislate to break his looming monopoly - and risk the wrath of Britain's most powerful newspaper group during the forthcoming general election campaign. Remember that headline in Mr Murdoch's best-selling tabloid after the 1992 election declaring "It's the Sun wot won it"? John Major does.

Tony Blair is haunted by it. Mr Major, we are told, has not made his choice. Instead he has established a committee of his most senior ministers to agonise on his behalf. There is similar torment in the Blair camp. True, Labour has been a touch bolder in seeking to strengthen the present, flimsy, legal safeguards against Mr Murdoch acquiring exclusive television rights to a list of the aforementioned prestige events.

But Mr Blair is treading carefully. His promised amendment to the broadcasting bill now before parliament would do nothing to prevent

BSkyB from exploiting more ruthlessly its hold over every other significant sporting occasion. As an aide was overheard remarking. Mr Blair wants the votes of the fans,

Return for a moment to the story so far. Since its creation from the merger of the old Sky network and its failed rival, BSB, BSkyB has used sport as the driving force to sell subscriptions to its satellite network. Sky Sport has spent hundreds of millions of pounds buying exclusive broadcast rights to most topclass soccer, cricket, golf, and rugby tournaments. In the case of rugby league it has bought the whole game.

With deeper pockets than its terrestrial competitors - the public service BBC and the commercial ITV companies the satellite company has encountered minimal resistance. Thus live Premier League soccer is now beamed only to the 20 per cent of households which pay to receive Sky Sports via a satel-

lite dish or a cable link. Mr Murdoch has been shrewd in judging just how far and how fast to go in exploiting his financial muscle. For the most sensitive events, he has chosen to strike deals with the BBC and the ITV companies to sell on some rights. The BBC, for example,

Interests of the self-perpetuating oligarchies which dominate national sport must be set against

the wider interests of all consumers

gets recorded highlights of Premier League soccer and live radio rights for England's overseas cricket matches.

Sky Sports has also held back from seeking monopoly coverage of eight events deemed in the 1990 Broadcasting Act to have a special place in the nation's heritage. These include the Grand National steeplechase and the Olympics as well as the FA cup and

Wimbledon fluals.
The Act prohibits the televising of these on the "pay-per-view" basis, where viewers pay a fee for each programme But Mr Murdoch is perfectly entitled to buy them for Sky Sports for as long as it remains a monthly subscription channel. No one doubts he will do so as soon as he judges the political climate to be right. Witness his £1.2bn bid for European broadcasting rights to the Olympics.

Opinions about Mr Murdoch

tend to polarise. Free market zealots applaud him for his entrepreneurial skills, tenacity and sheer guts. Good luck to him, they say. BSkyB, in which his News Corporation holds the dominant 40 per cent stake, nearly went bust not so long ago, threatening to bring down Mr Murdoch's entire international empire. But he kept his nerve. No-one should begrudge him a just return on his investment.

Ranged against these disciples of the market are the sports sentimentalists who believe that, at its highest level, competitive sport is properly the property of the nation. To deny universal access to the performances of the English or Scottish soccer teams or to test matches at Lords would somehow be to rob people of their rights of citizenship. I count myself in

neither camp. The governing bodies of the main sports take Mr Murdoch's side. They were long exploited by the old BBC-ITV duopoly. Sky Sports has greatly increased the total number of television hours devoted to sport. It has far fewer viewers that the terres trial stations, but the fans can watch their favourite teams for much longer. Satellite television has also financed an improvement in the dismal condition of the nation's stadia, not to say the six-figure salaries which are now widespread in sport.

So it is hardly surprising that the leading lights of the Football League, the Test and County Cricket Board and the Rugby Union turned out in force at Mr Murdoch's command this week to insist they retain a right to sell their product to the highest bidder. But rights cannot be so narrowly defined. The interests of the self-perpetuating oligarchies which dominate national sport must be set against the wider interests of all consumers. Be in no doubt, Mr Murdoch is building a monopoly. He is not interested in compet ing in the marketplace but in rigging it. If his predatory purchasing succeeds in driving the BBC and ITV out of sport, he will be able to name his own price for subscriptions to

To brake his ambitions, the politicians must, at a very minimum, back two amendments to the broadcasting bill. The first would strengthen the protection afforded to the listed occasions by guarantee-ing the access of terrestrial television. The second, more importantly, would require any broadcaster securing exclusive live cover of a particular event to sell on subsidiary rights, such as recorded highlights, to at least one of its competitors.

Sky Sports.

Mr Murdoch of course would be cross. So too would be the placemen who control British sport. But they would still make lots of money. As for Mr Major and Mr Blair, they should be made to ask themselves an awkward question. How healthy is democracy when they weigh so carefully the interests of one businessman against that of the many millions of voters who put them in office?

·LETTERS TO THE EDITOR·

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL

We are keen to encourage letters from readers around the world. Letters may be faxed to +14 171-873 5938 (please set fax to fine). e.mail: letters.editor@fi.com Translation may be available for letters written in the main international languages.

Not popular with German population

From Mr Gunuer Habermann. Sir, It is not surprising that no senior German politician is joining the meeting in Brussels to promote Emu ("Germans snub single currency conference", January 16). It is not very popular to promote things ordinary Germans don't

want. Why take silver when you will lose your gold? When German finance minister Mr Theo Waigel amounced that Germany did not meet the Maastricht criteria in 1995 a few days ago ("Germany failed Maastricht test' ", January 10), it came to my mind that Germany could (deliberately) fail to meet the criteria in the future. As Mr Waigel will not allow the criteria to be changed, he might be bold or clever enough to let the Buro start without Germany. Luxembourg is a good starter for Emu as it has a long experience in sharing a currency with Belgium.

Günter Habermann. Langes Gräthlein 89. 97078 Würzburg, Germany

True picture of populations

From Mr Rupert Blum. Sir, As usual, Joe Rogaly's article is interesting but, like most writers on demography, he treats the number of children born as indicators of future population trends ("The White Tribe's sunset", January

This is unsound. What matters is the number of surviving female children. Accordingly, population growth in countries with a tradition of female infanticide (or equivalent abortion), like China, will be slower than in societies without such a tradition.

Are there any statistics available which take account

Rupert Blum, Prior House,

Threat to UK defence tendering

From Mr Alan Mauser. Sir, Your article "Land Rover set for Army order" (January 16) misses an essential point. The ambulance contract was put out to competitive tender. Manufacturers – European and British - were invited to

The rigours of Ministry of Defence trials are not cheap. Steyr Daimler Puch will have spent upwards of £3m during the three-year project. That the Steyr vehicle won and was the recommendation from the Ministry of Defence seems now in little doubt.

competa.

As a result of the intensive lobbying campaign, the defence minister will choose Land Rover, conveniently ignoring the results of a competition designed and very efficiently managed by his

procurement departments. These competitions, according to a statement made by Mr James Arbuthnot, minister of state for defence procurement (Hansard, October 17 1995), have been the key to reducing the cost of procurement and improving the competitiveness of the UK defence industry and have concentrated resources on enhancing the capabilities of our frontline troops.

That competition is the only

way to find the equipment which is the most operationally efficient and best value for money is in no doubt. To ignore the results of such competition will deprive the frontline troops of the best equipment available and ensure that the taxpayer does not receive the optimum value for money.

More importantly, bistantly to ignore a recommendation from the procurement department in favour of a "Buy British" campaign will ensure that few, if any, companies will ever again risk the UK competitive tender system.

Not only will the frontline soldier be deprived of the best available equipment, but once again the Ministry of Defence and taxpayer will be at the mercy of a British defence industry deprived of competition.

Alan Mawer, Automotive Technik. Lawson Hunt Industrial Guildford Road,

Broadbridge Heath. West Sussex RH12 3JR, UK

Turning point for Italy should be credited to Dini

Fram Mr Francesco Gianazzi and Mr Carlo Favero. Sir. Lex on Italy (January 15) fails to distinguish between the

Dini and the Berlusconi governments, and thus does not do justice to the former. When Mr Dini took over in February 1995 the spread between Italian and German 10-year bonds had risen to 650 basis points - from 250 at the beginning of the Berlusconi government: it is now back to

Over the same period the

differential between 10-year BTPs [government bonds] and the fixed interest rate on 10-year swaps - a good measure of issuer risk – fell from 150 basis points to below 30. The lira strengthened vis-a-vis the D-Mark from 1100/ 1200 during the spring to below 1080. The Dini budget for 1996. approved by parliament before the resignation of the government, reduces the public sector borrowing requirement from 7.4 per cent of gross domestic product in 1995 to 5.8, with a surplus net of interest that rises from 3.4 to 4.3 per cent of GDP. For the first time in 20 years the debt-to-GDP ratio at the end of 1996 will be below its level at the start of the year.

has been weaker than necessary, and further adjustment will be needed. But, in sharp contrast to France, a significant correction of Italy's social security system has taken place with the agreement of the unions and thus without jeopardising the wage pact - a crucial factor to make sure that the rise in the consumer price index will not

translate into permanently

higher inflation.

After a complete stall during the Berlusconi government. 1995 has also seen some action on privatisations: the much criticised flotation of ENI has yielded to shareholders a return of 7 per cent over two months. The Dini government also obtained parliamentary approval for the bill that allows it to set up the regulatory authority for electricity - so far the stumbling block for the privatisation of ENEL. A reduction of Italy's "debt mountain" will require a generation, but 1995 - as were 1992-93 – should be accounted for as a turning point in Italy's fiscal troubles.

Francesco Giavazzi, Carlo Favero. Bocconi University,

Sociological view of art

From Mrs M.A. Oshorna. Sir, I have not yet been able to see the latest Tate exhibition, "Picturing Blackness". However, William Packer's article "A black mark for the Tate" (January 13) has certainly given me an incentive to make the effort to udge for myself whether this is indeed an ignorant exercise

in pseudo social history. Mr Packer seems to imply that there is no validity in examining paintings from a sociological point of view. However, if it is valid to examine the works of writers such as Austen, Dickens and Shakespeare for sociological insights why should not paintings be subject to the same treatment?

Very often those who make carping comments about political correctness fail to recognise the underlying reasons which have given rise to the phrase: that black people, like women and disabled people (to name but three groups) have long been treated in ways which insidiously reinforce their subservient status in society.

۹.

M.A. Osborne, Wirral LGO 3RD, UK

Europa · Dominique Moïsi

The ghost of a relationship

The Franco-German alliance needs to recover its dynamism if the EU is to get back on track

Simon Bolivar, the 19th-century leader who fought to free South America from Spanish rule, once likened the task of unifying that continent to "ploughing the sea". It would be an exaggeration to say that François Mitterrand, the former French president, felt the same way at the time of his death about the unification of Europe. But he was certainly disillusioned with the direction in which the Euro-pean Union is moving.

His disenchantment was more than justified: the EU is in crisis. Its central message that economic and monetary union must be the next indispensable step in the unification process - is wrong. The mes-sengers conveying it are weak. And Europe's principal engine, the Franco-German relationship, is showing signs of strain

Emu may be economically desirable and technically feasible. Politically, however, it is proving to be disastrous and it is highly unlikely that the concept can be sold to the European public.

The problem is not the timetable - why should 2002 be any easier than 1999? It is not even the convergence criteria, although the insistence that countries must meet them to qualify for monetary union should be dropped.

It is that the entire European project has come to hinge solely on the implementation of a technical reform - monetary union - which the broad mass of Europeans find, at best, irrelevant and, at worst, unacceptable. This is chiefly because they can see no social benefits that would result from

Other important issues unemployment, institutional reform, foreign and security policy - are as pressing as ever. So why should Europe focus to the exclusion of all else on a monetary union that will make the process of forg-



The smiles of Jacques Chirac, French president (left), and Kohl conceal a strained Franco-German relationship

existing EU members more problematical and which, fur-thermore, offers no answer to the problem of achieving enlargement? Seen from Warsaw, Budapest or even Prague, monetary union is clearly not a top priority.
The negative message is

reinforced by the personalities of the messengers. When Jacques Santer replaced Jacques Delors as president of the European Commission, many thought that a pragmatic, low-key, relatively uncharismatic figure was precisely what Europe needed.

With the benefit of a year's hindsight, and as one low-key presidency - Spain - is replaced by a potentially chaotic one - Italy - more and more people are regretting that there is no strong and inspired leader at the head of the Com-

Under such circumstances, a close, dynamic Franco-German relationship is needed as a defence of last resort against mounting hostility towards the EU. Unfortunately, this is not what we have got. In spite of reassuring official statements and goodwill on

both sides, the Franco-German

relationship is no longer what

it used to be - for several rea-

For one thing, the ghost of François Mitterrand still hangs heavily over it. Granted, the stability of such an alliance depends much more on strategic concerns than on the per-sonal chemistry between political leaders. But personalities do matter. Seen from Bonn, the new

French team does not give the impression of sharing the same interest and dedication in pursuing the Franco-German relationship, or the cause of Europe at large, as some of its predecessors. Seen from Paris - and many

other European capitals -Chancellor Helmut Kohl's forcefulness when addressing European issues can all too easily be seen as pushiness. In fact, the two countries are

palpably growing further apart in a process driven by frustra-tion, disenchantment and their relative loss of interest in each other. The antipathy sparked by last year's resumption of French nuclear testing did not create this situation; it merely served to underline it.

The root cause of this cooling of relations between the two countries may be the unification of Germany and the

Europe that has followed in its wake. France, afflicted with self-doubt, has become increasingly unsure of how to deal with this new Germany. The social crisis in France at the end of last year can only have reinforced this state of

Even François Mitterrand the "great European" whose legacy in this area has been legitimately praised - contributed to the cooling of relations by failing to grasp Europe's changed priorities in a postcold war world.

In sum, the present diver-gence between the two nations was not, for the most part, a consequence of the fact that Germany was looking east while France was looking south. It is driven much more by the present tendency of both countries to look after their own interests first. This has left their European rheto ric sounding increasingly hol-low and irrelevant.

It is highly symbolic that the number of French students learning German has remained low, while the number of Germans learning French is on the decline. And yet it is still possible for Franco-German ventures to be successful, as shown by Arte, the highquality Franco-German television channel.

If the development of the EU is to be put back on track before it is too late, it is essential that the lost dynamism of the Franco-German relationship should be

Some think the UK has an important role to play, arguing that it could act as a catalyst to bring France and Germany closer together. It would be a mistake to rely mainly on Britain to effect such a rapprochement, however, A third party may have sufficient influence to strengthen an already thriving alliance still further. But it would be asking too much to expect it to inject new life into a faltering rela-

The author is deputy director of Paris-based Institut Français des Relations Internationales. He writes here in a personal

If you think Europe has a future, we'd like to hear about it

Whether you're for or against Europe, its future is an increasingly hot topic of debate. Now, on the eve of the 21st century our destiny seems unclear, and is certainly unresolved.

Which is not surprising, considering the complexity of the issues and the number of people involved, all of whom have their own ideas on the Europe of the future.

At the Philip Morris Institute, we have an interest in those ideas. As a think-tank that publishes discussion papers on European policy issues, our aim is to provoke original, incisive and informed debate.

That's why we've launched a writing competition called the Philip Morris Institute Europe Prize, which is open to journalists as well as to non-journalists from any walk of life. In a first stage, we're asking entrants to write a 300-word synopsis in English, French, German, Italian or Spanish on the theme

influential publications will select the 50 best synopses and invite their writers to develop an article of 1,200 - 2,000 words in one of the EU's official languages. From these final entries, the jury will make three awards: the Philip Morris Institute Europe Prize,

What Europe for the New Millennium?' A jury

of journalists from some of Europe's most

submission from a young writer (age 18-30). The article that wins the Philip Morris Institute Europe Prize will be published in major newspapers across Europe.

worth Ecu 15,000, and two further awards of Ecu

6,000 and 4,000. At the jury's discretion, a special

award of Ecu 5,000 may also be made for the best

The closing date for synopses is March 15th, 1996. Only original, unpublished material is eligible. For entry details and other information, please contact the Philip Morris Institute at the address below.

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Papandreou's daunting legacy

The belated and undignified departure of Mr Andreas Papandreou from the Greek political stage, after clinging to power in spite of chronic ill health, should at last bring an opportunity to tackle long-overdue reforms. The Greek political system, its economy and the bloated state bureaucracy, all require radical surgery. lts foreign relations, whether with its partners in the European Union, its neighbours in the Balkans, or most important, its ancient adversary, Turkey, are in need of urgent improvement. The task for Mr Costas Simitis Mr Papandreon's successor, is

daunting.

The retiring prime minister had an unenviable reputation in the outside world as a tiresome politician. Yet his legacy in Greece is not entirely negative. He presided over a modernisation of Greek society, and a liberalisation of its laws, including the introduction of civil marriages, women's rights and a greater awareness of the need to protect the environment. But he left a system of political cronyism, along with malpractice in hiring, tendering and procure-

ment in the state sector, which

seriously undermine good govern-In certain elementary ways, the Greek economy is more rationally organised than it was 15 years ago, when Mr Papandreou came to power. A vigorous money market has replaced crudely administered interest rates, curbs on capital flows have been lifted, and the stock exchange has revived from

quiescence. In recent months, Greece has won mild praise from the European Commission for its efforts to restore a minimum of health to the economy, and repair the damage of previous years, largely caused by Mr Papandreou's first

Soaring deficit

That administration was responsible for the enforced nationalisation of many Greek industrial companies, for maintaining indexlinked wage and pension rises in the face of a soaring public deficit, and for the consequent accumulation of a huge national debt. It new prime minister in his tough falled to crack down on chronic task.

tees throughout the public service, from mainline ministry posts, to humble jobs in hospitals and post

When he came to power in 1981, Mr Papandreou was guilty of cultivating the illusion that Greece could ignore western Europe, and fashion its own model of social-ism. He also skilfully rode the wave of anti-western fury that swept the country after the col-lapse of the pro-American military

Flow of subsidies

Latterly he played his own grudging part in toning down that mood, by demonstrating in prac-tice that neither rabid anti-Americanism, nor flirting with radical Arab regimes, provided any realis-tic basis for a foreign policy. Hav-ing obstructed Greek membership of the European Community when he was in opposition, he used the generous flow of subsidies from Brussels to blunt anti-European sentiment and ensure his own re-

Yet in the declining years of his rule, he again exploited Balkan nationalism in whipping up hostility towards the fragile democracy in neighbouring Macedonia, and imposing a trade embargo. That action ran counter to the positive role in the region which Greece should play as a stabilising force in the Balkans, promoting crossborder trade and prosperity.

Mr Simitis has rightly put eco-nomic reform and reform of the inefficient bureaucracy at the top of his agenda. At least 50,000 jobs, or one in ten, need to be pruned from the public service. He admits that the civil service is "incapable of putting policy into practice". It will require political courage to carry out those reforms against the opposition of many Papandreou loyalists in his party.

For its part, the European Union must help. That does not involve giving cash hand-outs without ensuring that the money is well spent. Instead, it means setting strict conditionality on the substantial budget transfers Greece gets from Brussels, to back the

Another nudge to UK rates

Yesterday's quarter-point cut in interest rates surprised most observers, but did not fundamentally change the short-run outlook for UK economic policy. The domestic economic data published since last month's quarter-point reduction underline the absence of price or demand pressures. Thus, the second easing of the present cycle can be defended on broadly the same grounds as the first.

For some, the fact that there has not been any striking economic news since the last rate reduction merely demonstrates that the move was politically motivated. With the government facing a shrinking parliamentary majority and renewed mutterings about a leadership challenge to Mr John Major, the prime minister, chancellor Mr Kenneth Clarke is under pressure to err on the side of

Equally, investors are looking for any evidence that he is trying to inflate the government out of trouble. The fact that the chancellor opted for two small reductions in consecutive months shows that he has no compunction about cutting interest rates as soon, and as often, as economic conditions will allow. Equally, the refusal of the governor of the Bank of England, Mr Eddie George, to comment on the cut leaves some suspecting yet another disagreement between the Treasury and the Bank over whether a reduction was needed so soon after the last.

Unworried investors

Yet the reaction in financial markets yesterday implies that investors were broadly unworried by such speculation. Sterling held its ground against other European currencies, while UK bond futures ended the day significantly higher. On balance, investors' equanim-

ity seems justified. We shall not know for another six weeks whether Mr George did in fact oppose yesterday's cut and it will be even longer before it will be possible to judge whether this second reduction was justified. For now, though, the weight of evi-dence favours Mr Clarke's deci-

On the domestic front, Wednesday's unexpectedly small drop in unemployment hints at a possible slowdown in employment growth.

as companies seek to run down their excessive stock levels. The large adjustments to retail sales required during the Christmas period make it hard to draw strong conclusions from the latest December data. But yesterday figures showed little sign of a strong upturn from the sluggish performance of the preceding

Mr George might have disagreed with Mr Clarke at Wednesday's monthly monetary meeting on the grounds that another cut in rates would be taking unnecessary risks with the inflation target. The December inflation data were disappointing, showing that the retail price index (excluding mortgage interest payments) had grown by 3 per cent over the previous twelve months, up from 2.9 per cent in November.

Latent recovery

Some would also point to strong growth in real money demand as evidence of a latent recovery in domestic confidence that will soon filter through to final demand. But, with producer price pressures continuing to slow, and unexpect edly modest growth in average earnings in December, the risks to domestic inflation of a small monetary boost would appear to be

Self-evidently, the strongest arguments for yesterday's move relate less to conditions at home than to growing worries about the downturn in continental European growth. As was true of Mr Clarke's UK move, the quarterpoint reduction in French interest rates yesterday owed much to a growing belief that the depresse state of German demand means further interest rate cuts from the Bundesbank in the coming

months are highly likely. With what appears to be a competitive exchange rate, moderate tax reductions, and a half-point reduction in interest rates to support it, the UK economy may turn out to need less prompting out of its growth pause than the princi-pal continental ones. Mr Clarke should not bank on being able to follow, still less anticipate, every future Bundesbank rate reduction. For the moment, though, what was right for Germany is also



At the centre of the City web

One powerful UK fund manager is poised to decide the outcome of Granada's hotly-contested takeover bid for Forte, says John Gapper

wo meetings this morning will probably decide the outcome of the most hotly-contested takeover bid in the City for several years. Sir Rocco Forte and Mr Gerry Robinson, chief executives of Forte and Granada, will separately come to court a woman whose company holds their fate in its hands. That woman is Ms Carol Galley, vice-chairman of Mercury Asset

Ms Galley, who runs the UK institutional investment side of Mercury, has a pivotal influence in deciding whether to cast the vote of the 14.6 per cent of Forte that MAM holds for or against Granada's hos-tile bid. If MAM places its faith in Mr Robinson, as it did in 1994 during a battle for London Weekend Television, the independent broadcaster, Sir Rocco's grip will probably be prised from the company his father founded 60 years ago.

It is an awesome power, but one to which she is accustomed. As the biggest and most consistently suc-cessful manager of UK pension funds - with £600n under management - MAM is used to deciding the fate of companies. Ms Galley has also had to live with the recriminations of suitors it rejects. Mr Greg Dyke of LWT, for example, complained publicly about the way she soomed him.

Along the way, Ms Galley has attracted a degree of fame and mystique, which has only been stimulated by her determination to discourage publicity. As one of a small number of women in senior posttions in the City, she attracts what some think of as a disproportionate amount of attention. "The reason for all the questioning is she is a woman. I think it is unfair," says Mr Leonard Licht, a former senior erecutive at MAM.

Yet Ms Galley is unlikely to escape public scrutiny.MAM's policy is to pick companies that it believes are undervalued and invest in them heavily. That makes it prone to being the arbiter of bid battles. And Ms Galley is always at the heart of such contests. After 25 years at the company, she has come to embody MAM's values. Her fund managers look to her to "bring us back to basics", as one describes it.

Indeed, Ms Galley espouses such values with an almost moral feryour. She has been known to describe the wasting of equity capital as "a sin". MAM is relentless in trying to pick those companies whose managers will earn money for the trustees of pension funds. It can be ruthless in its treatment of those who fail. "Equity is a scarce commodity, and nobody should chuck it around," says one MAM fund manager.

Although courteous, Ms Gailey is not shy about expressing such views with a great deal of force to executives with whom MAM is unhappy. She can be scathing in private about the egos of managers who behave as though they own their companies. In her view, it is not simply a matter of improving investment returns. She also believes that society is better off for

having fund managers who stamp out corporate complacency.

Ms Galley, who is 47, has been thoroughly immersed in the ethos of MAM since joining in 1971. The daughter of a local government officer in Newcastle-upon-Tyne, she studied modern languages at Leicester University before deciding to seek a job in the City. It was a radical choice, since most of her female friends were opting for employment as teachers or doctors. But Ms Galley wanted to do something different.

She joined the investment department of S.G. Warburg, which became MAM, working in the library. She encountered the culture, established by Siegmund War-burg and Henry Grunfeld, of hard work, innovative ideas, and teamwork. Some argue that the culture

lasted longer at MAM under Mr Licht and fund managers such as Mr Stephen Zimmerman, now a deputy chairman of MAM, than at Warburg, the merchant bank which was its perent until last year. She was taken under the wing of

Mr Licht when she displayed ambition and the confidence to suggest ideas. Since then, she has risen rapidly. She still embodies the values she found when she arrived, notably hard work and discipline. She arrives at 8.80sm each morning, and works until 7pm. "She is extremely hard-working and dedicated to her clients. Nothing else clutters up her mind," says a colleague.

he was appointed a vicechairman last June, and was paid an estimated £490,000 last year. Yet Ms Galley still works at a desk with seven other fund managers, using her office only for private meetings. She has strict standards, and does not tolerate laxity in staff any more than in companies, but her colleagues like her. "Most pecple like having Carol around. Things work well with her in charge," says one.

Ms Galley, who is married to German stockbroker, has turned the fact that she is a woman in a male world to her advantage. She is always immaculately presented, with a smattering of gold jewellery. Some colleagues says she is willing to exert female charm to get her way. "I would not go so far as to call it flirting, but there is an element of that," says one.

Rival fund managers say they

admired Ms Gallev's decisive quality, and willingness to stick her neck out in investing money. "She is a very neat manager. If she likes a share she backs it, and if she loses faith, she cuts it cleanly," says one competitor. "She was quick to spot a long time ago that MAM should make strong judgments about com-panies, and not attempt to be all

things to everyone," says another. Having proved her worth as a fund manager, Ms Galley's role now is to oversee the UK institutional department, and ensure its old virtues are preserved. That is harder as the value of "active" fund man-agers who place large bets on a few companies, rather than buying small shares in many, is questioned. They must constantly prove they can perform better than a fund

which mirrors an index. MAM's approach typifies this, with a tradition of spending many hours on intense research of companies before deciding they are undervalued by their present share price. It then buys a large stake and waits for its intuition to be proved correct. A typical case was Granada, which Ms Galley felt had a collection of assets the value of which could be released by a new management under Mr Robinson.

She was right about Granada, but has been wrong about some others. MAM has relatively few shares of regional electricity companies in its portfolio because it has taken the view that it does not like regulated industries. It has thus missed out on the escalation of such shares since privatisation in 1991. Yet in the main, MAM's intuitions have been more right than wrong, helping it to keep attracting funds.

One difficulty with the approach is that it puts MAM at the heart of takeover battles. "We look for easets that are under valued by the market. Of course, some companies will look for exactly the same thing," says one fund manager. Indeed, there may be a temptation for MAM to encourage takeovers precisely to release hidden value in its holdings. If that were so, it would start acting as a hidden corporate raider.

MAM fund managers say that acting this way would be counter to its principles of investing in shares that have long-term underlying value. "If Carol asked why I was

holding a share, and I said it was because I expected a takeover, she would probably tear me off a strip,' says one. Yet if takeovers occur, MAM has no scruples about taking advantage of the opportunity if it

trusts the hostile bilder.

Some fund managers argue that
this apparent impartiality creates a damaging uncertainty among companies, which does nothing to create shareholder wealth. They say managers should be able to concen trate on running a company with-out constantly having to fear that shareholders will sell out. "You cannot run a business properly if you are spending all your time looking

over your shoulder," says one. The most comfort MAM can offer to executives like Sir Rocco is that it takes seriously the responsibility of deciding on bids. It is sensitive to the notion that Ms Galley will simply back her own hunch. It has set ud a five-person committee to exam ine both sides of the argument, and decide. Ms Galley is an influential member of this committee, rather than the sole judge.

Yet other fund managers say they wish they did not have to play such a role. "To be honest, any company being taken over is probably 0.3 per cent of my portfolio. My job in investing, not choosing between two managements," says one. Another says fund managers have to take decisions by default because the actual shareholders - pension funds - do not usually want to consider the issues themselves.

Such apathy places a heavy responsibility on Ms Galley. It is perhaps as well that by temperament as well as conviction, she is suited to dispensing financial justice. "Carol can be tough about dropping people whom she no lon-ger believes in," says a colleague. Sir Rocco must be a persuasive suitor this morning. Otherwise, he could end up as wounded as others who have experienced the clean cut of Carol Galley.

· OBSERVER

Towering ambition

Last autumn, Chancellor : Helmut Kohl lämbasted young Germans for studying too long and living off the fortunes of their more enterprising parents. But he did rather lack a role model. Enter Lars Windhorst, a 19-year-old who runs a Hong Kong based conglomerate with annual sales of DM250m.

Windhorst and Europe's oldest statesman now get on famously. The prodigy accompanied Kohl on his recent trip to Asia and sat next to him at the great cookbook launch. On Wednesday, Windhorst officially "came out" in Bonn, hosting a party for 600 or so worthles, the chancellor included. The function raised some DM300,000 for Kohl's wife's charity.

Windhorst started importing electronics parts from China aged 14, and left school two years later. But the really remarkable thing is that he has thrie to fritter away with Kohl. After all he is supervising the construction of a 220 storey office block in Ho Chi Minh City. It's name? Yup, the Windhorst Tower.

Past masters At last Credit Lyonnais, the state-owned bank which managed to drag a FFri25hn financial

restructuring through the French parliament last year, has found a way to capitalise on past

misfortunes.
Having clambered back to modest profitability following three years of heavy losses, it is now out on the road selling its expertise on

In the next few days, some CL executives will be dropping in on Banco do Brasil, which has beensuffering similar financial

So will Crédit Lyonnais be charging for its expertise? The bank says not, stressing that it remains active in Brasil and is offering help rather in the spirit of co-operation than as a means to . instant bucks.

Banco do Brasil does seem to be forking out for the airfares. But. given Crédit Lyonnais: success in pushing through its rescue in the face of fierce opposition, that modest outlay is probably cheap at the price.

Hume run

John Hume, that most decorated of politicians, has won yet another honour. The SDLP MP for Poyle, in Northern Ireland, has been voted person of the year by the Irish News. ·

Home scored 679 votes in the poll. In second place, more than 100 votes behind was Bill Clinton. Northern Ireland's most famous recent visitor. Gerry Adams was

. well back in the field with 128 votes a short neck ahead of Pope John Paul and local poet and Nobel

prize winner Seamus Heaney. What of other Ulster luminaries such as Ian Paisley, Jim Molyneux and new Unionist leader, David Trimble? They did not even get to the starting post.

There again, the Irish News is known as the newspaper of the nationalist, Catholic community.

Switched off

■ Talk is cheap, which perhaps explains why Phil Donahue, 60, pioneer of the US daytime TV talk show, is bowing out after nearly 30 years' prime time. He will bring down the curtain at the end of this TV season after 6,000 shows. His producers blame a drop in ratings, loss of exposure in key cities and competition from the bevy of talk shows that have popped up in - recent years. 🦩

In his beyday Donahue was the hottest talk show host around. mixing the serious and not-so serious. He started out in Dayton. Ohio, switched to Chicago in 1974, and ended up in New York 10 years

This was probably his biggest mistake: As he moved closer and closer to the centre of the TV. establishment, he lost touch with erassroots America, allowing competitors such as Chicago's Oprah Winfrey to move in. However, his downfall really came

about because of his failure to follow sleazier competitors downmarket with shows about sexual escapades, violence and

French leave

Patrick Stevenson, 50, long the big wheel behind Paribas Capital Markets, has finally packed his bags. He was effectively moved aside last September, when he was suddenly accorded some suspiciously grand titles, notably chairman of Paribas Europe and senior adviser to Banque Parihas! executive committee.

Stevenson would undoubtedly be a big catch for the likes of Baring Securities. However, a twosentence statement reveals that he is leaving to pursue other interests with the full agreement of Banque Paribas". So it sounds as if talk of

Stevenson starting his own investment banking business is premature. More likely he has spent the past four months negotiating a hefty pay-off in return for signing a fairly stringent non-compete agreement.

Bottle law

A recent survey of US lawyers showed that 90 per cent of them were bottle-fed as children. Does this mean that only 10 per cent trusted their mothers?

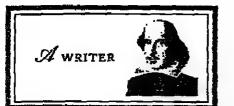
Financial Times

100 years ago Kaiser William's message

The Message of Kaiser William on the occasion of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Empire produced a favourable effect upon the markets in consequence of the strikingly pacific tone that pervades it. The contrast between this peaceful if magniloguent utterance and the belligerent message despatched the other day by the same potentate to President Kruger is indicative of more climbing-down on the part of His Imperial Majesty. No doubt he scarcely relishes the easy way in which France and Great Britain are settling their differences. Rather late in the day, the German Emperor is learning

50 years ago

Buenos Aires explosion A bomb exploded at the entrance of the Buenos Aires Stock Exchange yesterday, shattering windows and causing alarm, but there were no casualties. The police immediately cordoned off the area. The explosion occurred shortly after the ending of the three-day lock-out called by employers as a protest against the Government decree ordering higher wages and a bonus for workers. All businesses are now open and the city is quiet.



FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday January 19 1996



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Tokyo pay bargaining talks begin with conflict

Japanese unions reject proposal for wage freeze help tackle

Japan's annual wage bargaining round got off to a heated start yesterday when union leaders rejected employers' proposals for a wage freeze. Mr Jinnosuke Ashida, presi-

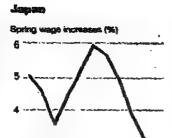
dent of the Rengo trade union confederation, warned employers that a freeze would damage consumer confidence just as the economy was beginning to recover from the longest recession since the 1930s. He has recommended unions seek an average rise of 4.4 per cent.

Mr Jiro Nemoto, president of the Nikkeiren employers' association, said a freeze was justified because the labour market remained weak, despite the improved economic outlook. He said companies should invest profits in maintaining jobs rather

than in wage increases.
Official figures show that unemployment rose by half a point to a record 8.4 per cent over the year to November. The number of jobs available for every 100 job seekers was unchanged at

about 63 over the same period. Mr Nemoto also pointed to the widening gap between Japanese and international labour costs. In dollar terms, Japan's unit labour costs were now nearly one-third higher than the US, according to the Bank of Japan. Six years ago

Yesterday's open exchange was



1985 87 89 81 92

since the Nikkeiren proposed a wage freeze last week. It marks the start of the spring wage round, or shunto.

Unions feel they merit want a reward for a year in which the gentle corporate earnings recovery from after a four-year decline is set to accelerate, with pre-tax profits already up by nearly a quarter in the six months to Sep-

The heads of at least two of Japan's largest companies do not support the proposed freeza Mr Hiroshi Okuda, president of Toyots, Japan's largest car producer, and Mr Nobuhiko Kawamoto, president of Honda, have opposed it as a risk to the domestic economy.

But they are unlikely to sup-

launches plans to urban crisis

The French government yester-

Successive French governments have launched more than half a dozen packages since the late 1970s in response to growing concerns about violence, poverty and deprivation in the suburbs

Juppé, the prime minister, announced the latest plan in Mar-seilles. Mr Jean-Claude Gaudin was elected mayor of that city last June before being his minister responsible for local

cisms that the government had not carried out adequate consultation before launching its proposed social security reforms late last year. Mr Juppe emphasised the need for "dialogue".

mental committee open for the first time to local officials and community organisations. He told them he was offering ideas to them but was open to discussion on both their "principle and application".

ires to improve safety reduce violence and said the government would put much more emphasis on economic remedies

He announced a large number of initiatives, including educational programmes targeted at juvenile delinquents, innovative teaching and greater partnership

Hongkong Bank suffers \$42m fraud at Indonesian branch

By Norma Cohen in London and

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation has discovered a \$12m fraud at its main branch in Jakarta, it said yester-

The bank declined to give details of the fraud, which But it is understood to involve the transfer of funds through an

elaborate chain of Indonesian and oversees banks, Indonesian police are holding several sus-The bank said yesterday it had

tightened security controls since the discovery of the fraud and was considering further changes. It stressed that none of its employees had been dismissed in said \$7.8m of the missing funds had so far been located.

The bank was seeking to recover the remaining funds and had notified its insurers - whose policies cover fraudulent acts by employees - of the fraud. The funds were apparently

transferred through a succession of banks after requests to distelegraphic orders over a period of three days in December.

Some of these orders were refused by Hongkong Bank in Jakarta, but others were complied with, and funds were subsequently deposited in two other Indonesian banks - Unibank and

Modern Bank in Jakarta. The orders were allegedly made by an Italian-based company which had opened accounts at overseas branches of Union Bank of Switzerland, Swiss Bank Corporation and Dresdner

port the Rengo's full demands

Employers last year gave the low-est basic wage rise on record, 2.8

per cent, after a heated argument

along similar lines. On average

basic wages account for two-

thirds of total pay, a low propor-tion by international standards.

Overtime and bonuses make up

the rest, giving employers the flexibility to adjust total pay as

the profits outlook changes in the

months after the basic wage set-

That is why Japanese employ

ees' total compensation is esti-

mated by the Organisation for

Economic Co-operation and Development have risen more

Economists expect the final

wage offers, in February and

March, to be more widely spread between profitable and poorly

performing companies than in

But the average pay rise is unlikely to be much larger than in 1995, said Mr Brian Pearce, chief economist at SBC Warburg

to retain profits for higher

bonuses and overtime later in the

year, in the hope the recovery will gather force.

in which the Nikkeiren has

sought a pay freeze. In each of

the previous three years, employ-

ers ended up agreeing a rise well over the rate of inflation.

This is the fourth year in a row

Securities.

slowly than wages last year.

Staff at one of the Indones banks were said to have become suspicious about what were described by police as "irregularities" over payments. They declined to hand over the cash and called the police.

notified the Bank of England, the Hong Kong Monetary Authority and Indonesia's central bank, of the fraud.

HSBC emphasised that the missing funds were insignificant when compared to its overall canital base. "Irrespective of the eventual outcome, this unfortunate event has no material effect on the financial standing of Hongkong Bank or HSBC Holdines," the company said.

Simitis chosen as Greek prime minister

Continued from Page 1

when delegates to a special Pasok congress will vote for a new party chairman. To ensure Pasok remains

united, Mr Simitis is expected to offer senior cabinet positions to both his main rivals. Mr Tsochai-zopoulos is likely to remain in charge of public administration and the Pasok party machine. while Mr Arsenis should keep his post at the defence ministry. However, Mr Simitis is expec-ted to include in his cabinet

Papandreou's retirement last year. Most prominent are Ms Vasso Papandreon, a former European commissioner, and Mr Theodoros Pangalos, the former Buropean affairs minister.

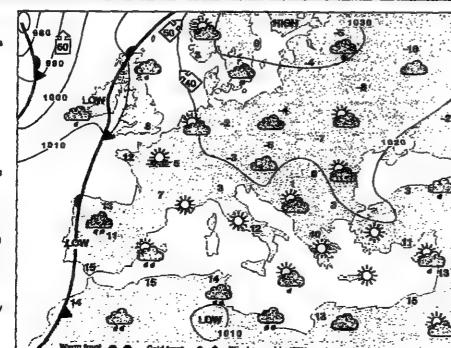
FT WEATHER GUIDS

Europe today

A large area of high pressure over Scandinavia will direct cold air into north-east Europs. Cloud will become widespread from Scandinavia and Russia, to the UK and northern parts of the Alps. Northern Europe will have light rain or drizzle and possibly snow. Southern Spain and Italy will have showers as a low pressure area moves eastward. Most parts of Italy will be sunny, however, except for persistent log in the Po valley. Greece will continue sunny, but temperatures will remain between 8C-11 C. Turkey will be cloudy, except for regions in the south-west which will continue sunny.

Five-day forecast

The UK will continue cloudy with outbreaks of rain expected over western regions. Increasing easterly winds will draw much colder air from north-east Europe into western parts during the weekend. Light rain will continue over northern Europe with the possibility of snow. Later in the week, cloud will break from the east and showers will move from southern Italy towards Greece. Spain and Portugal will become increasingly unsettled.





Lufthansa

snower cloudy plower ram foo geloudy cloudy shower cloudy shower cloudy sun foir sun fair cloudy rain cloudy rain cloudy fair fair fair Rangoon-Heykpulk - Par Home S. Frisco Secul Singspoon Stocknotm Stocknotm Stocknotm Stocknotm Stocknotm Stocknotm Stocknotm Tangler Tolyo Toronia Various Verkoe Vienna Washington Wellington distriction of the control of the co shower cloudy lair aun thund fog steet cloudy cloudy leir cloudy fatr rates sun We wish you a pleasant flight. . -

France

day unveiled wide-ranging measures costing more than FFr5hn (\$1bn) a year to ease the growing crisis in troubled urban regions.

The plan is to create 30 "free zones" where husinesses will be exempt from all state and local taxes in some of France's most deprived cities until the year 2000. It will also fund the creation of local jobs, hire more police and tackle poor educational perfor-

around most cities.

in a symbolic move, Mr Alain appointment later in the year as

development and urban policy.

Apparently responding to criti-

He spoke at an intergovern-

The financial commitments he offered were much less than expected. In the last few weeks, junior ministers had dropped hints that the initiative would be a "Marshall plan" for the suburbs. "Urban policy has largely broken down," Mr Juppe said. French cities were "breaking apart" and social fragmentation

was becoming widespread.
He stressed the need for mea-

with community associations.

The policies met with some positive reaction, including from Ms Martine Aubry, the socialist politician and deputy mayor of Lille, who has spent considerable time working on the problems of urban development and youth

Mr Andre Gerin, the Communist mayor of the Vénnelseux district near Lyons, said: "There will certainly be some positive effect, but after the state spent FFr50hn rescuing Crédit Lyon-nais [the commercial hank], FFr5bn is not very much.

THE LEX COLUMN

As Goldman Sachs' 174 general partners gather today for their annual meeting outside Manhattan, the main subject on their minds will be whether to take the investment bank public. The considerations will be partly cultural: it will not be as easy to motivate staff and maintain team spirit if the partnership goes. But financial considerations will probably be paramount.

Superficially, the maths of going public look attractive. If Goldman received a multiple of 1.5 times book value, in line with that enjoyed by Morgan Stanley, its market capitalisation would be around 57hn. That may look like a huge pot of gold, but not all would go to general partners. Outsiders such as Sumitomo Bank, which has invested over \$500m in Goldman would need their slice. So would the "limited partners", former employees who have capital left in the business.

Nor would dividing up what remained be simple. If the older partpers tried to take stakes proportionate to their capital holdings, the younger ones, who have so far accumulated little capital, would rebel. Equity would have to be redistributed to buy them off. A bribe would also probably have to be offered to star employees who are not yet partners: otherwise, they might defect before a floration.

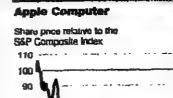
Once inducements had been offered, the remaining money pot might not be so buge. And given that the financial logic is unlikely to be compelling, it would be foolish to lose the unique qualities of Wall Street's last great partnership.

Apple Computer

Apple's latest bite at restructuring does not look big enough to restore the computer maker's fortunes. The planned 8 per cent reduction in the workforce is limp: most analysts had expected cuts of 25 per cent. And although the company is proposing to shed low-margin products, it has stopped short of pulling out of the consumer market altogether.

Apple's fundamental problem is that with only 10 per cent of the personal computer market - it does not enjoy the economies of scale of Microsoft, its main rival. The technical superiority of Apple's Macintosh operating system has been largely eroded by Microsoft's Windows 95 software, for which far more applications have been developed. This forced Apple to slash prices, halving gross margins to 15 per

Golden Sachs FT-SE Eurotrack 200: 1633.9 (+15.4)



turers to use its operating system is sensible. But since Apple is so far behind, it is unclear who would want to license Macintosh. Without gains in market share on the software side, it will be difficult either to improve the profitability of the manufacturing arm or to sell it. At best, the new policy will slow, rather than stop, the decline of Apple's traditional business.

The group might be able to carve itself a new future as a provider of Internet and multimedia software, This could turn into a substantial market - imagine a little black box on every television - with better mar-gins. But it is not clear how quickly this market will develop. Nor will Apple be the only one ploughing these

AMP

Australian Mutual Provident is right to consider demutualisation. Australia's largest life company is a formidable force, having maintained its market dominance and strong credit rating during a difficult patch for both the company and the economy. There is no immediate pressure to demutualise; the company does not need to raise capital. But a commerciallydriven, shareholder-owned company would be better placed to face the growing competition and the new opportunities in Australia.

The new opportunities arise from the increase in the private provision of pensions in Australia, which has caused funds under management to rocket. This means there is a lot of new business to win. But there are also more institutions fighting for that s. In particular, banks.

have often proved better at cultivating relationships with retail chemis, are entering the market, sometimes through alliances with the companies.

AMP's ne-up with Westpac failed, but it is undoubtedly big enough to go it

However, like others, to be success ful it will have to get better at controlling costs, marketing and exploiting new technology all probably earler in a commercially driven organisation. Unless it grows, it will lose market share and there is little incentive for mutual companies to grow. AMP will not sentence itself to terminal decline If it decides against demutualisation. But it would probably, over time, loss its dominant position.

Forte/Granada

The Forte bid battle, which closed on Tuesday, has come down to a choice between rival sets of promises One is the current Forte manage ment's pledge to create a focused hotel: group which, it says, would cash in on the upswing in the hotel cycle. The other is Granada's promuse to squeeze greater earnings from Forte's restau-rants and mid-market hotels white profitably disposing of the rest.

Though Forte has defended itself

valiantly against the hostile bid, Gran-ada still deserves to win. This is partly for financial reasons. An undependent Forte should command a valuation of around 350p a share - on the basis of 21p a share from its Savoy stake and a multiple of 17 times next year's expected earnings. That is not much less than Granada's 362p cash offer, which shareholders should not accept. But it is substantially below Granado's cash and share offer - worth 388p to tax-paying shareholders and 389p to taxexempt investors.

Both Granada's and Forte's promises may turn out to be false. Granada could fail to meet its aggressive cost cutting targets or to sell a large portion of Porte's hotels at a good price. But, equally, the hotel cycle could prove less benign than Forte houses. And given Granada's better track record, the risk that it will fail to deliver looks lower. There is, of course, an even lower-

risk option: to sell Forte shares in the market price at the current price of 381 p and run. For taxpaying investors, this is probably the best way of playing the end-game.

Additional Lex comment on UK inter-

Deutsche Bank AG is regulated by The Securities and Futures in

The arrouncement about 5 as a matter of record on

Strength and expertise in **UK acquisition finance**

Giaxo pic

Wellcome pic

W/e provided £900,000,000

Deutsche Bank AG London

Deutsche Morgan Grenfell

United Utilities PLC

NORWEB plc

Doutsche Bank AG London

Deutsche Bank AG London

We jointly arranged and underwrote £1,100,000,000 acquismon financing

Deutsche Morgan Grenfell

Cadbury Schweppes plc

Dr Pepper/Seven-Up

Companies-Inc.

We were a co-arranger in US\$2,400,000,000 acquisition financing

Deutsche Bank AG London

Deutsche Morgan Grenfell

PowerGen pic

offer for

Midlands Electricity plc

Wa jointly arranged and underwrote £2,550,000,000 acquisition and

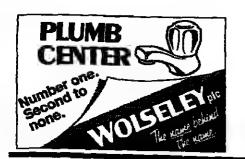
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FINANCIAL TIMES

COMPANIES & MARKETS

THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1996

Friday January 19 1996



Fears for

after big

gold price

IN BRIEF

Forte v Granada Ready for the showdown



Xerox announces \$1.5bn charge

Xerox, the US office documents company, said it would record an after-tax charge of \$1.5bn on the sale of its insurance business to a group of investors led by Kohlberg Kravis Roberts, the US buy-out firm, for \$2.7bn. Page 22

Repsol rises ahead of share sale Repsol, the Spanish oil, gas and chemicals group in which the Spanish government is selling more than half its remaining 21 per cent stake, issued provi-sional estimates showing a 21.6 per cent rise in con-solidated net earnings last year to Ptal17.7bn (\$973m). Page 24

Banesto stages powerful profits rebound Banco Español de Crédito (Banesto), the Spanish bank which underwent a Pta500hn (\$4bn) rescue two years ago, reported a return to annual profit with consolidated earnings of Pta21.4hn compared with a Ptai7.6bn loss in 1994. Page 24

AMP to consider ending mutual status Australian Mutual Provident, the country's largest life assurance group, announced it was setting up a "task force" to review its corporate structure and consider whether it should abandon its mutual status and turn itself into a shareholder-owned com-

Strong demand for Moroccan bond leave The Moroccan government said it had raised Dhl.76bn (\$207m) in an oversubscribed issue of privatisation bonds, the country's first such issue.

Major rules out tunds for Eurotunnel Eurotunnel, the Anglo-French operator of the Chan-

nel tunnel, will not have "recourse to government funds or guarantees of a financial or commercial nature", Mr John Major, UK prime minister, said in a written reply to Mr Tony Banks, a Labour MP. The crisis-ridden company, which suspended interest payments on £8bn (\$12.32bn) of bank loans in ptember, has been lobbying both the French and UK governments to provide support. Page 27

De Beers anys \$15n loan to Russia repaid Russia has repaid the \$15n it was loaned by De Beers five years ago, according to the South African diamond group. Page 29

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World Stock Markets

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Br Aprospace	86472	•		OPL Intil	7.4	+	0.45
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L'Oréal raises bid for Maybelline

By Richard Tomkins in New York

L'Oréal, of France, yesterday raised the stakes in the bid battle that has broken out over Maybelline by increasing its cash offer for the US cosmetics company to

Shares in Maybelline, the second biggest US cosmetics company, rose \$2% to \$42%

in early trading yesterday.

L'Oréal announced in Paris and New York that it was raising its cash offer for Maybelline to \$41 a share from \$36.75. As before, it said its offer would expire at midnight New York time on February 1. L'Oréal's increased offer came only hours after Maybelline announced that it had received an unsolicited cash offer of

\$37 a share from Benckiser, the German consumer products groups. This had exceeded L'Oréal's earlier offer. Based on the number of shares outstand-

ing, L'Oréal's new offer values Maybelline at \$567m, while Benckiser's last offer val-ues the company at \$511m. Whichever company wins the battle will also assume Maybelline's debts of \$150m.

By lunchtime in New York yesterday, Maybelline had not responded to L'Oreal's increased offer. In response to Benckiser's offer, it said it was ready to meet Benck-iser and L'Oréal to study the situation. It also agreed to give Benckiser the details of its merger agreement with L'Oréal in spite of a confidentiality agreement. Benckiser said it was aware of L'Oréal's

The stage was set for the takeover battle when Maybelline, a mass-market maker of cosmetics, accepted L'Oreal's \$36.75-ashare offer last month. L'Oréal is the world's largest cosmetics company and its North American arm, Cosmair, is the fourth largest cosmetics company in the

The two companies thought they had an agreed deal, but last Friday, Benckiser, which owns Coty and other cosmetics brands, sent an unsolicited letter to Maybelline saying it was prepared to make a "materially higher" offer for the company

On Tuesday, Benckiser followed this let-

By Louise Kehoe

few days.

International Business Machines

reported stronger than expected earnings for the fourth quarter

and ended the year with its high-

est profits since 1990. The results provided some relief from the

earnings disappointments that

other US high technology compa-

nies have produced over the past

Net income for the quarter,

after special charges, was \$1.7bn

or \$3.09 a share, a 41 per cent

increase over \$1.2bm, or \$2.06 a

share, in the same period a year ago. IBM recorded a previously announced restructuring charge

of \$663m, partially offset by a

one-time gain of \$175m related to the 1994 sale of its Federal

For the year, net earnings,

after charges, were \$4.1bn, or \$7.23 a share, compared with

2.9bn, or \$5.02 a share, in 1994.

rose 65 per cent for the quarter to

\$2.0bm, or \$3.66 a share, well

above Wall Street projections of

Revenues were up 10 per cent

or the guarter at \$21.9bm, bring

ing full-year revenues to a record

high of \$71.9bn, up 12 per cent -

the best rate of growth since

IBM's share price rose 5 per

"Our quarterly and full-year

results indicate that our funds-

mental strategies are working,"

said Mr Louis Gerstner, chair-

man and chief executive. IBM is

focused on "completely trans-

forming" its traditional busi-

nesses to address the market for

networked computer systems

cent to \$92 in midsession.

Systems Company to Loral.

increased offer and was reviewing the situ- ter with another saying it would offer \$37 unconditionally, or a "materially higher" figure if Maybelline introduced a stock-holder rights plan that would prevent a successful counter-bid by L'Oreal.

L'Oréal's latest move makes the outcome uncertain. On the one hand, its higher bid appears to be aimed at pre-empting a higher bid from Benckiser, and Benckiser has made it plain that it has no wish for a bid battle.

L'Oréal's bid would result in a concentration of ownership in the US cosmetics market, so raising anti-trust issues. By comparison, Benckiser's offer appears risk free, so it may need to do no more than match L'Oreal's offer to win the takeover

while also expanding newer, high

industry was experiencing very strong demand from corporate

customers, said Mr Rick Thoman,

With few exceptions, IBM was

IBM was close to completing its

in first or second place in the markets it addressed, he said.

broad restructuring, Mr Thoman

added. The programme of job cuts would be completed this

year, he said, although IBM

would continue to make cuts as

Results for the quarter were strong in almost all segments of

IBM's business. In particular, rev-

enues from services such as "out-

sourcing" of IT management and

consulting were up 25 per cent at \$4.1bn. Sales of computer hard-ware rebounded as IBM resolved

component shortage problems that had limited sales earlier in

the year. Personal computers,

long a problem area for IBM, sold

well during the quarter, Mr Ger-stner said. Total hardware sales

Software, IBM's most profitable

business area, also had a strong

quarter, Mr Gerstner said, with

revenues up 9 per cept at \$3.6bn.

Lotus, the PC software company

acquired by IBM last year, pro-

duced a "stand-out" performance,

region in the quarter offset weak-

ness in Latin America. In Europe

sales rose 7 per cent to \$8.1bn,

while North American sales were

Gross profit margin improved

to 41.9 per cent in the fourth

quarter, up from 41.3 per cent in

the third quarter and 40.6 per cent in the final quarter of 1994.

up 11 per cent at \$8.6bn.

Strong sales in the Asia-Pacific

he added.

were up 8 per cent at \$11.5bn.

chief financial officer.

The information technology

Fourth-quarter

surge puts IBM at

highest since 1990

By Kenneth Gooding,

The biggest forward sale of gold has been completed by JCI, the South African mining house, in a move which will disappoint traders who fear it could adversely affect sentiment in the market and hold down the gold price.

JCI has sold the entire production of its Western Areas mining complex for the next 81/2 years a total of 7.3m troy ounces or 227 tonnes, roughly equivalent to the annual output of Australia, the world's third largest producer.
The sale will dismay some gold

hedging programmes place an artificial cap on the gold price. Forward sales condense years of supply into a few weeks because the counter-party financial institutions borrow gold from central banks then sell it immediately to price each which is not or raise cash which is put on deposit until needed. Central banks get their gold back ulti-mately, with interest in gold, when the producer delivers the last ounces of loaned gold.

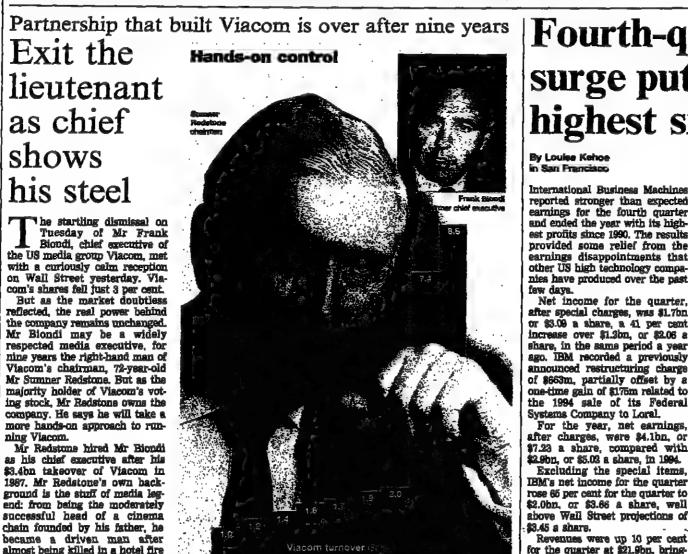
In the past, only central banks have sold such large quantities of gold and some traders were taking heart yesterday because the market absorbed the JCI gold, sold in November and December, without the gold price falling. Since the beginning of 1996 the price has risen quite strongly. "This shows the effi-ciency and depth of the gold market today," said one trader.

However, other analysts said the sale showed South African producers were willing to hedge their output whereas until recently they were reluctant to follow the lead of Australian and North American companies.

JCI's sale follows one by Gengold, a division of Gencor, which last August sold forward 2.9m ounces (90 tonnes) of gold for delivery over six years. Anglo American Corporation

said yesterday that its Freegold offshoot had sold forward about 85 tourses of gold at an aver price of \$429 an ounce "in order to rescue the risk in the future of the profit margin squeeze experienced over the past two years".

JCI is to give details of the sale, structured by AIG International and Standard Corporate & Merchant Bank, today but said yesterday it would ensure it could complete its R1.1bn (\$302m) development of Western's South Deep project without having to turn to shareholders. Angle American jobs threat,



then a cable television company - he and Mr Biondi embarked on an ambitious series of acquisiis that in a world of expanding tions: the Paramount film studio. media empires - he cited Time the Blockhuster chain of video Warner's takeover of Turner stores and the book publisher Broadcasting, and Disney's of Capital Cities/ABC - the entre-Simon & Schuster, among others. With revenues of more than

preneurial spirit is more important than ever. Take, he said, Mr Rupert Murdoch - another media tycoon who has a controlling stake in

The time would come when he would have to give way to a younger

man

his business. "If Murdoch sees a problem in China, he's on a plane that day to fix it. That wasn't Frank's style. I'm a born entrepreneur and in this environment. the way I am is the way this company should be. It takes a very entrepreneurial, aggressive, hands-on style to get things

"I'd have preferred Frank to go done." There is one obvious problem. out and fix the studio." he said. At 72, Mr Redstone claims to be "He didn't. So for the past three or four months, I've been in Calif-"more hard-working and enerornia. I saw it developing early, and I was on the case. I'd have gised" than he was when he took over Viacom in his mid-60s. But seen it sooner if I'd been CEO." he has now appointed as vicechairmen two men - Mr Philippe Dauman, 41, and Mr Tom Dooley, He has now taken on the post of

young enough to be his children. Other businesses have been driven into the ground by septuagenarians who would not give up. What are the prospects for

Viacom?

Mr Redstone deflected the question with a joke: "Mr Dole (the US Republican presidential candidate] thinks he can run America at 72. My record in business is at least as good as his in

The time would come, he said, when he would have to give way to a younger man. "But I hope not too soon. And I have at least six people working here who can run Viacom better than other media companies are run today." Meanwhile, what lies ahead for

Mr Biondi? Reports suggest his compensation may be close to \$50m. And in any case, Mr Redstone said: "Believe me, he won't have any trouble with his

He may be right. Another likely reason for Wall Street's calm reaction to Mr Biondi's departure is that abrupt dismiss als are common in the US media industry, Mr Biondi, 51, has been fired before: in 1984, as chief executive of Home Box Office, the pay-TV subsidiary of Time Warner. In the gossip-filled world of media, the chief question is where he will surface next.

Tony Jackson

chief executive officer himself. Dauman, 41, and Mr Tom Dooley, Mr Redstone's basic argument 39 - who are by a fair margin **Bond market helps Nomura** post sharp rise in third term

By Gerard Baker in Tokyo

in Boston at the age of 56.

After his takeover of Viacom -

\$11bn, Viacom is now the world's

second biggest media empire after Time Warner.

The reasons Mr Redstone gives

for Mr Biondi's dismissal say a

good deal about himself and the industry. "I have a lot of affec-tion for Frank, and what I did was very difficult," he said yes-

terday. "But Frank would tell you his management style is very laid-back and decentralised. In

the old Viacom that style

worked, and I was happy to sit on the sidelines. Now there are issues coming up which have to

Chief, it seems, is the poor per-

formance over the past year of

Paramount. After its big success

in 1994 with the film Forrest

Gump, it has reported sharply

lower earnings in 1995. Part of the problem, Mr Redstone said, was that too many of its films

had been based on weak scripts.

be addressed."

Nomura Securities is on course for its best full-year performance since 1991. Japan's largest stockbroker yesterday posted sharply higher profits in the three months to the end of December, assisted by the strength of the Japanese bond market

Recurring profits before tax and extraordinary items for the quarter were Y29.6bn (\$282m). bringing nine-month pre-tax earnings to end-December to Y61.3bn. Nomura shares in Tokyo closed down Y30 at

This is the first financial year in which Nomura has published quarterly statements, making direct comparison with the previous year difficult. In the year to the end of March 1995, the

company reported a pre-tax markets. Stock brokerage comprofit of just Y6.8bn. Operating revenue in the quarter was Y314.4bn, compared with Y335bn for the year to March 1995.

The company made a net gain

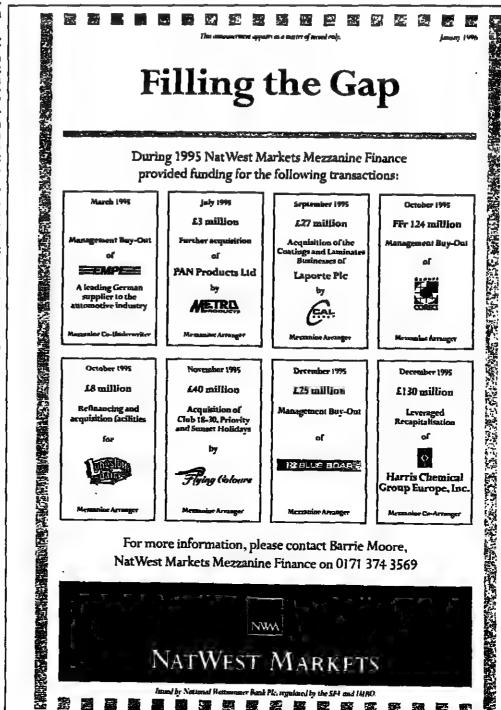
on bond trading in the nine months of Y58.2bn, against a full-year gain of Y25.6bn the year before. The Japanese bond market has been buoyant since the spring, following aggressive cuts in interest rates by the Bank of Japan, Looser monetary policy has enabled banks and brokers to record large gains on bond trading. But with interest rates at record lows the scope for further advances in the bond market is diminished.

Nomura's core business, brokerage commission, registered a slight improvement as activity picked up in equity and bond

missions rose an estimated 10 per cent to Y75.7bn for the nine months, on increasing turnover on the Tokyo stock exchange. Bond brokerage commissions were 87 per cent higher at Y24.8bn, owing to active trading in convertible bonds.

But underwriting remained stagnant. Nomura underwrote a total of 88m shares in the three quarters to the end of 1995, with a value of Y245bn, down an estimated 16 per cent on a year earlier. The total value of bonds underwritten was Y2,090bn, 10 per cent lower as a result of stiffer competition from the new broking subsidiaries of the leading banks.

Net interest and dividend income rose 47 per cent to



INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

AMERICAS NEWS DIGEST

PaineWebber takes \$30m provision

PaineWebber, the US securities house, has taken an additional \$30m pre-tax charge to cover costs related to a settlement with the Securities and Exchange Commission over the sale of limited partnerships in the 1980s and early 1990s. The resolution of the dispute with the SEC included a \$5m civil penalty and a class action settlement of \$125m.

In the second quarter of 1995, PaineWebber provided \$200m to reimburse investors who lost money on the partnerships. The group said the extra charge, announced with fourth-quarter earnings, would "accomplish a timely resolution of these complex issues and put this matter behind

Including the charge of \$20.1m after tax, PaineWebber reported fourth-quarter earnings up from \$19.3m to \$58.8m and fully-diluted earnings per share ahead from 28 cents to 50 cents. Excluding the charges for the year, net income rose from \$102m to \$227m, or from \$1.27 to \$1.90 on a fully-diluted per share basis. The charges reduced net income to \$80.8m, compared with \$31.6m in 1994. The group acquired Kidder Peabody from General Electric at the end of 1994, issuing 27m shares as part of the consideration.

■ Bear Stearns, the investment bank, reported a rise in second-quarter net income for the three months to December 31 from \$32.9m to \$105m. Earnings per share increased from 21 cents to 76 cents. Revenues, net of interest, climbed 61 per cent to \$688m in the quarter, including a doubling of investment banking revenues reflecting mergers and acquisitions and Maggie Urry, New York

Kimberly-Clark arm advances

Kimberly Clark de México, the country's largest paper producer, reported an 8 per cent increase in operating profit to 1.9bn pesos (\$253m) for 1995, despite recession and rises last year in the international price of paper pulp. Year-end sales of 6.9bn pesos represented a 17 per cent increase on 1994 in real peso terms.

The company is listed independently of the Kimberly-Clark of the US, which owns 43 per cent of its shares. An increase in pulp prices and the peso's fall against the dollar meant operating margins were below the previous two years. However, the company increased prices over the rate of inflation, and was helped by a move away from imported goods, whose price has increased even more following the peso's fall.

Dontel Dombey, Mexico City

Alfa doubles investment

Alfs, the Mexican steel, petrochemicals and food conglomerate, yesterday announced it was doubling its investment outlays to \$832m in 1996 in order to develop its new telecommunications joint-venture with AT&T of the US.

Alfa said half of its capital expenditure was earmarked for Alestra, the new venture which plans to offer long-distance services when the market is deregulated in January 1997. The remaining \$400m would be invested to expand capacity in

Alfa's existing industrial concerns, Mr González Migoya said. Mr Migoya said much of Alfa's capital outlays were geared towards expanding exports, which totalled \$1.2bn in 1995 and represented more than one-third of the group's estimated sales of 21.8bn pesos (\$2.9bn).

Alfa's investment plans are an encouraging indication of the ability of Mexico's large conglomerates to lead an export-led economic revival. However, many private-sector economists remain worried about the continued weakness of Musico's banking sector and the high cost of credit, which is expected to dalay any chances of recovery for most of Maxico's small

Leslie Crawford, Mexico City

Diamond Multimedia shares hit

Shares in Dismond Multimedia, the US maker of graphic-enhancing computer equipment, fell 37 per cent in early trading amid concerns about failing margins and uncertainty about \$3.7m in misplaced or stolen inventory.

After the market closed on Wednesday, Diamond announced

a it had made \$18.1m, or 40 cents a share, in the fourth quarter, excluding a one-off charge for the acquisition of SPEA Software, a German competitor. Analysis had forecast earnings closer to 44 cents a share.

Most attributed to stock drop to worries about falling margins and uncertainty related to the inventory loss. The shares were \$9% lower at \$13% at midday.

Lisa Bransten, New York

NatWest's US unit climbs 44%

NatWest Bancorp, the US subsidiary of the UK's National Westminster Bank, lifted its after-tax profits by 44 per cent in the closing months of last year, in what could be the last full quarter before the business is sold. The jump in net income, to \$170m, in part reflected the acquisition of two New Jersey banks, Citizens First Bancorp and Central Jersey Bancorp. Net interest income for the quarter remained roughly level with a year before, while non-interest income more than doubled, to \$192m. Pre-tax income doubled to \$170m.

For the full year, NatWest Bancorp reported after-tax profits of \$306m, up only marginally from \$299m in 1994 because of a higher tax charge. Pre-tax profits for the year rose 55 per cent to \$507m. NatWest agreed late last year to sell the business to Richard Waters, New York

Drilling result boosts Bre-X

Drilling results from a gold property on the Indonesian island of Kalimantan have propelled Bre-X Minerals shares from C\$1.90 to C\$34 in less than a year, giving the small exploration company a market capitalisation of C\$1.8bn (US\$1.3bn). Bre-X on Monday reported results from the latest five drill holes on the south-east zone of its large Busang, Kalimantan, property. Grades range from 0.04oz to 0.15oz a tonne. Robert Gibbens, Montrea

Kodak considers sale of copier business

By Maggie Urry in New York

Eastman Kodak, the photographic and digital imaging group, is considering the sale of its loss-making office copier business. The group, which also reported a fall in fourth quarter earnings from continuing operations, said it had decided to reposition the business, which had sales of \$2bn

It added that it was looking at "a variety of strategic options" including alliances, joint ventures or a sale.

the subsidiary's future but the problem had management's "highest priority". Kodak shares fell in morning trading by \$1% to \$67%.

Mr Harry Kavetas, chief financial officer, said an outright sale of the office imaging business, or a partial sale to a joint venture partner, would free management and financial resources within Kodak which could be concentrated on its core activities. He declined to

Xerox, the US office documents

company, yesterday said it would record an after-tax

charge of \$1.5bm on the sale of

its insurance business, bring-

ing to an end a costly, 13-year

foray into the financial ser-

The company announced an

agreement to sell its property/

casualty insurance operations to a group of investors led by

Kohlberg Kravis Roberts, the

The disposal comes only

weeks after Aetna, one of the

biggest US insurers, sold its

property/casualty business to

General Electric, the largest

US company, reported record

results for 1996, with earnings per share ahead by 13 per cent.

Mr Jack Welch, chairman, said

the group was in a position "to

deliver another year of record

nesses made aggressive moves

during the year to ensure future growth." These include the alliances with Microsoft,

the computer software group,

announced in December, and

the pre-emptive bid by NBC to

televise five of the next six

Olympics; acquisitions by GE

Capital; and heavy investment

For the fourth quarter, net

income from continuing

operations rose from \$1.69bn to

\$1.86bm, on revenues 11 per

cant higher at \$19.8bn.
The fourth quarter of 1994

hore a \$917m charge related to

the sale of Kidder Peabody, the

by the plastics business.

Mr Welch said: "GE's busi-

US buy-out firm, for \$2.7bn.

vices industry.

By Maggie Urry

results in 1996"

thought it was an "attractive property to a number of potential outside parties".

Since Mr George Fisher arrived as chief executive in December 1993, Kodak has been shaken up. Its drugs business was sold, raising \$5bn, which was largely used to

repay debt.
Two waves of lay-offs led to about 11,000 job losses with a further 2,000 to go, although acquisitions have also added comment on how much the staff. The second round of cuts

Travelers, a rival, for \$4bn.

The deals signal a reshuffl-

ing of ownership in the US

property/casualty industry,

prompted by recent heavy

catastrophe and environmental

losses and the prospect of lack-

lustre premium growth.
Cigna, another big US

insurer, hopes to win

regulatory approval shortly to

spin off its environmental

liabilities into a separate, \$5bn company, in the face of complaints from rival insurers

and a number of state

insurance business will involve

its selling Talegen, a subsid-

iary whose business consists of

Xerox's departure from the

insurance commissioners.

Kodak said it had set no business might be worth or its led to a \$254m after-tax timetable for the decision on value in Kodak's books. He restructuring charge in the last quarter of 1994.

Earnings from continuing operations in the fourth quarter excluding the restructuring charge in 1994, fell 16 per cent from \$470m to \$394m, weighed down by losses at the office imaging division and by a goodwill write-off of \$50m, or 15 cents a share, mainly at its medical imaging business. The fall was in spite of strong performances in the motion picture and television imaging

a number of specialist insur-

value. This will result in an

after-tax loss on the sale of

Xerox will also continue to

provide excess-of-loss reinsur-

ance to Talegen, under which

it will meet losses above a cer-

tain level. This, and an addi-

tion to the insurer's reserves,

The new investors, led by

KKR, will pay Xerox \$1.45bn in

cash, together with \$450m in

preference shares and \$462m of

performance-related instruments. They will also assume

Since announcing its plans

will cost \$525m after tax.

\$975m, the company said.

ance operations, at below book sold a number of other

operations.

processing busines

tal exposures.

On the consumer side, sales in the US were affected by the weak retail climate in the last quarter of 1995. Sales growth in that area was held to 1 per cent, although outside the US consumer sales rose 10 per cent.

Group net earnings after all charges were up from \$18m to \$275m in the fourth quarter and from \$557m to \$1.25bn for the year. Fully diluted earnings per share were ahead from 4 cents to 78 cents in the fourth quarter and from \$1.63 to \$3.58 for the year.

two years ago, Xerox has

Yesterday, Mr Paul Allaire,

chairman, said the sale would

enable the company to cut its

debt and focus on its document

The disposal follows a three-

year effort by Xerox to clean

up the insurance business for

This involved the boosting

its reserves and reinsurance in

the face of heavy environmen-

Xerox entered the insurance

business with the purchase of

Crum & Foster, then the tenth

largest US property and liabil-

in issue from 1.71bn to 1.67bn.

Revenues increased 17 per

cent in the year from \$60.1bn

to \$70bn. The growth was

fuelled by the group's interna-

tional activities, which

accounted for 36 per cent of

total sales, up from 33 per cent

sions increased operating prof-

Ten of the group's 12 divi-

by the end of 1997.

in 1994.

Dividend concerns resurface at Bankers Trust

Doubts about Bankers Trust's ability to maintain its dividend at current levels resurfaced on Wall Street yesterday as the troubled US bank reported disappointing results for the final quarter of 1985.

Earnings per share for the period were \$1.36, well below market expectations of around \$1.70, despite a big one-off equity gain. Its shares fell \$1%, or nearly 3 per cent, dur-ing morning trading, to \$63%, The latest set of figures

reflected a slide back into loss by Bankers Trust's derivatives operations, the original source of its difficulties in 1994. The bank continues to face lawsuits from Procter & Gamble, among others, over leveraged derivatives it had sold.

The derivatives business, which had struggled back to break-even level in the previons quarter, after two periods of losses, incurred a \$32m deficit in the final three months of the year. The loss came in spite of heavy cost-cutting during the year, raising the prospect of a further round of

The closing months of 1995 produced a stream of had publicity for Bankers Trust's derivatives business, sparked The group has authority to buy by renewed accusations from a further \$6bn worth of shares Procter & Gamble.

While overshadowed by the problems in derivatives, the latest figures also reflect difficulties in the bank's investment management operations. Its income from client advisory businesses - largely investment management - fell by more than half from a year before, to \$13m, partly because of higher costs. The bank appointed a new management eam late last year to run this

A review had also thrown up "a small number" of investment management accounts where trades were "not con-ducted in accordance with [the bank's] standards", Bankers Trust revealed. Though only resulting in expenses of \$6m to compensate clients, the revelation will further dent the

bank's reputation. Other, operations generated more steady earnings. The high level of activity in credit markets bolstered income in the bank's financing group, while profits from trading climbed to \$129m, the highest quarterly level in two years. This was before charges of \$51m, which reflected settlement of some of the outstand-

ing derivatives actions. The quarter's results were boosted by a \$148m gain from a holding in Northwest Air-lines. This was recognised as the bank shifted the holding into the "held-for-sale" category, signalling plans to dispose of the shares. Mr Frank Newman, the

bank's new chief executive and, from April, its chairman, moved to ease fears about the dividend a month ago, when he assured it would not be cut in the current quarter. Until the bank starts to generate more steady profits, though, the doubts seem likely to per-

Apple shares | Xerox to take \$1.5bn disposal charge drop sharply By Richard Waters following in New York

losses

By Louise Kehoe

In Dan Francisco

Apple Computer shares dropped sharply yesterday as Wall Street analysts downgraded the stock in the wake of the US personal computer company's first fiscal quarter ses, reported after the close of trading on Wednesday.

Apple was trading at \$30% in mid-session, down 10 per cent from Wednesday's close of

As expected, Apple reported a loss of \$69m for its first fiscal quarter ended December 29. The company added, however, that it expected continuing losses from operations in the current quarter, in addition to restructuring charges of "at least" \$125m.

The company said it would cut 1,300 jobs over the next 12 months, reducing its workforce by about 6 per cent. The cuts are smaller than most analysis had expected. However, Apple said additional restructuring actions and charges were "possible" in the current quarter

and in future quarters.

Mr Michael Spindler, Apple chief executive, said the job cuts represented the "initial phase" of a plan to "fundamentally change our business

Apple planned to pare its product line and focus increasingly on "best of class" prod-ucts in all parts of the market and would pursue a "much broader licensing of the Macintosh operating system [soft-

Apple is expected to concentrate on high-end personal computers, which carry higher profit margins.

Analysts were disappointed that Apple did not announce more drastic measures to cut costs. Mr Spindler delivered an "anaemic" restructuring mes-sage, said Mr Daniel Kunstler of J. P. Morgan Securities, which downgraded the stock yesterday. Analysts predicted cut as many as 4,000 jobs as it struggles to return to profit-

Apple's fiscal first-quarter loss compares with net income of \$188m, or \$1.55 a share, in the same period a year ago. Revenue for the quarter rose 11 per cent from \$2.83bn to \$3.1bn, while unit shipments of its computers grew 12 per cent. World PC shipments, however, are estimated to have increased by about 25 per cent

in the Christmas quarter, suggesting that Apple lost market The company said its gross profit margin as a percentage of sales plunged from almost 29 per cent a year ago to 15 per cent, in part because of a fierce price war in Japan. Apple also said it had to write down \$80m

in inventory in the quarter because of overestimated demand. Lex, Page 20



Jack Welch: made 'aggressive moves to ensure future growth'

charge, rose from 99 cents to

Net income for 1995 was

tinuing operations rose from \$3.45 to \$3.90. The slightly faster rise in earnings per share \$6.57bn, up from \$5.92bn before reflected the repurchase of

per share, excluding the Kidder Earnings per share from con-reducing the number of shares

its, with six reporting double-digit gains. Operating margins for the year were ahead from 18.6 per cent to 14.4 per cent of

GE Capital, the largest division, increased earnings by 16 per cent to \$2,42bn, slightly below the average earnings growth of 20 per cent a year for

the last 10 years. Only two activities suffered profit falls: power systems, which has been affected by severe competition on securities business. Earnings the Kidder charge of \$1.19hn. \$3.1bn shares in the year, international projects, and

McDonnell Douglas project in doubt

By Richard Tomkins in New York

Doubts were raised over the future of McDonnell Douglas's wide-bodied MD-11 airliner yesterday after the US defence and aerospace company recognised a shortfall in demand for the aircraft by taking a \$1.8bn charge to fourth-quarter prof-

The charge stems from the fact that the costs of developing and manufacturing the MD-11 may have to be spread over a smaller number of aircraft than the company had expected. Until now, McDonnell Doug-

las had followed standard industry practice of basing the cost of sales for each MD-11 delivery on an average cost per aircraft for the expected life of the entire MD-11 programme. Yesterday, however, it said disappointing demand had forced it to change to a new method of accounting. From the beginning of the fourth quarter, it said, it had started to base the cost of sales of each delivery on the actual cost of producing each aircraft.

In accounting terms, this means the company has switched from a programme basis of accounting to a specific unit basis. As a result, it had to take a \$1.8bn pre-tax charge for deferred production costs and for the reduction in the valuation of support and

tooling costs. Mr James Palmer, chief financial officer, strongly denied McDonnell Douglas was preparing to axe the MD-11. We have not made any decision to shut down that programme. We will pursue every opportunity with full vim and vigour just as aggressively as we have in the past," he said. However, Mr Peter Aseritis,

analyst at CS First Boston, said he believed McDonnell Douglas might be considering a new future for the MD-11 as a

freighter.
"I don't think there is any doubt that the MD-11 is not going to sell well as a commer-

cial airliner," Mr Asaritis said. "But as a freighter, it is already Federal Express's freighter of choice, and I think people are going to say that if it is FedEx's freighter of choice, then maybe it should be the freighter of choice for other operators."

The accounting change for the MD-11 came as McDonnell Douglas reported better than expected fourth-quarter results, buoyed by a strong performance from the military aircraft division. Net earnings would have been up from \$165m to \$187m, but the accounting change turned the profit into a net loss of \$936m. A boost to revenues from the F-15 and F/A-18 programme

helped lift operating profits in the military aircraft division from \$207m to \$253m. The commercial aircraft division increased operating profits from \$12m to \$13m, delivering three MD-80s, four MD-90s and five MD-11s, compared with six MD-80s and four MD-11s last time. But the missiles, space

and electronic systems division saw a decline in operating profits from \$66m to \$30m because of increased spending on development of the Delta III launcher.

For the full year, McDonnell Douglas increased net earnings from \$598m to \$707m, but the accounting change turned the latest figure into a loss of

Raytheon, the Massachu-setts-based defence company, yesterday reported fourth-quarter net earnings of \$222.3m, compared with \$205.7m last time. For the full year it had net income of \$792.5m, up from \$596.9m. The company said its full-

year results were driven by strong performances at Raytheon Aircraft, Raytheon Engineers & Constructors, and commercial electronics, as well as a significant contribution from the recently-acquired E-Systems. Defence sales and profits were down, but Raytheon said the falls were not as great as in previous years.

Bankers Trust reported net income of \$126m, or \$1.36 a share, for the final quarter of 1995. This was 25 per cent higher than the troubled fourth quarter of 1994, but below the \$155m of 1995's third quarter. Full-year net income slipped to \$215m, or \$2.02 a share, compared with \$615m, or \$7.17, in 1994.

Standard & Chartered

Base Rate

On and after 19th January 1996 Standard Chartered Bank's Base Rate for lending is being decreased from 6.50% to 6.25%

Standard Chartered Bank

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With effect from the close of business on Thursday 18th January, 1996 and until further notice, Hill Samuel Bank's Base Rate is

6.25% per annum

All facilities (including regulated consumer credit agreements) with a rate of interest linked to Hill Samuel Bank's Base Rate will be varied accordingly.



Hill Samuel Bank Limited - 100 Wood Street - London EC2P 2A1

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ANZ Grindlays Bank plc announces that its base rate has changed from 6.50%pa to 6.25%pa with effect from close of business 18th January 1996.

ANZ Grindlays Bank

13 St.James's Square, London SW1Y 4LF Telephone: 0171-830 4611 Member ANZ Group

With effect from the close of business on Thursday 18th January 1996 and until further notice, TSB Base Rate is decreased from 6.5% p.a. to 6.25% p.a.

> All facilities (including regulated consumer credit agreements) with a rate of interest linked to TSB Base Rate will be varied accordingly.





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This announcement appears as a matter of record only





WESTERN AREAS GOLD MINING COMPANY LIMITED

7.3 million ounce structured gold transaction

The transaction is intended by Western Areas to secure the projected funding requirement for the South Deep section.

Structured by:
AIG International Inc.
Standard Corporate and Merchant Bank

Facility Provided by:
Standard Corporate and Merchant Bank

Risk Principals:
Standard Corporate and Merchant Bank
AIG International Inc.





INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

Sandoz optimistic despite sales slip

Sandoz, the Swiss drugs company which began a divestment programme last year, saw sales for 1995 fall to SFr15.2bn (\$12.86bn), against SFr15.87bn the previous year. But the company said a better operating performance meant it expected a "marked increase" in 1995 net profits. It added that sales were 14 per cent higher than in 1994, if measured in local currencies. Sandoz shares rose SFr41 at SFr1.048.

Roche, the biggest Swiss drugs company, said on Wednesday its 1995 sales grew by 11 per cent in local currencies, but with virtually no change when measured in Swiss francs. Sandoz spun off some of its chemicals operations in July last year. Excluding businesses sold, sales rose 4 per cent.

Pharmaceutical division sales rose by 8 per cent in local currencies to SFr7.1bn from SFr7.2bn. Two drugs, Sandimmu and its new variant Neoral, used in transplants and for rheumatoid arthritis and psoriasis, posted 10 per cent local currency sales gains. Annual sales of its recently-launched Lescol lipid-lowering agent reached SFr245m. Sandoz upset the lipid-lowering drug market in the US by launching Lescol at half the price of competitors made by Merck and Bristol-Myers Squibb. Nutrition division sales rose 42 per cent to SFr3.7bn, largely because of the 1994 acquisition of US foods company Gerber. Excluding Gerber, the rise in nutritional division sales

Cost cuts 'halve Snecma loss'

Snecma, the French state-owned aero-engine maker, said yesterday that cost-cuts and redundancies had helped it nearly halve its 1995 net loss to about FFr1.1-FFr1 2bn (\$220m-\$240m). from FFr2.2bn the previous year. Turnover fell from FFr10.4bn to FFr8.7bn. Mr Bernard Dufour, chairman and chief executive, predicted sales this year would rise slightly to FFr9bn, helped by new products such as the M88 engine for France's Rafale fighter and medium and lower thrust engines developed with Snecma's long-time partner, General Electric

But Mr Dufour attacked the "unprecedented" price competition among the world's leading zero-engine compani He added that with its accumulated losses punching "a hole in our finances", Snecma could not match some of the price rebates other companies were offering. He also indicated the French company might have to let GE develop on its own more powerful versions of the GE-90 engine, in which Snecma has a 25 per cent stake, in order to compete with Pratt & Whitney and Rolls-Royce to equip Boeing's 777 carrier.

David Buchan, Paris SE-Banken draws more criticism

Sweden's financial supervisory authority yesterday added its voice to criticism of Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken for the unexpected credit losses the bank suffered last year and called on the bank to demonstrate that its control of exposures was working. The move by Finansinspektionen followed the imposition on Tuesday of a SKr2m (\$300,000) fine on SE-Banken by the Stockholm Stock Exchange for breaking its listing agreement by its handling of information about the

Credit losses linked to the failed financial investment group Luxonen - largely caused by losses on volatile currency swap contracts - forced SE-Banken to make unheralded provisions of SKr2.9bn last year on top of SKr1bn in provisions taken against the Luxonen exposure in 1994. Finansinspektionen said it had found "insufficiencies in the bank's organisation, routines and handling of the credit exposures concerned". It acknowledged that SE-Banken, the main financial arm of the Wallenberg industrial empire, had admitted these shortcomings and taken steps to improve credit controls.

The bank insists its control systems were thoroughly overhauled following the general Swedish banking crisis in the early 1990s - after the exposure to Luxonen had been taken on. It says these new systems were reviewed after the that no repeat of the losses is likely. But Finansinspektionen called on the SE-Banken board to submit a "comprehensive report" to the authority detailing the measures it had taken, or planned to take in light of the stock exchange criticism.

Hugh Carnegy, Stockholm

Thyssen Industrie, the engineering and defence division of the Thyssen group, saw net profits for the year ended September 30 rise 18 per cent from DM88m to DM104m (\$71m), but it suffered "massive losses" at its Blohm & Voss shipbuilding operations. New orders at the Hamburg shippard collapsed following the rise of the D-Mark against the dollar and other European currencies. Mr Eckhard Rohkamm, chief executive, said the outlook for this year was "generally positive". Turnover in the first quarter of 1995-96 rose 1 per Michael Lindemann, Bonn

cent to DM1.8bn. ■ Esselta, the Swedish office products group, yesterday reported a 43 per cent jump in 1995 profits from SKr413m to SKr592m (\$88.8m), well ahead of its forecast. Mr Bo Lundquist, chief executive, said the group had benefited from tough streamlining in the US. But he said Esselte had been hit by the strengthening of the krona towards the end of 1995 – which lopped SKr10m off profits - and by sharp increases in raw material prices. The company saw sales rise an underlying 4 per cent to SKr12.1bn. Christopher Brown-Humes, Stockholm

Olivetti says revamp costs higher than forecast

By John Simkins in Milan and Michael Morgan in London

Only a month after Olivetti's surprisingly successful L2.257bn (\$1.42bn) rights issue, the troubled Italian computer group has privately advised analysts that restructuring costs have proved higher than

Analysts from a number of houses have subsequently downgraded 1996 net profit forecasts from about L360bn to L130bn. Although Olivetti's shares picked up 1.5 per cent

yesterday in a very strong Milan stock market, over the previous four trading sessions the price had fallen 13.7 per CERTIF

The low point of the week was on Wednesday, when under additional pressure from a sharp slide in high technology stocks worldwide the shares fell to L1,027, close to the rights issue price of L1.000.

Olivetti insisted yesterday that, in keeping with its usual practice, it would not comment on full-year results before the annual board meeting at the end of May. The company said: We understand that analysts are reviewing their own calculations."

Olivetti's board is to meet next Tuesday to make its first evaluation of 1995 results. It said the decision to hold

next week's meeting was prompted by the need "to show an even greater responsibility to be open about our operations" since last month's rights issue which resulted in foreign investors owning about

reluctant to be named because soon as lower research house of the sensitivity over Olivetti's results, a Milan broker said: "We know that there will be losses, probably of around L1,250bn, for 1995 but there is a growing feeling that the company's net debt is higher than many people

Another Milan broker said: The market has had to work for several weeks on nothing other than claims about the

expected, and that has been

the Achilles heel for some

Although brokers were success of the rights issue. As estimates were put out earlier this week it was easy for the price to be pushed down."

Last September Olivetti which has been beset by troubles in its personal computer division - revealed first half net losses of L1,087bn. including a L900bn charge for restructuring costs in the second half. The company's net losses totalled L678bn in 1994.

Mr Carlo De Benedetti. chairman, has said he believed the share price fall was caused

partly by the strengthening of the lira, allowing foreign investors to take profits, and partly by a market perception that restructuring had proceeded more quickly than expected, putting a greater weight on 1995 costs and reflecting positively on 1996

Mr De Benedetti has said that the rights issue marked the transformation of Olivettifrom "a family-controlled" company into a real public

See World Stock Markets

OVC set to

tap German

TV shopping

By Judy Dempsey in Berlin

the

tele-shopping group, is poised to enter the German market

and tap what is still an under-

developed retailing and con-

QVC would be the second

tele-shopping company to start broadcasting in Germany. It has still to clear regulatory

burdles but officials are confi-

dent that permission will be

Mr Wolfgang Clement, the

(30)

2007

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Restructuring pays off as Banesto returns to profit

Mr Alfredo Sáenz, chairman, said he expected further improvement of between 30 and 50 per cent this year, but the bank was not due to resume dividends before 1998. The group, in which Banco Santander now holds 50 per

from Pta6.8bn. Deposits rose 7.5 per cent to Pta3,141bn. Total loans fell 4 per cent to Ptal,841bn, but Mr Sáenz said

per cent up at Pta1,327bn. The parent bank showed net profit of Pta 20.2bm against a 1994 loss of Pta12.5bn. Mr Sáenz emphasised that the process of reorganising the bank, in which the Bank of Spain intervened at the end of 1993, was "a long-distance race" over five years.

The main effort now focused on getting rid of unproductive assets, restructuring the loan portfolio, recovering debts and cutting costs. This initial phase was now half-way through, he said, and should be virtually completed next year.

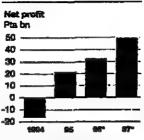
Non-performing loans fell 28 per cent last year to Pta382.4bn. This was was 77 per cent covered by provisions, compared with less than 50 per cent two years ago. Mr Sáenz said the aim was 90 per cent

Pta120.7bn in 1995 from Pta141.2bn two years before. However, he said the recapttalisation and support package drawn up two years ago might have fallen somewhat short of the group's real needs.

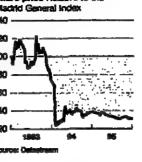
In addition to the Pta605bu worth of hidden losses estimated at the time by the Bank of Spain, the group had set aside Pta19.6bn in the last two years in further provisions for loan risks and had suffered losses of Pta13.7bn from the sale of subsidiaries and portfolio holdings.

Divestments last year totalled Pta174.6bn - principally from the sale of Banesto's 50 per cent stake in Banco Totta a Acores to Portugal's Champalimand group - after Pta102.5bn worth of sales in 1994. Mr Sáenz forecast a fur-The bank had also made ther Ptal00bn of divestments "spectacular progress" in cutBanesto

COMPANY PROFILE:



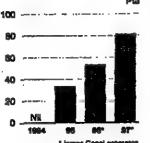
Share price Relative to the



The group's workforce fell to 15,900 last year, from more than 20,100 at the time of the

1993 crisis.





would concentrate on its Span-

ish banking business and aimed to raise its 6.5 per cent share of domestic lending to Mr Sáenz said the group more than 10 per cent in 1998.

Mr Oscar Fanjul, Repsol

chairman, said the govern-

ment's holding agency, Sepi,

had abandoned proposals to try

economics minister of North-Rhine Westphalia, Germany's most populous state, yesterday confirmed that QVC would be located in the region, which is fast becoming an important media centre.

In the start-up phase, QVC intends to create 209 jobs, rising to 2,000 by the end of the decade, and has earmarked investments of DM110m (\$75m).

However, the law governing home tele-shopping in Germany is still unclear. The US group will require a licence from the local broadcasting authorities to gain access to one of the normal frequencies or transmit via satellite.

"We are in the process of discussing this licence for OVC." North-Rhine Westphalia's broadcasting authority said. "Even if we grant it, the federal law which still restricts home shopping will have to be changed." Under current legislation, tele-shop-ping broadcasts are restricted to one hour per day.

the Bavarian broadcasting authorities to allow ROT, a joint venture founded by Queile, Germany's largest mail-ordering service, and Pro 7, the Munich-based independent commercial television network, to broadcast has increased the pressure to amend the law. Retailing analysts believe

that over the next five years, tele-shopping in Europe could generate turnover of DM1bn while the German market could be bringing in about DM500m over the same period. Last year, turnover from the North-Rhine Westphalia's tising industry was DM61bn The sector employs more than 126,000 people, placing it is third place behind the chend-

By Devid White

Banco Español de Crédito (Banesto), the Spanish bank which underwent a Pta500bn (\$4bn) rescue two years ago, yesterday reported a return to profit with consolidated earnings of Pta21.4bn compared with a Pta17.8bn loss in 1994.

cent, quadrupled operating profits in the year to Pta28.5bn

this partly reflected divestment of interests to which the bank had made foreign currency loans, Lending in pesetas was 5

By David White In Medrid

Repsol, the Spanish oil, gas

and chemicals group in which

the Spanish government is sell-

ing more than half its remain-

ing 21 per cent stake, yesterday

issued provisional estimates

showing a 21.6 per cent rise in

consolidated net earnings last

year to Pta117.7bn (\$878m)

ket expectations. Per-share

earnings rose from Pta322.68 to

The result was close to mar-

from Pta96.9bn in 1994.

Repsol predicts 21.6% increase in earnings Repsol announced its earnings estimate as it made its first presentations to financial institutions on the forthcoming global share offer, expected to raise about Pta130hn. It will be the second Repsol placement in

less than a year and is set to

reduce the government stake

from 21 per cent to 10 per cent.
The company said its earnings growth came principally from gas and chemicals activities. Operating profits from chemicals soared 171 per cant to Pta62.86bn, in spite of tightening margins in the last quarter. Operating earnings from gas were up 21 per cent to PtaS7.5bn

These sectors offset lower earnings from refining and marketing, where operating profits fell from Pta89.4bn to Pta76.0bn. The company said petrol and diesel sales rose 7.7 per cent, but did not provide any turnover figures. Exploration and production

operations, meanwhile, produced profits 11 per cent up at Pta19hn. This partly reflected gains from the sale of explora-tion assets in Angola. Repsol shares closed 0.2 per

cent down at Pta4,065 on the Madrid market yesterday. Applications for the privatisation issue opened on Wednesday. Half of the 33m shares are destined for retail investors in Spain. Individual investors will benefit from a 4

per discount and a rebate of up to 10 per cent if the shares fail in the first 12 months after the issue. The final price is due to be set on February 5.

to form a French-style hard core of banking shareholders. The abortive proposal reflects differences within the Socialist administration over the Repsol privatisation.
The original Sepi plan was

for a 7 per cent capital issue, reserved for institutional investors. The amount was raised to 11 per cent at a cabinet meeting a week ago.

Générale des Eaux sees FFr3bn loss

By David Buchan in Paris

Générale des Eaux, the French construction and utilities group, yesterday warned of higher than expected net losses of FFr3bn-FFr3.5bn (\$700m) for 1995, because disposals were not proceeding fast enough to offset problems in property and

construction. The group, which recorded a net profit of FFr3.3bn in 1995, signalled last autumn that it would fall in to the red for the year - ita first loss - by announcing real estate losses and provisions of about

FF77bn. But Mr Jean-Marie Messier, the group's number two and

designated heir to Mr Guy Dejousny, who is retiring this summer, had said the 1995 loss might be "some hundreds of millions of francs", adding, though, that it could go higher depending on the number of

Générale des Eaux sold FFr5bn of assets last year, but its only big sale was of its US bottled water operation to Suntory of Japan for \$290m.

The group yesterday confirmed its 1995 property losses and provisions of FF17bn at a shareholders meeting called to approve the group's absorption of the Georges V real estate company, part of Mr Bernard Arnault's LVMH group, which

now becomes a shareholder in FFr105 a share, which is 15 per Générale des Eaux.

The group said its other particular problem was a loss of FFr500m last year from the operations of its second biggest construction subsidiary, CBC. The loss was caused by overexpansion in Germany, and in particular to difficulties in completing the Friedrichstadt Passagen building in Berlin.

At the end of a day on which Générale des Eaux's shares fell on the Paris bourse, the group announced a FFr130m bid for the 36 per cent of CBC shares that it does not already own, in order to assist restructuring of the construction company. It is offering minority shareholders

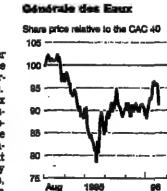
cent above the current price and 19 per cent above the average for the past three months. Several Générale des Raux shareholders complained yesterday about the group's propof their number who complained to the management that "every time you stray [from] your original business, you blunder". The FFr7bn

FFr8.1bn from a net property stock of FFr14hn. But the group forecast a "clear rebound" this year, to bring profits back in line with the FFr3.2-FFr3.3bn of 1993-94.

Agent Bank

property losses and provisions

were on income last year of



Source: FT Botal

It hoped to limit this year's property losses to FFribn and was optimistic about its general utilities activities, particularly in water treatment and mobile telephones.

This notice does not constitute an offer or invitation to any person to subscribe for or to purchase any Units or IDRs and appears as a matter of record only.

The Taipei Fund

(a contractual securities investment trust fund established under the laws of the Republic of China)

National Investment Trust Company Limited

Third Tranche Issue

Pursuant to an agreement between National Investment Trust Company Limited as Manager and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York as Depositary dated 15 September, 1995 the terms and conditions governing the International Depositary Receipts ("IDRs") which evidence the entitlement of the holder thereof to Units in The Taipei Fund (the "Fund") have been amended.

The amendments were made in accordance with the terms and conditions of the IDRs to facilitate the issue of a Third Tranche of Units in the Fund, which are evidenced by CIDRs. The amendments are already in effect.

The Manager has submitted an application to list the Third Tranche Units evidenced by C IDRs on the London Stock Exchange and listing has been granted, effective

Redemption of Units and IDRs

The Units and IDRs, including the B IDRs and C IDRs, in the Fund currently in issue were issued subject to a restriction that they may not be redeemed until one year, or such earlier period as may be allowed by the relevant authorities of the Republic of China ("ROC"), from the relevant date of issue.

Such one-year period has already expired in respect of the Units, IDRs and B IDRs issued in the First and Second Tranches of the Fund, which may be redeemed at any time, subject to the other terms and conditions of such securities.

With effect from 5 January, 1996, the ROC authorities have removed the one-year lock-up period on redemption referred to above and, accordingly, the Units and CIDRs issued in the Third Tranche of the Fund may be redeemed at any time, subject to the other terms and conditions of such securities. Units and C IDRs issued and to be issued will therefore rank pari passu in all respects with the Units. IDRs and B IDRs already in issue.

Copies of the documents amending the terms and conditions of the IDRs are available for inspection through Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Avenue des Arts 35, 1040 Brussels, Belgium. Further information may also be obtained by contacting National Investment Trust Company Limited directly.

19 January, 1996

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Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due 2000

For the interest period 18th January, 1996 to 18th July, 1996 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 5.91094% per annum with an interest amount of US \$149.42 per US \$5,000 Note, payable on 18th July, 1996.

Bankers Trust Company, London

Capital One Master Trust U.S. \$389,090,099 Pleasing Bate Clear A Conditioners, Series 1995-2

For the interest period 16th January, 1996 to 15th Pebruary, 1996 the Certificates will carry an interest rate of 5.735% per annum with an amount of U.S. \$47.79 payable per U.S. \$10,000 denomination and U.S. \$477.92 per U.S. \$100,000 denomination, payable on 15th February, 1996.

Union Benk of Switzerland London Branch Agent Bank 12th January, 1996

APPOINTMENTS **ADVERTISING**

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to 19 April 1996. Interest payable on 19 April 1996 will amount to US\$146,93 per US\$10,000 note and US\$734.64 per US\$50,000 note. Agent: Morgan Guaranty

Trust Company

JPMorgan

Wells Fargo & Company

Floating rate subordinated

The notes will bear interest at 5.8125% per annum for the interest period 19 January 1996

US\$100,000,000

notes due July 1997

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16th January, 1996

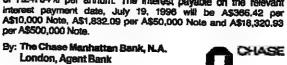
Floating Rate Notes Due 1997 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the three month period ending 18th April, 1996, has been fixed at 5.75% per annun. The interest accruing for such three month period will be ECU 145.35 per ECU 10.000 and ECU 1.453.47 per ECU 10.000 Bearer Note, on 18th April, 1996, against presentation of Coupon No. 16. Union Bank of Switzertend London Branch Agent Bank



State Bank of New South Wales Limited Medium Term Notes due July 17, 1997 Series No; 2

Guaranteed by The Government of the State of New South Wales Notice is hereby given that for the interest Period from January 19, 1996 to July 19, 1996 (182 days) the Notes will carry an Interest Flate of 7.24784% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant

By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank January 19, 1996



Lonrho Finance Public Limited Company

Floating Rate Notes due 1997 Unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by

Notice is hereby given that for the three months interest period from January 19, 1996 to April 19, 1996 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 6.80859% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, April 19, 1996 will be U.S. \$172.11 and U.S. \$1,721.06 respectively for Notes in denominations of U.S. \$10,000 and U.S. \$100,000.

By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank





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Lonrho Public Limited Company

January 19, 1996

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

AMP 'task force' to consider demutualisation

The Australian Mutual Provident, Australia's largest life insurance company, said yesterday it was setting up a formal "task force" to review the group's corporate structure, and consider whether it should demutualise. It is likely to present its findings towards the end of the year.

Demutualisation - the process by which a mutual insurer, owned essentially by its policyholders, turns itself into a conventional, shareholder-

owned company - has become a trend as London Life, first proposed the number of Australian insurers have already taken this path

National Mutual, AMP's big rival, is committed to demutualising by 1997. as is Colonial Mutual, at a slightly later date. The NRMA, one of the country's big motor insurers, also planned to go this route until vigorous opposition from some members derailed the scheme.

The AMP, which owns the Pearl insurance business in the UK as well

internationally in recent years, and a demutualisation option a year ago. At that stage, Mr George Trumbull, the US insurance executive brought in to head the AMP two years ago, said that there was a 50:50 chance the institution could become a shareholder-owned company within five

> Unlike some of its competitors, the AMP has no tregent need to shore up its balance sheet or raise new funds. But Mr Trumbull has argued that a more time-sensitive, commercially-

for the group - though he has also said no decision would be taken lightly.

Yesterday, the AMP said its board had reviewed preliminary internal studies, and decided to "undertake a comprehensive assessment of the options". Mr Trumbull stressed the group was "not committed to change simply for change's sake" and that no decisions on a long-term course of action had yet been taken. The AMP task force will be headed

by Mr Trevor Thompson, former general manager of the corporate superannuation division, and is likely to call in a range of external advisers in drawing up its recommendations. It will look at all options open to the group in terms of corporate structure,

not just demutualisation. The AMP, besides being Australia's biggest life office, is one of the country's largest equity market investors. Funds under management at end-1994 were A\$73.7bn (US\$54.8bn).

Anglo American puts 10,000 mining jobs on the line

By Mark Ashurst

Angle American Corporation warned yesterday that some 10,000 mining jobs were at risk unless there were significant improvements in costs and

Mr Bobby Godsell, chief executive officer of Anglo American's gold and pranium

division, warned that without these improvements, five shafts would be closed before the end of March at Freegold. the most troubled of Anglo's gold mines.

The warning, which comes in the wake of 3,500 redundancies at Freegold late last year, came on the day the company announced an 8 per cent rise in after-tax profits at its gold and

local gold industry.

promptly sold GFSA.

direct stake in GPSA.

rose to R144.8m (\$39.75m) from R134.1m in the preceding quar-

Negotiations between organised labour and management are due to resume next week. It is my realistic hope that this meeting will produce a commitment to make cost and

uranium mines. Profits in the shafts, more blasts, more gold three months to December 31 - which will extend their lives," said Mr Godsell. Freegold, the world's biggest

gold mine, reported a loss of R5.1m for the past three months after reporting a R12m profit in the previous quarter. Mr Godsell said the mines "insured future operations" by returning to the

per cent of this year's total gold production of about 220

Capital expenditure for the quarter fell 6.8 per cent to R203.4m from R218.3m. Overall gold production slipped 2 per cent to 56,476kg from 57,613kg, although average revenue rose 1.7 per cent on the previous JCI Group gold mines yes-terday reported a 3 per cent fall in after-tax profits to R79.8m, compared with R82.3m in the previous quarter. This was due largely to lower vields across the group and higher working costs, which offset a R5m gain in gold revenue, to R523.8m, on the back of higher average gold prices. See World Stock Markets

He also believes Rembrandt

Liberty and GFSA are part-ners, and would obviously like

the status quo to continue. But he concedes a bld is a possibil-

ity. "Everything eventually has its price, but I think we

would be looking at an enor-

mous premium to break the

Of the local mining houses, he makes clear he believes JCI (whose gold division has been put up for sale by parent Anglo

American) would provide the

closest cultural fit, but says

This is partly because such a

Gold Fields has not looked seri-

deal could well give Anglo

total control of GFSA (which

GFSA has resisted for years), but also because Anglo has made clear JCI's sale will be an

which seeks to advance black

Mr Wright says Gold Fields has looked at doing a deal with Gencor (Rembrandt has a 13.7

per cent stake, and analysts

have often floated the prospect

of it rationalising its mining

investments in GFSA and Gen-

corr) but he believes the corpo-

rate cultures are different.

GFSA's growth has been

largely organic, while Gencor,

especially under Mr Brian Gil-

bertson, the current chairman,

He concedes poor perfor-

has become more acquisitive.

mance has, "from time to time", placed the partnership

under stress. "Maybe the important thing is we appear to have overcome it," he adds.

A significant rally in the

gold price could ride to the rescue - the recent spike has helped GFSA's share price -

but the more likely scenario is that investors will have to

exercise patience and watch for the Ruperts' plan to unfold.

"affirmative action"

business interests.

ously at this option.

partnership."

Gold Fields losing its glister in the new South Africa

Despite owning two of the richest mines in the world, the group faces problems, writes Philip Gawith

old Fields of South Africa, once the jewel of the South African mining industry, is increasingly looking like a prime take over candidate, ripe for restructuring.

in an interview, Mr Alan Wright, GFSA chairman, made clear that "business as usual" revo ot riguous ed ton bluow come the company's problems.

Despite owning two of the richest gold mines in the world, Driefontein and Kloof, GFSA is in trouble. Mr Wright concedes the group's flagship mines are less profitable than they should be. Its venture into platinum has proved embarrassing, and the company's paternalistic ethos appears at odds with modern South Africa.

Nevertheless, the barriers to rationalisation are immense. South Africa's ownership structures tend to be complicated, but even in the country's incestuous corporate world, Gold Fields represents the ultimate Gordian knot. It has been the scene of some of most bitter clashes in the country's financial history, and the three, post-war giants, of South. Arrican business — Mr. Harry Oppenheimer — Mr. Anton Rupert and Mr Donald Gordon — have each been involved.

Mr Oppenhelmer spent nine years trying to gain control of Consolidated Gold Fields (then parent of GFSA), starting with a "dawn raid" in February 1980 and culminating in an acrimonious, and unsuccessful, bid by minorco, Angio's offshore associate. In 1989. He wanted to gain control of Gold Fields, seat on the board – a legacy of which was 46 per cent held by ConsGold, to keep it out of the hands of rival mining house General Mining (forerunner of having previously been close General), thus perpetuating business partners.



Digging deep: GFSA must make greater afforts to find new ore resources

Only Rembrandt is in a posi-Anglo's dominant status in the tion to do anything about the situation. Asteroid lacks the Soon after Minorco's failed bid, ConsGold fell into the incentive to effect reform, hands of Lord Hanson, who while Liberty and Angio lack the power.

The result is a complicated But change may not be far off. The recent marger of Remshare structure through which brandt's tobacco interests with GFSA is controlled by a company called GFSA Holdings. This, in pure, is owned 40 perthose of Richamont, the offshore company controlled by cent by the Rembrandt Group (the Rupert family), 40 per cent the Rupert family, may herald a wider restructuring of the by Asteroid (in effect, Gold Rembrandt group. Mr Anton Fields' incumbent manage-Rupert has said that a comment) and 20 per cent by Libpany needs a "locomotive" to erty Life (Mr Gordon). Anglo American and its associates, drive profits. In Rembrandt's case this was tobacco. But with meanwhile, hold a 25.8 per cent that locomotive decoupled, a new strategy will be required.

Even this does not do full A changing of the guard at GFSA may also her-aid further developments. Last October, Mr Robin Plumbridge was replaced, after 15 years as GFSA chairman, by Mr Wright. Mr Plumbridge fought hercely to maintain past hostilities. Mr Gordon and the Rupert family, meanwhile, fell out badly over this deal, Gold Fields' independence, to

the point where critics claimed the company had become a personal flefdom. A new face could help break the log-jam.
A third agent for change is that GFSA's profits from

gold are under unprecedented Finally, Gold Fields is seen as having a management style that blands authoritarianism and paternalism in a way unsuited to the "new South Africa". Political and investor pressure on this front could also act as a spur.

Mr Wright says he has two main objectives. First, he must rationalise the South African gold interests so they can be mined more profitably. Second, be must make greater efforts to find new ore resources.

The flagship gold mines of Kloof and Driefontein continue to make profits, but Mr Wright concedes these are "only half what they should be, and all mines are running below design capacity". He blames

this on the country's political upheaval, although some believe GFSA's hardline antiunion policy has made it the victim of industrial sabotage. The problem is that the main challenge facing the gold mining industry is in industrial

relations - an area in which GFSA lags well behind many of its competitors. Another important challenge is to improve investor rela-tions. Mr Wright is candid: "I have absolutely no doubt that

we are on the lowest rung on the ladder they can put us on."
It must be doubtful, though, whether Mr Wright and other senior managers, steeped in the Gold Fields culture, have the ability to make the sort of far-reaching change that the investment community is

Mr Wright concedes that "Gold Fields basically has not grown for years now". He attributes this in part to the flat gold price, and an inability to believe that it would not turn the corner. Also, unlike some of its competitors, Gold Fields has no significant industrial investments to cushion the impact of soft gold prices.

high hopes that the Tarkwa gold project in Ghana will pro-vide significant profits. Mr Michael Coulson, analyst at Nedcor Securities in London. believes it has the potential to provide income "not a long way short" of the R100m (\$27.45m) the Kloof mine con-tributed to GFSA in 1995.

Mr Wright is also hopeful he will achieve a turnround at Northam, which is now running at a break-even level. "Maybe we won't be able to, but I would still dearly love to prove them [the analysis]

NEWS DIGEST

Strong demand for Moroccan issue

The Moroccan government has raised Dh1.76hn (\$207m) in an oversubscribed issue of privatisation bonds, the ministry of privatisation announced yesterday. The three-year state guaranteed bonds, issued for the first time in Morocco, entitle holders to convert the bonds into shares in forthcoming privatisations on the stock exchange, at which time the yield will be calculated at 8 per cent, or hold them to maturity for an 8.5 per cent vield.

The bonds allow the government to book in revenue from privatisation before the sales take place, and will put pressure on government officials to accelerate the privatisation programme. The ministry of privatisation had originally planned to issue Dh1.5bn worth of bonds but increased the size of the issue in the face of more than Dh1.9bn in demand.

Individuals bought 85 per cent of the issue while mutual funds and other institutions picked up the rest. Moroccans living abroad, who were exempt from withholding tax, were among the most enthusiastic buyers of the bonds, accounting

Mr Abderrahmane Saaidi, the minister of privatisation, has said be intends to issue an international tranche to be sold by Morgan Stanley, Nomura and Paribas, However, he has yet to secure the consent of the ministry of finance, which sees the privatisation bonds as competing against Treasury bills.

Bondholders were vesterday given a first taste of what they may soon be able to convert their shares into. The ministry said Samur, the country's largest oil refinery with an 82 per cent share of the fuel oil market, would be privatised through the stock exchange on March 4.

Mayne Nickless units for sale

Mayne Nickless, the Australian transportation, security and healthcare group, said yesterday it was putting its UK-based armoured car division, which trades under the Security Express and Armaguard (UK) names, up for sale.

The business, known as UKAC, employs around 2,800 people and had turnover in the year to end-June of about A\$140m (US\$103.7m), It delivers and collects cash from banks and other financial institutions, and also services automatic teller

Mayne's decision to sell the business comes as no surprise, given that it has been steadily winding down its security interests outside Australia. It has already sold its interest in a Belgium-based security business, its Spanish security operations and its UK-based electronic security unit. It also sold its general security businesses in North America to Rentokil of the UK for A\$70m last August. Nikki Tait, Sydney

Thailand bank deal approved

Directors of Thai Danu Bank, Thailand's 12th largest bank, vesterday approved the purchase of 20 per cent of the bank by Finance One, the country's largest finance company for approximately \$135m.

While not an outright merger, the \$8.1bn in combined assets of the two institutions make would make it the seventh largest bank in Thailand. Finance One, led by Mr Pin Chakkaphak, will be given two seats on the bank's five-member executive committee. Mr Pin has been actively pursuing a major stake in Thai commercial bank for more than a year.

Thai Danu Bank will issue 30m new shares, 24.2m of which will be purchased by Finance One at Bt140 (\$5.54) each. The remaining 5.8m shares will be offered to leading Thai Danu shareholders at the same price, thus allowing them to maintain majority control of the bank.

The purchase is subject to regulatory approval but both the finance ministry and the Bank of Thailand, the country's central bank, have said they will give the venture the go-shead

of increased domestic and foreign competition in the country's central bank.

Sony invests in Jackson venture

Sony Music Entertainment (Japan) said yesterday it would invest \$44.6m in Sony/ATV Music Publishing, a joint venture by Sony Corp's US unit and singer Michael Jackson. Sony Music said the impact of the investment on its parent and group earnings would be small for the time being.

Sony Music is 71 per cent owned by Sony Corp; Sony/ATV is a music publishing company which owns copyright and publishing rights of many pieces of music, including Bestles'

Sony Music said it was planning to invest more in the Sony/ ATV vanture in the future, but it did not elaborate. Agencies, Tokyo



passenger transport board

ADVANCE NOTICE OF REQUEST FOR TENDERS FOR ADELAIDE METROPOLITAN PASSENGER TRANSPORT SERVICES

South Australia's Passenger Transport Board (PTB) is about to invite syndem for the provision of bus services in three areas of metropolitan Adelaide, These

The PTB is responsible for planning, funding, regulating and coordinating all land-based passenger transport in South Australia. The PTB is seeking innovation in the delivery of public transport services, increased patronage and feduced operating costs. Three service perceis have recently been contracted out and over the next two years ten more will be released for tender.

Depot plant and buses are available for lease for the duration of the of from the South Australian Department of Transport. Tender documents for the next three parcels will soon be aveilable from the

U.S. \$300,000,000

Crédit Lyonnais

Subordinated

Floating Rate Notes Due 2000

Interest Rate

Interest Period

19th July 1996

Interest Amount per

U.S. \$10,000 Note due

5.50% per annum

19th January 1996 19th July 1996

U.S. \$278.06

CS FIRST BOSTON

ICI Limited



Western Areas Gold Mining Company Limited

Registration stumber 58/09209/06 ("Niestern Arcas") (Both companies mentioned are incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

FUNDING PROGRAMME FOR THE SOUTH DEEP PROJECT

The plan presented to shareholders at the time of the merger of Western Areza and South Deep Exploration Company Limited for the exploitation of the South Deep ore reserve indicated an expected total external funding requirement of R1.1bn in July 1994 money terms based on a constant real gold price assumption of

The alternatives considered for this funding requirement included rights issues, gold loans, hedging and ralisarion awards in lieu of dividends. Shareholders are advised that this external funding programme has been secured as follows:

a rights offer of R510m which occurred in June 1995 capitalisation awards to shareholders with options to elect shares instead of cash dividends, (two awards have been made to date)

This financial transaction comprises the forward sale of 100% of planned gold production of 7.3 million ounces of

Through the purchase of rand-gold call options for 4.0 million ounces, participation in rising rand gold prices on 55% of production is achieved leaving an effective commitment to deliver 3.3 million ounces. In addition, 45% of planned revenue is protected against the weakening of the rand against the dollar through the

purchase of rand-dollar call options. The financial transaction provides for a cash payment of some R450m in current money to substantially fund the purchase of the call options, with the balance being funded by foregoing a portion of the value inherent in the

The rable below provides the key elements of the financial trap

Financial year ending 30 June	Average forward gold price	Average strike price of rand - gold call _/	Average strike price of rand - dollar call options		
	R/kg	options R/kg	R/\$		
1996	47 000	47-800	1		
1997	51 500	51 500			
1998	59 000	59 000	5.66		
1999	81 000	. 81 000	6.60		
2000	94 000	94 000	7.42		
. 2001	74 500	82 500	8.95		
2062	75 500	85 500	9.59		
. 2003	76 500	88 500	10.57		
months ending March 2004	79 000	91 000	11.71		

As a consequence of this funding programme, and subject to the mine plan of Western Areas being achieved, the company is not expected to require any further external funding for the South Deep project during the period ending March 2004.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



ALPHATEC ELECTRONICS PLC

US\$ 40,000,000

TERM LOAN FACILITY

Arranger and Agent ING BANK THAILAND, BANGKOK (BIBF) BRANCH

Co-Arranger ING BANK THAILAND, EASTERN SEABOARD (PIBF) BRANCH

Lead Managers ARAB BANKING CORPORATION (B.S.C.), SINGAPORE BRANCH CREDIT LYONNAIS, SINGAPORE BRANCH DRESDNER BANK AG (PIBF) BRANCH THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAL BANKING CORPORATION LIMITED. BANGKOK INTERNATIONAL BANKING FACILITY

Managers BANK OF CHINA, BANGKOK INTERNATIONAL BANKING FACILITY CHIAO TUNG BANK CO. LTD., SINGAPORE BRANCH N.V. DE INDONESISCHE OVERZEESE BANK (INDOVER BANK) KOREA EXCHANGE BANK BANGKOK INTERNATIONAL BANKING FACILITY



November 1995

Founder set to realise £40m from UniChem's £544m takeover offer

Lloyds Chemists agreed bid

By Peggy Hollinger

The chairman of Lloyds Chemists, Mr Allen Lloyd, is set to realise £40m from Uni-Chem's £544m (\$838m) takeover of the pharmacy chain he founded. The agreed bid by the pharmaceuticals wholesaler and retailer was announced

Mr Lloyd stands to make £38m from the purchase of his 7.5 per cent stake. As outgoing chairman, he is also eligible for a further pay-off of about 52m to cover his two-year contract and associated benefits

Mr Lloyd, a qualified pharmacist, is bowing out after 20 years of building up Britain's second largest pharmacy chain with 924 outlets. Family illness and a fraught relationship with investors are believed to be behind his decision to sell. UniChem has been courting

Mr Lloyd since March, when

Lloyds stunned the City with provisions to cover losses and closures in its drugstores side. UniChem is offering 232p in cash and four new shares for every three of Lloyds. This values Lloyds shares at 422p,

Yr to Sept 30 25.7
Yr to Sept 30 19
Yr to Sept 30 0.048§§
6 miths to Oct 31 66.4

Yr to Sept 30 87.8 6 mm to Nev 30 0.329 5 mm to Sept 30 4.53

... Yr in Sept 30

6 miles to Nov 30 20.1 8 miles to Oct 31 7.26



Jeff Harris, left, and Geoff Cooper, finance director, creating a group with a turnover of £2.5bm

against last night's close of chief executive, said the combi-401p, up 35p. It is also offering 26.89p cash and 0.8603 Uni-Chem shares for every Lloyds preference share. There is a partial cash alternative of 600p in cash and 2.327 new Uni-Chem shares for every three of Lloyds, and 129.03p in cash plus 0.501 shares for every pref-

Mr Jeff Harris, UniChem

(25.6 (16.2

nation of the two groups would create "one of Europe's strongest healthcare companies' with turnover of about £2.5bn. With more than 1,300 pharmacies the enlarged group could expand in areas such as own-label products, he said. Margins would also benefit

from enhanced buying power.

The market marked Uni-

258%p.
The Office of Fair Trading yesterday began investigating whether the deal should be referred to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission. The merged group will control almost 40 per cent of the drugs wholesale market, but just 11 per cent of the retail pharmacy

		-tax (films)		5 60)	Correct payment (p)	Date of payment	Dividends Corresponding stateed	Tining for year	Tippel Jami year
7	0.6961.4	(0.624)	17.5L	(13.6)	1	Mar 21	1.6	1.8	32
í	0.41	(0.207)	1.1	(0.6)	0.2	Apr 10	0.1	0.2	0.1
'n	0.214L	(0.185L)	6.24	00.2L)	-	-		<u> </u>	-
í	3.81	2.71	5.36	(3.72)	0.95	Apr 9	0.8	-	25
í	5.53	(4.75)	10.78	(8.64)	4.1*		4.1	6.2"	6.2
j	1.37L	(1.211.)	3.071	(3.38L)	-	-	-	-	
•	1.4	(1.48)	3.9	(4.)	2.1	-	2/1	-	5.2
i	0.681	(1.08	2.69E	(3.62)	pill	-	0.85	0.85	1.7
•	1.98L	(0.47)	0.81Lt	(0.29)	-	-		-	
ì	7.14	(2.06)	34.1	(8.6)	1.5	Feb) 123	riii	-	
į	1,27	(1.02)	5.9	(4.78)	1.75	Feb 27	1.4	-	4.2
•	Attrib	estatolo pa (Casa)	191	(a)	Correct payment (p)	Details of	Corresponding (Inform)	Total for year	Total Inci
_									

Investment Trusts Yr to Dec 31 * 214.4 9 mits to Dec 31 83.52 (90.19) 6.92† (6.45) 2.67 (1.48) Emitings shown basic. Dividends shown tret. Figures in brackets are for corresponding period.

After exceptional charge. \$50per
\$USM stock. *Comparatives restated. #Third interim; makes 3.9p (3.8p) to date. **Third interim; makes 5.5p (5.25p) to date.

Heron looking to make large acquisitions

By Simon London Property Correspondent

Heron, the private property and trading group rescued by a group of US investors in 1994. is back on the acquisition trail and looking for deals valued at hundreds of millions of pounds. Mr Gerald Ronson, the company's founder and chief executive, said that Heron was looking to buy a trading bustness outside the property sector as well as expand its property interest in the UK.

The company is also plan-ning to make significant property acquisitions in continental Europe, possibly through joint ventures with financial institutions. It hopes to form partner-ships with French and Spanish financial institutions to manage their distressed property

"We are looking for very large transactions," said Mr Ronson in a rare interview. We are not interested in deals of £10m or £20m but many hundreds of millions. No transaction is too big if it is priced

In the 1970s and 1980s, Mr Ronson built Heron into the UK's second largest private company, with interests ranging across commercial property, financial services, housebuilding, petrol retailing and vehicle distribution.

The company ran into financial difficulties in the early 1990s, shortly after Mr Ronson had served a six month prison sentence for his part in the share support operation which was at the centre of the Guin-

Most of Heron's trading businesses were sold before the company was rescued by an investor group including Mr Rupert Murdoch, the media tycoon, and Mr Craig McCaw, the telecommunications billionaire. Mr Ronson, whose family once owned all of Heron, stayed as chief execu-

tive on a salary of £500,000. Although Heron's net worth has dwindled to about £200m, Mr Ronson said that the company's shareholders were prepared to inject significant additional equity to finance

LEX COMMENT Interest rates

On its own, yesterday's quar-LIK interest rates ter-point cut in UK interest rates hardly constitutes reckless abandon. But the Bank of England's deafening silence speaks volumes. The markets can hardly be blamed for drawing the obvious conclusion: politics, not economics, is guiding monetary policy. The economic case for the cut is at best doubtful. Certainly the economy has slowed, but rate cuts are unlikely to do much

to help. Exports, the higgest

worry, need further rate cuts in Germany and France, not Source: FT Extel Britain. And with rates already low, further UK cuts are unlikely to do much to boost investment or the housing market. What might benefit is consumer spending. But as yesterday's respectable retail sales

figures confirm, that is already growing healthily.

Of course, despite yesterday's inching upwards, underlying inflation remains low. And even if, as the markets expect, the chancellor cuts rates by a further half-point before the summer, it is not going to generate a 1980s-style boom, which is why the gilts market and sterling have taken yesterday's cur in their stride.

So why worry? The answer is that it is at precisely this point in the cycle - when growth is slowing and inflation seems tamed - that big mistakes are made. And as the government knows to its cost, it is no mean feat to bring inflation down once it has climbed,

If investors want to test the government's anti-inflation rhetoric, the question they should ask is: would the Bundes. bank have cut? The answer is all too clear.

US sales decline for Laura Ashley

Laura Ashley, the clothing and furnishings group, yesterday became the second UK retailer in two days to report a heavy sales fall in the US - although UK and continental European growth was encouraging.
In the eight weeks to Christmas, group

like-for-like sales (excluding store openings and closures) grew by 4.8 per cent. UK and Ireland sales rose 12.2 per cent on a like-for-like basis, with continental European sales up 7.1 per cent. North American sales, however, fell 7.7 per cent. For the 24 weeks from July 30, group like-for-like sales increased 1.7 per cent. Sales in the UK and Ireland were ahead

by 3.7 per cent and continental Europe by 4.5 per cent. North America was down 5.7 per cent Ms Ann Iverson, chief executive, said

conditions in the US were tough, with competitors such as The Gap, Ann Taylor, The Limited and Talbots reporting very

But she admitted mistakes had been made. "North America was driven by a very poor performance in garments," she said. "They were selected incorrectly, the

product was not well planned." Ms Iverson plans to increase the overlap between the North American and UK-continental European range - with the latter performing strongly. She is also reviewing the supply chain, distribution and manufacturing - determining the future of the company's own factories - as well as of the US store portfolio.

Granada hopes to find single buyer for Exclusive and Meridien hotels

Granada, which is waging a hostile £3.9bn bid for Forte, hopes to sell most of Forte's 103 up-market Exclusive and Meridien hotels to a single buyer.

Exclusive and Meridien have a book value of £1.62bn and such a sale would be one of the largest single transactions in the international hotels market. It would of the businesses, he doubted whether a also be the most tax-efficient way of completing such a large disposal. It is understood that Granada would

hope to make the sale within six months of acquiring Forte, the UK's largest hotels However, one leading hotel consultant said last night that while many compa-

single purchaser would be prepared to buy such a large and varied portfolio. Granada's bid for Forte, which reaches its final closing date next Tuesday, is highly leveraged and the sale of the hotels

would quickly reduce the company's initial high level of gearing. Both groups will today meet their bignies might be interested in buying parts

How the protagonists compare

win support. Many observers believe MAM will back Granada.

Shares in Granada rose above 700p yesterday, before retreating to close up 3p at 696p - just 1p below the level before the bid was aunounced last November. Forte shares, which were heavily traded

yesterday, closed up 4p at 381%p. At this level buyers who believe that Forte will

lose the battle and are preparing to accept Granada paper are effectively paying 673p

share for Granada.

The Savoy hotel group, in which Forte has a 68 per cent holding, closed up 10p at £11.30 after rising 100p on Wednesday. Analysts said the rise has been prompted

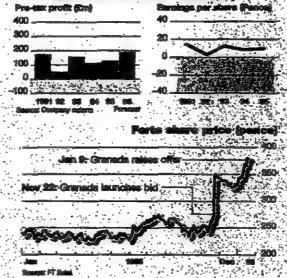
suyer for the stake. Over the past week Forte has questioned Granada's claim that it would not pay any tax on the gain arising from its proposed sale of Forta assets. Forte esti-mates the tax bill at £400m.

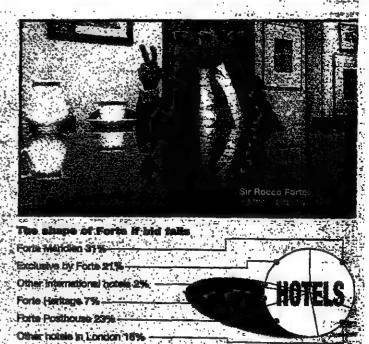
However, Granada believes the disposals would not lead to a gain if the hotels were sold in the form of Forte plc. After MAM, Granada is the bi hareholder in Forte with 9.98 per cent of



The shape of Granada if bid success

Pre-test profit (Em)





Gerry v Rocco: the final countdown t is decision time for shareholders in Forte. The most colourful and hard-fought takeover bat-

As decision day approaches three factors are thought likely to be uppermost in the minds of investors times forecast earnings this year, or 21 times the earnings

reaches a climax next Tuesday, when Granada Group will disdends; and some strong criticover whether it has tri-umphed or failed in its £3.9bu cism of Mr Robinson's managebid for the hotels group. Over the next few days, amid a flurty of last-minute City presentations by both companies, investors in Forte will be deciding which chief executive to support:

Mr Gerry Robinson, a fasttalking Irishman of humble origins with an infectious laugh, who has overseen a sharp rise in profits and share price since he became chief executive of Granada in 1991: or Sir Rocco Forte, the only son of Lord Forte, who founded the company by opening a milk har on London's Upper Regent Street in 1935. Forte's profits record and share price have been lacklustre over the past five years

tle in Britain this decade

This contrast between the two men, and their company's fortunes, appeared to make Forte a relatively easy target when Granada launched its bid on November 22.

But Forte and its investment banking advisory team fought back with a surprisingly powerful defence campaign. This involved the quick sale of bustnesses accounting for almost half total turnover: a programme to buy back 20 per cent its share capital and distribute to shareholders its 68 per cent stake in the Savoy hotel; a promise of sharply increased profits and divi- launched and represents 25

ment style and strategy. However, Granada regained the upper hand with an increased offer and a smooth presentation of its plans to investors and City analysts. It then entered the market this week to buy nearly 10 per cent

polls suggested it would get

sizeable support from some

large City shareholders. Forte's largest shareholder, Mercury Asset Management, with about 15 per cent of the equity, has not shown its hand But it has been an enthusiastic supporter of Mr Robinson in the past and its vote, coupled with Granada's own stake, would carry him a long way

towards victory. However, the battle is far from over. The Forte family and directors speak for 8 per cent of the shares, and private investors, who tend to stick with management, have a further 15 per cent. As investors weigh up their decision over the next few days, three factors are likely to be uppermost in their minds:

 Has Granada offered It is a solid offer, but not necessarily a knock-out. The cash offer is 32 per cent above Forte's share price immediately before the bid was

of the stripped-down hotels group Forte plans to become. The terms are four Granada shares and £23.25 in each for every 15 Forte shares, plus an additional 705p, which can be taken in cash or in the form of a special dividend of 47p a share from Forte. Tax exempt shareholders would be entitled to a tax credit worth an additional 11.75p a share. There is a cash alternative of 362p. Granada's shares have risen strongly this week - unusually for a company which looks like winning a hid - and last night its cash and shares offer was

• How would shares in an independent Forte fare? Granada's strongest weapon has been Forte's poor profits and share price performance in recent years. "We've held Forte for a long time because we regarded it as a surrogate property play," said one institution. "But we wouldn't dissent from the City view that the company hasn't made its assets sweat and hasn't produced

worth 387.6p a share.

sparkling returns." However Sir Rocco insists this has been changing, pointing out that the early 1990s were difficult for the hotel industry - a view with which the City has some sympathy. The 1991 Gulf War put a stop to the European travels of

high-spending Americans and coincided with UK recession. Forte has been a survivor in a turbulent sector which companies such as Rank and Grand Metropolitan have quit, while Queens Most went to the brink of bankruptcy.

Sir Rocco argues that the company is about to reap the benefits of an upturn in the cycle, and that loyal shareholders will benefit from Forte's plans to turn itself into a "pure" hotels investment. It is selling all its peripheral

businesses, most notably its roadside lodges and restau-rants - Little Chef, Happy Eater and Welcome Break -which Whitbread plans to buy for £1.05bn. What will remain is a hotels portfolio ranging from some of the world's most luxurious - often with low margins - to hundrum provincial Posthouses.

It plans to use part of the cash from these disposals to repurchase 20 per cent of its shares, at between 330p and 400p a share, plus 14p a share for tax exempt investors. This could provide a floor to Forte's share price, should the bid

Whatever the intricacies of the debate, the outcome will turn in large measure on investors' views of Sir Rocco. Critics question whether he owes his position more to lineage than

why it has taken a bid to force it a case of "too little, radical restructuring on the company, since he has been chief executive of Forte since 1982. If Granada is defeated, can he be relied on to keep up the pace of change?

Forte argues that Sir Rocco has only had real power since 1992 from his father, and three then he has started a wide-spread shake-up, including several large disposals; the 1994 acquisition of the international Meridien botel chain; and the creation of a new management team, some 70 per cent of which has been appointed in

the past three years. It claims that most of the initiatives unveiled during the bid were already in the pipeline. However, analysts have crit-

icised the company for hanging on to its Savoy stake, despite lack of managerial control, and for the slow pace at which it bas rebranded its hotels. This week, in response to

institutional pressure, Sir Rocco agreed to solit his role as chairman and chief executive, appointing as non-executive chairman Sir Anthony Tennant. Forte's current deputy chairman. But some institutions expressed disappointment that Sir Rocco himself was not becoming chairman, making way for new blood as chief executive, and called

too late." • How would shares in Granada perform after takeover victory?

The case for taking over Forte rests essentially on Mr Gerry Robinson's strong track record in turning round Gran-ada, a diversified leisure group with interests including contract catering and television programming. Operating profits have almost quadrupled in his four years at the helm. "In terms of managerial abilities he has been spectacularly successful," said one analyst.

This year he will take over the chairmanship of the group, and his long-term associate, the 38-year-old Mr Charles Allen, will step up into the chief executive's post. The two have worked together for more than a dozen years, starting at Grand Metropolitan, and were involved in the £160m management buy-out of Compass, GrandMet's industrial catering

Granada has made two large acquisitions in recent years -Sutcliffe, the contract caterer, bought with some smaller companies for £360m from P&O in March 1993, and London Weekend Television, which succumbed to a hostile £760m bid in February 1994. In both cases, Granada quickly achieved its

At Sutcliffe operating mar-

gins have been doubled in three years to 9.4 per cent, and profits last year rose by 35 per cent. LWT's first full year with Granada helped to boost television profits by 65 per cent to

£140m Some analysts believe the trick can be repeated with Forts. However, others question whether Granada, after its initial cost cutting, has demonstrated that it can maintain long term earnings momentum in its acquisitions. And opinion is divided on its proclaimed ability to lift Forte's profits by £100m in the first full year of

operations. The bid, moreover, is not without both risks and controversy. Granada, having initially said it wanted to build op Forte's Meridien chain, did a U-turn in mid-bid and is now planning to sell it as part of £2.1bn of disposals leaving it with assets valued at just £1.7bn, consisting mainly of the roadside business and the middle market British

This has left it open to accusations from Forte of 1980sstyle "asset-stripping", though Forte itself is happily shedding large parts of the group.

The bid will also leave Granada, which has a net worth of £585m, very highly geared. The combined group's pro forma balance sheet, after £865m of

net assets of about £1.44bn against consolidated debt of 23.54bn, producing gearing of 245 per cent.

Mark Finnie, of NatWest Securities, calculates that by next September net assets could rise to £1.8bn, with debt dropping to \$1.20n, for gening of 69 per cent, provided Gran-ada carried out the hotels disposals at book value.

But there must be a question mark over that assumption A sharp stock market drop would lower achievable prices, as might the sale of so many properties at one time.

Against that, Granada's large stake in BSkyB is undervalued on its balance sheet. and the company's strong cash flow means that, even without the hotel sales, it reckons its 1996-97 interest payments will

be four times covered. However, there is much academic evidence to show that the main losers in many coutested takeovers are the shareholders in the bidding company, whose managements are tempted to overpay in burst of corporate machismo - and overstretch themselves trying to merge the businesses.

Over the next few days it is Mr Robinson's task to convince investors that he has not lost his touch. Sir Rocco has to impress them that Forte really has changed - and will con-tinue to do so, even if the bid

> David Blackwell Scheherazade Daneshkhu and Martin Dickson

Bargaining with French insolvency law

Eurotunnel may appoint a mediator to negotiate with its creditors, write Robert Rice and Andrew Jack

urotunnel, the Anglo-French operator of the Channel runnel, confirmed yesterday it was thinking of seeking the appointment of a mediator to act as go-between with its creditors. At the same time, UK banks and their lawyers were trying to come to grips with the unique features of French insolvency law.

The pre-insolvency stages of French hankruptcy law involve the possibility of appointing two mediators to negotiate with creditors.

The first step is the appointment of a mandataire ad hoc to help in negotiations. His role is not formally defined under the 1984 French bankruptcy law and his powers to help are

If the mandataire fails, how-

ever, a company's directors, creditors or shareholders can then ask the president of the commercial court to appoint a conciliator to try and negotiate a solution to a financial crisis. Certain conditions must be fulfilled before the president can act. In particular, while the company must not be insolvent, it must be in a position where it is unable to pay its debts through normal channels of financing, and it must be capable of making a financial recovery. Accordingly, the pro-cedure can not be used just to gain time prior to the filing of a bankruptcy petition. If the mediator reaches a conciliation

Laura Ash

Tilley hotele



Building the Channel tunnel - the French entrance is shown above - may yet prove less complex than the financing problems

contractually bound by its terms. In practice however such agreements prove difficult to implement.

Mr Patrick Ponsolle, Eurotunnel's joint chairman, said he considered that either of the procedures "could be useful". but stressed neither would be advanced until after the group had concluded preliminary discussions with its bankers on a restructuring in early Febru-

ary.

If the company pursues both options and they fail, insolvency proceedings do not follow automatically, but the French redressement judiciairs, or court-based reorganisation procedure, is then the only thing standing between the company and liquidation.

The grounds for starting redressement are cessation des paiements, defined by the 1985 law as the inability of the business to meet its current debts

The redressement proings can be triggered by the company, a creditor, the court, the public prosecutor or the employees. An administrator is appointed together with a creditors' representative, who in practice becomes the liquidator if a reorganisation proves impossible, and the employees are asked to appoint their own representative.
The procedure starts with a

with its liquid assets.

six month observation period which can be extended to a maximum 18 months. During

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

Before the end of the observation period the administra-tor submits a report to the court which then decides if rehabilitation is feasible. Official French statistics show that more than 90 per cent of cases go into final liquidation.

The position in the case of Eurotunnel is further complicated by the structure of the Anglo-French partnership. The two operating subsidiaries of Eurotunnel SA and Eurotunnel pic were granted a concession to operate the tunnel by the British and French governments. The concession is a in English law.

As it is not possible in law to

have a security on a conces sion, to safeguard creditors' rights a special procedure was introduced giving the banks the right to substitute their own concessionaires in place of Eurotunnel as a means of

enforcing their security.
Given the hurdles faced by Eurotunnel's creditors, the company's hint that it may seek to appoint a mandatoire was being seen in London yesterday es a bargaining ploy in its discussions with its creditor banks which are owed £8bn.

The company insists there is no question of its becoming insolvent in the period to March 1997 due to the standnegotiated last September. However, observers point out

that the standstill agreement allows for the banks to reassess the situation after six months. That deadline is looming and Eurotunnel's hint about invoking pre-insolvency procedures in France could be interpreted as a warning to the banks not to try to back away from the standstill agreement.

The consequences of Eurotunnel's going into redresse-ment would be a freeze on enforcement of security, in addition to which creditors in a redressement rank a poor third after employees' salaries and court and administrative costs.

Few believe Eurotunnel will go into redressement. As one lawyer said; "putting it into insolvency is the least intelligent thing they could do". But there are concerns it may slin into insolvency by default, "The anxiety must be that someone will overplay their hand, either the banks or the company, and it will lurch into an insolvency nightmare."

Others suggested, however, that tough penalties under French law to penalise directors - whether paid or unpaid, executive or non-executive who are judged responsible for bad management might even-tually push Eurotunnel to contemplate redressement,

One thing is certain. If Eurotunnel goes into redressemen in France it would end up in administration in the UK. And that, lawyers say, would be the

Guinness hit by more charges

By Roderick Oram, Consumer Industries Editor

Shares in Guinness closed down 141 ap at 474 ap yesterday after the drinks group said it would take a further £39m restructuring charge for 1995 and that profits in Japan had continued to slip.

Analysis downgraded pre-tax profit forecasts by 5 per cent to about £380m after charges. These will now total £64m for the year, up from £25m announced with the interims.

There was disappointment that Guinness had had to embark on another round of cost-cutting at Cruzcampo, its Spanish brewing subsidiary. The cuts will account for ESm of the additional charges.

Guinness paid a net £500m for its Spanish operations in two deals in 1990 and 1991. It took a £78m rationalisation charge in 1992 to reduce the number of breweries by three to six. With the latest charge it will close the Malaga brewery and other operations.

minimal profits before the charge from Cruzcampo, the leading Spanish lager brand. because of depressed beer demand.

With the exception of Japan. trading in spirits, accounting for roughly a per cent of Guinness's profits, was in line with comments of the interms in September, in Europe, volumes and profits were down from a year earlier apart from in Spain and the UK.

"We had hoped for a slight improvement since the interims," one analyst said. The Japanese market had contraued to deteriorate, however, causing a further from drop in profits. Guinness does not dis-close operating profits for the country but analysts believe they will be about £25m in 1995, down from a neak of Visite:

at the end of the 1980's The dapanese economy had begun to recover but "cutegaying and conspicuous consumo on", one analyst said.

GrandMet wins round in BW battle

Grand Metropolitan has won a round in its long legal dispute over the sale of its William Hill betting shops to Brent Walker, the leisure group, writes Rod-

The High Court ruled yesterday that a clause of the 1989 sale agreement should be rectified to state that acquisition accounting be used to calculate Hill's profits. GrandMet believed this was the interpretation both sides had originally

Brent, which agreed to pay £885m for William Hill, claims that profits should have been calculated on the basis of sustainable profits without elements such as the write-back of acquisition provisions. On that hasia, it believes Hill's pretax profits for the year to September 1989 fell well short of the £55m warranted by Grand-

Brent was disappointed and said it might appeal. The rul-

claim, however, it believed there would still be a shortfail to be considered by Arthur Andersen, the arbitrator.

It is seeking a £200m reduction in the purchase price, while GrandAlet is seeking the final £50m payment Brent withheld, plus interest and

During a hearing last July, Mr George Walker, the former head of Brent Walker, was asked by GrandMet's counsel whether Lord Sheppard, its chairman, had said that the one-off costs of Hill would be acquisition accounted and not charged to profit.

"I would not have known what he was talking about. The deal was done between Sheppard and myself in very plain, clear language." Walker said. He and Lord Sheppard, friends for 15 years and from the same part of London, spoke the same language.

'Posturings' heighten tense atmosphere of talks

By Geoff Dyer and William Lewis

Since the project to build the Channel tunnel got under way 10 years ago, negotiations between Eurotunnel and its financial backers have always been strictly for those with strong nerves. But the background manoeuvrings have become so frenzied during the past month that even the most level-headed and experienced negotia-tor must be feeling the pressure.

It emerged yesterday that Eurotunnel's banks could withdraw from the current standstill agreement in March if 65 per cent of them (voting by value of loans) decided to do so. The standstill began in September

when Eurotunnel invoked a clause in

its agreements which allowed it to

Expressions of Interest

debt for up to 18 months, while it attempted to restructure its

It was widely known that the four agent banks had to report to the rest of the 225-strong syndicate by March 14 to extend the standstill period for another year. However, the possibility that a new

financial crisis could develop over the next two months explains why the atmosphere surrounding the negotiations has become increasingly tense. Bankers insisted that the March deadline was behind the revelation that Eurotunnel was considering asking a French court to appoint a mediator - a mandataire ad hoc - to handle its negotiations with the banks.

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man [Sir Alastair Morton] is playing his usual games," said one banker. They are trying to increase the pres-

Another said: "Trying to decipher what Eurotumel is up to is like trying to work out what goes on in the Vatican.'

The company's advisers suggested that the French court move represented "a flexing of its muscles" shead of the looming deadline. The company is showing its banks that it can take steps in France which may not be to the banks' liking." one adviser said. Under French insolvency rules creditor banks carry a lower level of priority than under UK company law.

A consultant to the company said: "This is game theory with high stakes. Let's bope neither side takes these posturings too seriously and

Enrotunnel stressed that it was keen to conclude the negotiations. "We would like to bring things to an and promptly, but the banks are not going as quickly as we would like them to." The message it had been receiving from its banks was to "slow

Eurotunnel said that, if appointed. the mandatairs's job would be to open up discussion with a view to finding common ground and a settlement". Any appointment would prob-ably not take place until February. Several bankers denied that they had been informed about a KPMG report warning that it was in danger of becoming technically insolvent. KPMG and Price Waterbouse are the company's joint auditors in France. "The report is news to me," said

one banker at a Japanese institution. A UK banker said: "We have heard very little from the company or the agent banks since the standstill gan. We had certainly not beard of the accountants' report."
Eurotunnel insisted that "the banks

had been alerted to these processes". It had not been able, under French law, to give shareholders details of the auditors' report. The annual meeting in June was the earliest time the company was allowed to give

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Portfolio at the rate of 1.11 pence per share which will be paid on 4th February 1996 to the respective Shareholders of that portfolio as recorded at the close of business on 29th December 1995.

The Financial Times plans to publish a Survey on

European Stockmarkets

on Thursday, February 15.

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The two top jobs at BOC are changing hands today. Tim Dickson looks at the new team

Breath of fresh air

w big international companies acquire a new chairman and a new chief executive on the same day. But then BOC, the industrial gases group where David John and Danny Rosenkranz formally assume these roles at this morning's annual meeting, is not noted for tidy succession

Outgoing chairman Richard Giordano will be able to dust down an old script for his farewell address today, having already bowed out of the job once before in 1992. The forceful American, whose name outside the City was synonymous with high pay in the early 1980s and who can now concentrate his attention on chairing British Gas, always remained a non-executive director at BOC, but unexpectedly returned to the chairman's suite in 1994 after his successor Pat Rich retired dua to ill health. By most outside accounts the intervening years were an unsettled period in the company's history

Given the relatively brief tenure of stop-gap chief executive Alexan-der "Pat" Dyer, who also retires today, and the company's rapid turnover in finance directors, BOC shareholders will be carefully scru-tinising the actions of the new top

In many respects John and Rosenkranz look like the model "Cadbury" combination for BOC. whose businesses take in the health care and vacuum technology and distribution services sectors as well as gases and related products.

John, aged 57, held senior posts at United Steel UK, RTZ and Redland before joining Inchcape in 1981 where he had particular responsibility for the Toyota franchise. Critics carp that he was not a contender in the recent handover there but he has valuable experience of east asia (where BOC has important markets and a growing number of joint ven-tures) and a good knowledge of the company after three years as a BOC "non-exec".

Most eyes, however, will be on

executive from vacuum technology and distribution services, the group's star performer in recent years. Only 50, he has spent the last 22 years at BOC, most notably turning Edwards High Vacuum from a loss-making manufacturer of equip-ment for semiconductor, scientific and other industrial applications into the most successful business of its kind in the world today. Edwards' sales last year increased by 50 per cent, profits jumped by 70 per cent.

Rosenkranz's motivational style, grasp of detail and organisational flair - all qualities which helped inspire the Edwards rejuvenation and subsequent divisional success will be important assets in his new, high-profile role. But nothing can fully prepare a chief executive for what he admits is "the big one" management of the external relationship with those institutions and analysts which ultimately determine the direction of a company's share price.

Thanks in large part to the Glor-dano legacy there is nothing much in BOC's locker currently troubling the City. Profits for the 12 months to end-September were bang in line with expectations - up 13 per cent with important new US contracts, rapid growth in Asia/Pacific and another strong showing in the UK, Australia and South Africa among the highlights. BOC's health care activity has had a tough time fol-lowing expiry of the isoflurane patent, but a reorganisation has cut costs and the expectation is that pharmaceutical profits should start

to grow again next year. This said, Rosenkranz will have to allay City concern that he lacks direct experience of industrial gases, 70 per cent of group sales, as well as answering longer term strategic questions such as whether to invest more in continental Europe and whether to stick with health-

On the gases "deficit" he is philosophical, suggesting it may even be an advantage to bring a new per-spective. "I am hoping that by hav-



ASSOCIATE VISITED

ing been near the gases business. but not in it, I have something to

offer. I have watched it for 22 years and while relationships are very good I can question the folklore, if As for continental Europe, where the international market leader Air

Liquide is especially strong, Rosenkranz is equally relaxed. Yes, there is a "gap", no, there are no plans "suddenly to spend millions of pounds there". In any case, he and John say in unison, the growth markets of east asia offer enormous potential and group capital expendi-ture hit a record £500m last year.

The Rosenkranz style, it seems, will be consultative and changes will be evolutionary, not revolutionary. There is no 100-day plan. "I don't work like that," he explains. "Next week I'll spend a few days with the top team, chewing the fat and starting the discussion process. I have my views on how we should do things but there will be nothing

He believes one of the biggest management challenges is getting the balance right between what he

does himself and what he delegates. A chief executive also needs to "understand enough to be a good portfolio manager". And he needs to create a culture "in which profes-sionalism and ability come to the top" and management systems 'that allow people to breathe".

Rosenkranz is suspicious of business fashion - "I'm not a great guru person" - believing that empowerment, for example, is something successful managers have been doing for years. But the "bog stan-dard solution" is just as dangerous and he is deeply conscious that the rules are changing in today's less inflationary economies, that price decreases may become the norm, and that rationalisation will one day not be a sufficient way of get-ting out of trouble. "If you keep cutting there will be nothing left to cut, there are fewer places to hide."

Such realism, however, does not mask his essential optimism. "Talking primarily about the gases business and looking back over the last year as well as ahead there is more opportunity out there than I

The growing trend towards the east

The A BOAT A THREE TO WITH A TO THE TOTAL AND THE

West European companies are developing a new source for purchasing components, says Kevin Done

Vest European companies in eastern Europe that are expected to gain most, how to control and out to central and east Barupe for new sources of supply for raw materials and components, as they seek to cut costs and improve their competitiveness against rivals from Asia and North America.

According to a survey by management consultants Booz-Allen & Hamilton*, big companies in Germany, France, Italy and the UK are planning to triple their spending in east European countries during the coming years to 5 per cent of their total nurchases by 1998.

West European companies will then be spending as much in east European countries as they do in North America or south-east Asia. There are still misgivings among many companies in west Europe about the quality of products and the reliability of delivery from suppliers in east Europe, but the trend is clear

Jean-Baptiste Duzan, purchasing director of Renault, the French car and commercial vehicle maker, warns that "in spite of their attractive cost base and the skills of their workforce, very few eastern European suppliers are able to adapt to the exceedingly tight requirements of our industry.

"However, there is no doubt that they have all the necessary ingredients to become important pariners in the near future."

The Booz-Allen survey of purchasing intentions covers 214 companies across all sectors of industry in the four leading economies of west Europe. The proportion of purchase

companies have made in their domestic markets has declined steadily from 69.3 per cent in 1968 to 64.2 per cent in 1993, and this is forecast to fall again to around 57.6 per cent by 1998. The drop in home market purchasing in the late 1980s and

the early 1990s mainly benefited suppliers in other European Union member states, a move accelerated by the creation of the single market and the abolition of tariff

In coming years it is countries

expected to gain most, however, with their share of west European companies' purchases rising to 5.1 per cent by 1998 from 0.8 per cent in 1988 and 1.6 per cent in 1983. West European industrial

equipment, automotive, chemicals and electrical and electronics companies are the most active buyers from eastern Europe, according to the Booz-Allen study. Their main motivation appears to be access to cheap labour, allowing manufactured goods to be produced at competitive costs," says the report.

The average savings in purchasing costs (including transportation) obtained by companies in these sectors range between 15 and 30 per cent

The difficulty experienced by west **European companies** rises as they move further east with greater distances involved and a greater degree of political instability

compared with the price paid to traditional suppliers. More than one company in seven has managed to cut its costs by more than 30 per cent.

The only exception is the chemicals sector, which has developed a supply base in east Europe but has achieved cost savings of less than 10 per cent. Here the purchases have chiefly been made by German chemical companies of primary raw materials. They have been looking for cheaper commodities and also seeking to penetrate east European markets with their products.

German companies were often the first westerners to penetrate east European markets and to develop effective relationships with the most competitive

Companies are more likely to

engage east European suppliers when they are purchasing products with a high labour content, such as semi-finished products, electrical and electronic components and equipment, and

mechanical equipment.

Hungary, Poland and the Czech
Republic are the countries most favoured by west European companies, in particular those from Germany and France, although the choice of supplying country does vary according to the country of the buyer.

Hungary is the primary supplier of electrical and electronic components and equipment, says the report, whereas the Czech Republic and Poland have exploited their capability in mechanical equipment and finished products. The countries of former Yugoslavia have focused previously more on raw materials and packaging, although their role as suppliers has clearly been drastically diminished by the recent wars in Bosnia and Croatia and the sanctions against Serbia.

The degree of difficulty experienced by west European companies rises substantially as they move further east with greater distances involved and a greater degree of political nstability, says the report. Countries in the Balkans and in the Commonwealth of Independent States are perceived more negatively by western buyers." While the level of purchases

made in east Europe is set to rise sharply many problems remain. Quality is the main issue and is cited in 70 per cent of the cases, where supply relations have

Despite the problems Booz-Allen forecasts a boom in purchases from east Europe, particularly from those countries that are geographically close to west Europe and have done most to develop market economies and democratic political regimes.

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[in accordance with the plan for the reliabilitation of the postal sector in Lebuson, the Government of Lebuson, represented by the Ministry of Post and Telecommunications and the Council for Development and Reconstruction, invites the Companies specialised in postal services, to present their offers for contracting out some postal services in Lebu

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ctor shall be solely responsible for the performance of the terms specified in the contract referring to the above Interested conditates should obtain a copy of the tender documents including the postqualification documents for an amount of USS /10,000,-/
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Destitues for presenting the completed offers is 12:00 noon (Betrat local time) on Thrusday April 18, 1996 at the Council for Development

The offers will be opened on Thursday April 18, 1996 at 12:00 noon, at the Council for Development and Reconstruction.

pe Bo

DOMESTIC: N

*Pan-European Survey of

COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

to Russia has been repaid

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

Russia has completed repayment of the US\$1bn it was loaned by De Beers five years ago, the South African group said yesterday.

De Beers also revealed that

negotiations with Russia about "future co-operation" were going well but they needed more time. The present contract between Russia and the rough (uncut) diamond cartel organised by De Reers' Central Selling Organisation had therefore been extended to March 1. More talks would take place in Moscow in February.

The present contract, worth at least \$1hn a year to Russia. gives the CSO responsibility

rough diamond sales. When its own diamonds it could sell the deal with the Soviet Union was completed in July 1990, De Beers also advanced a \$1bn loan and part of the Soviet diamond stockpile was shipped to the CSO in London as collat-

Some of the loan was paid off via sales from the stockpile and the remaining stones have now been returned to Russia, De Beers said yesterday. Relations between Russia and the South African group have been stained for two years but now seem to be get-ting better. De Beers claimed that Russia was selling diamonds directly to the west in

contravention of its contract

with the CSO. Russia wanted

for 95 per cent of Russia's to increase the percentage of on its own account.

The chances of the world's two biggest diamond producers falling out and possibly starting a price war has made the market very nervous. Analysts suggest the two will patch together some agreement but not necessarily another

five year contract. .

De Beers' statement yesterday carefully avoided using the word "contract" but instead mentioned "future co-operation" and "closer co-operation". The statement said negotiations this week were "conducted in a positive and constructive manner and further useful progress was

MARKET REPORT

LME nickel prices surge by 5 per cent

NICKEL prices surged by more than 5 per cent on the London Metal Exchange yesterday on active speculative buying throughout the morning ses-

Fred Lagran

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market eg

Most other base metals moved slightly higher in mainly routine business, tradcha mid.

Three month nickel futures finished the after hours "kerb" trading session at \$8,300 a tonne, up \$430 from Wednesday's kerb close.

Technical resistance at just below \$8,000 was cleared when one ring dealing member drove prices higher. Stop-loss buying orders were triggered. Traders said the rise did not reflect physical market condi-

tions. European stainless steel producers had been conspicuous by their absence from the spot nickel market during the past four to six weeks, industry officials said. Steel stocks at mills were still too high, and production cutbacks, which many could last another two to three months, they added.

"One or two months ago we anticipated the upturn would have taken place by now, but now it looks like happening in another two months," said one At the London Bullion Mar-

ket GOLD price support levels were tested as the new year rally continued to consolidate. The price closed at \$397.75 a troy ounce, down 50 cents. Brent crude OIL prices rose in response to news of a drawdown in US heating oil stocks. The March position on the

European physical market was

\$17.20% in early evening trad-

ing, up 34 cents. Some dealers said healthy demand for sweeter barrels from European refiners was also helping to support North Sea prices "There's definitely a sort of underlying strength there," said one,

Precious Metals continued

M GOLD COMEX (100 Troy oz.; \$/troy oz.)

Compiled from Reuters

Rain dampens Guatemalan

coffee hopes

Guatemalan coffee officials have cut their estimate of exports from the 1995-96 harvest to 2.7m bags (60kg each) from 2.9m following a new assessment of recent rain and frost damage, reports Reuters from Guatemala City.

Mr Julio Arrivillaga, vice-president of the National Coffee Association (Anacafe) said continual rains and, to a lesser extent, a cold snap last week, had caused beans to drop from trees, and encouraged the spread of fungi and leaf rust disease.
The main areas hit were the

higher regions where Guaternala's quality hard bean and strictly hard been were grown, he said. "This is a conservative esti-

mate," he added. "I think plantations may be further affected, but it is difficult to measure damage now that the harvest is under way." He said Anacafe specialists had noticed a surge in leaf rust, a virus which causes leaves, and later beans, to drop off trees.

De Beers says \$1bn loan | Food security to rise on political agenda

Grain stocks are the lowest for 20 years and prices are at long-time highs, writes Geoff Tansey

and cereal prices rising, food security is set to move up the political agenda.

Agriculture had borne the brunt of aid cuts over the past decade warned Dr Jacones Diouf, director general of the UN Food and Agriculture Organisation speaking in London earlier this week. "Calculated in constant 1990 dollars, assistance fell from \$16bn in 1981-83 to \$11bn in 1991-93."

He was speaking at a meeting with Christian Aid to launch "Without Waiting . . ", a report on food security written by three European nongovernmental organisations (NGOs) and jointly edited with

Low-income food-deficit countries (LIFDCs) would not be able to go to the world market and buy sufficient food if prices rose, warned Dr Diouf. The price of rice had risen by 45 per cent in a year, and China imported 2m tonnes of rice from Vietnam, he said. Developing countries as a whole imported about \$23bn worth of cereals in 1994 accord-

ing to the report. The FAO's "The State of Food and Agriculture 1995" report identified 88 LIFDC's, 31

than enough grain to meet human needs," Mr Clive Robin-FAO has launched a special son, Head of Christian Aid's

programme on food production in support of food security in these countries. This aims to Europe and Global team and promote a rapid increase in co-author of the report pointed food production and focuses on out. "The problem is that pro-

World Cereal Usage (million tonnes) Food 890 1992-93 870 Sturce: Flower from FAQ, compiled by Christian Al

high potential areas. Simply concentrating on these areas was not enough for food security, argued Mr Simon Maxwell, fellow and programme manager for rural pov-erty, food security and the environment at the University of Sussex's Institute of Development Studies. People in low potential areas must not be neglected. They had to maintain their livelihoods - which came partly from food but also cash crops and non-agricul-

tural activities - and increase

their productivity if they too

Production was not enough.

were to have food security.

duction is not evenly distributed. Millions of people are too pour to gain access to the food that is available. . . Only half of world annual production of cereals is eaten by human He argued that the definition

beings, the rest is used for seed, animal feed or wasted." of food security formulated by FAO in preparation for the World Food Summit in November 1996 - that food is available at all times, that all persons have means of access to it, that it is nutritionally adequate in terms of quantity, quality and variety, and that it is acceptable within the given

ith world grain of which spent a quarter or stocks at their low- more of their total export earn- "Without Waiting. .". Gender roles affected who got convened meetings between what food, with women often NGOs and FAO in connection served last when food was dispributed.

Mr Robinson also said that the Uruguay Round of the General Agreement in Tariffs and Trade "failed to grasp the food security interests of developing The report notes that 50

international companies account for the bulk of food and agricultural trade and argues: "The distortions to fair trade and food security resulting from the power of these [transuational] corporations form a second regulatory chal-lenge still to be addressed."

The FAO would also be mon-itoring the effects of the Uruguay Round, particularly its impact on developing countries, said Dr Diouf. The organisation's director-

general was credited with opening up the FAO to co-operation with NGOs by Christian Aid's director, Mr Michael Taylor and some others at the meeting, which was attended by 27 different NGOs. The willingness to co-operate represented a considerable shift in FAO's approach to NGOs, according to Mr Jo Feingold of the UK Food Group. In March last year Dr

with the biennial sessions of the technical committees on fisheries and forestry. He also invited NGOs to contribute to the preparation for the World Food Summit, both through the national committees and through the regional preparaectings. At the summit, "in addition to the NGOs which will be part of national delegations. FAO will invite a group of relevant and competent NGOs to participate in the summit as observers", said Dr

The FAO's committee on world food security would begin its work as the main preparatory body for the summit during the last week of January when it will have a draft policy statement and plan of action in front of it, he said. Over the next few months, the aim was to develop concrete global and regional targets to be agreed at the summit. Without waiting. . . How the international community can promote food security:" Free, from Development Education Exchange Papers, Office for External Relations, FAO, Viale delle Terms di Corocailo, 90100 Rome, Italy: Fax: +89 6 522

Diout.

Canadian company ready to help Zambian copper revival

any financial contribution to

the project until production of

keen on another company

MEAT AND LIVESTOCK

III UVE CATTLE CINE (ADJOICHE CHIRATO)

copper and cobalt had begun.

By Kenneth Gooding

Zambia's willingness to accept foreign help to revive its ailing copper industry was demonstrated again yesterday when a minister said a little-known Canadian company was ready to spend between US\$500m and \$1bn to develop the Konkola

North project. This is a separate area from Konkola Desp, which is likely to be devaloped at the cost of \$600m by a consortium lead by Anglo American Corporation of South Africa.

Mr Keli Walubita, Zambia's minister of mines and minerals development, said African Minerals Corporation, the Cana-

COCCA LCE (C/brins

dian company involved, ini-tially proposed to spend \$20m over four years to produce a feasibility study for Konkola North.

He quoted Mr Joe Kajszo, African Minerals' president, as saying: "Furthermore we are willing and able to arrange complete financing of the capi-tal costs at Konkola North". Mr Kajszo was formerly vice president for exploration for Diamond Fields Resources, the company behind the discovery of the Voisey's Bay nickel project in Canada, but it was not immediately clear whether there was an association between Diamond Fields and African Minerals.

Mr Walubita and that Zamdeveloping an area that is hia Consolidated Copper Mines likely to prove to be part of the (ZCCM) the state-controlled same ore body as Konkola company that owns Konkola North, would not have to make Anglo has a vested interest in ensuring ZCCM survives because its Zambia Copper

27.8 per cent of the copper pro-Talks are going on in London this week between Zambian government officials and Anglo Since ZCCM was national-American about Konkola Deep ised its copper output has which is adjacent to Konkola dropped from a peak of 700,000 tonnes in 1969 to only about 300,000 tonnes last year and production from Konkola Deep North. One analyst suggested Angle and its potential part-ners – including Gencor, is urgently needed because the another South African mining group, and the Industrial company's other mines are Finance Corporation, a World nearing exhaustion. Bank offshoot - might not be

 Inco expected to complete its feasibility study on its Goro

JOTTER PAD

Investments subsidiary owns

nickel-cobalt property in New Caledonia by the end of the year and continued to work on its Onca Puma nickel project in Brazil, the company said this week, writes Robert Gibbens in Montreal.

Goro could have annual capacity of between 40m and 200m lb in matte, said spokesman Mr Robert Purcell. "We've been present in New Caledonia since 1902, but this is the first time we've considered production - it would be a surface mine. But a go-shead will depend on world markets." Inco plans to expand capacity at Soroako, Indonesia, by 50 per cent to about 150m lb by 1998 at a cost of US\$580m.

COMMODITIES PRICES

BASE METALS

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE Prices from Amalgement Mass: Toxing)

ALLAMORIA, BAT PURITY (5 per learne)

LOCAL CHIRA INJUNEL.	42,555	
E ALUMENIUM ALLC	Y 🎘 per tonne	<u>*</u>
Close	1385-65	1425-30
Previous :	1390-400	1430-35
Highlow		1440/1480
AM Official	1400-8	1435-45
Kerb close		1425-95
Open int.	4,832	
Total delily furniover	1,206	
III LEAD (6 per torme		<u> </u>
Close	722.5-28.6	714-18
Previous	716-7	708-9
High/low	725/724	719/702
AM Official	724-25	712,5-13,0 718-9
Kerb close	31,890	/10-V
Open Int.	8,098	
Total daily turnover		
MICKEL (\$ per ton		
Close	6105-15	8200-10
Previous	7810-20 _.	7910-13 8380/7840
High/low	8180-80	8255-65
- AM Official	9190-97	8200-10
Kerb close Open int.	40,780	3333
Total daily turnover	21,308	
TEN (5 per torme)		
Close	6235-45	6270-75
· Previous	6265-75	6300-10
. High/low	8280	8320/6250
AM Official .	6280-85	6305-10
Kerb close		6270-60
Open Int.	15,180	
Total daily turnover	4,301	
ZNC, special high	ı grada (S per	
Close	1034-35	1055-58
Previous	1028-29	1050-51 1067/1047
High/kow	1042 1041-42	1067/104/
AM Official	1041445	1057-8
Kerb close	73.471	1901-9
Open int. Total delly tumover	13.915	
TOOL ONLY WHO A	& ner tonnel	

LME Closing 2/5 rate: 1,5230 Spot: 1.5236 3 mithe: 1.5204 6 mithe: 1.5173 9 mithe: 1.5136 HIGH GRADE COPPER (COMEX) 119.00 +4.85 119.40 114.10 585 2.250 118.80 +3.35 118.00 116.70 165 1.382 114.80 +3.15 115.60 111.70 6.457 28.588 113.45 +2.20 113.40 113.40 15 906 113.45 +2.90 113.40 113.40 15 906 112.10 +2.60 112.70 110.50 888 5.483

2602-7 2591-96 2620 2619-21

E COPPER, grade A (\$ per tonne)

III LIME AM Official E/\$ reter 1.5229

PRECIOUS METALS

E LONDON BULLION MARKET (Prices supplied by N M Rotrischild) \$ price 388.55-398.85 397.50 260.775 471.634 397.50 261.084 471.634 397.00-397.30 398.00-398.50 p/troy ez. 358.80 363.55 Spot Spot 3 months 6 months 548,50 553,05 569.20 570.65

\$ price 396-399 409.00-411.55

Gold Coins Krugerrand Meple Leaf

PLATINUM NYMEX (\$0 Troy oz.; \$/troy oz.) M PALLADRIM NYMEX (100 Troy oz.; \$/troy oz.) 131.80 -0.86 132.80 131.30 \$74 4.55 133.20 -0.96 - 303 1,888 185.70 -0.86 - - 30 18.61 +0.29 18.97 18.46 29.849 25.348 18.22 +0.17 18.35 18.05 41.909 77,174 17.94 +0.15 17.98 17.73 19.923 42.876 17.74 +0.10 17.80 17.82 8.407 26.183 17.54 +0.08 17.57 17.46 5.894 57,767 17.48 +0.08 17.48 17.85 4.527 27.980 129.623 369,416

> E GAS OIL PE (\$/lonne) 3 Okt. PF. (Frence)
>
> Set 1. Day's price change High Law that Hist Hist 160,00 +3.75 180.25 158.00 12,999 22,825 158.00 +3.25 158.00 154.75 6,980 12,996 .152.56 +2.25 158.00 154.75 6,980 12,996 .158.00 +2.25 158.00 148.25 587 3,441 149.00 +1.75 149.25 148.00 341 5,980 .148.50 +1.25 149.00 148.50 45 4,333 .20,444 81,886 . MATURAL GAS NYMEX (10,000 min8th; \$/min8hi); 2.940 -1.004 2.430 2.230 31.583 28.968 2.070 -0.016 2.150 2.040 13.110 25.470 1.955 -0.003 2.000 1.940 6.713 14.940 1.880 4.0002 1.520 1.890 3.496 13.942 1.890 4.0012 1.970 1.835 2.043 10.322

7,640 +0.012 1,850 1,830 938 8,712 XYPAEX (42,000 US galls.; c/US galls.) 55.47 +0.22 56.50 54.50 17,065 17,055 18,057

Note Degre . price alongs High Low | Note | Degree | Communication | Communicatii | Communication | Communication | Communication | Communication 307.4 -1.3 121.40 121.00 307.8 -2.4 400.9 -307.1 37.801 -03.717 -- Mar 121.40 -41.05 -182.10 121.00 390.8 -2.2 402.2 390.0 -9.331 27.801 May 122.40 -41.00 122.40 401.5 -2.1 404.2 401.3 2,007 28,005 - 34 128.40 -1.00 - 41.00 122.40 402.2 -2.1 - 407.7 8,400 May 111.50 -0.05 112.00 111.50 M WHEAT CST (5,000hu min; cents/60to bushel) 483.00 +4 484.00 4742.05 21,189 54,239
485.90 +422 459.90 454.25 24,601 10,996
422.50 +4.8 423.50 418.50 5,150 11,004
424.50 +4 425.00 420.50 319 5,142
422.75 +4.85 434.00 429.80 283 3,250
878.00 +4 378.00 378.00 6 133
38,388141,322 MAZZE CET (5,000 by min; cents/50to bushe) 355.00 +41.76 355.25 352.51 82,544.224,380 382.75 +426 380.00 357.25 30,613 110,144 857.00 +4 357.25 354.25 15,038 84,958 206.25 +44.78 30,635 303.57 2,489 23,837 280.00 +45 290.25 287.50 8,347 51,117 288.50 +46 288.80 382.75 822 31,94 Har Hay Jul Sep Dec Har Total III BARLEY LCS (£ per tonne) 113.40 -1.10 114.35 114.00 113.90 -1.20 115.10 114.00 116.00 -1.50 116.00 116.00 107.00 -0.75 107.50 107.50 WOYARSAME CET SUCTION WAS CONTROLLED BOOMS 782.00 +8.5 732.50 728.50 3,890 1,890 740.25 +4 741.75 737.00 44,012 94,525 745.25 +8.75 746,75 746.25 4,875 30,155 742.00 45 742.00 738.00 214 2,538 718.00 +2.6 720.00 717.50 187 2,625 E COVARDAN CE. CHT SOLDOWN CHTC. 23.80 -0.07 23.95 23.89 330 573 23.90 -0.1 24.21 23.87 4,62 44,602 24.31 -0.14 24.57 24.25 2,412 16,467 24.70 -0.13 24.92 24.84 3,311 3,261 24.87 -0.11 25.02 24.81 3,76 1,728 25.05 -0.09 25.20 24.88 376 1,728 77,963 27,962 Jan Hiri Hiny Jai | Property # POTATOES LCE (E/tonne) Mar 200.0 Apr 197.3 May 206.0 Jun 325.0 Total III FREIGHT (BIFFEO) LCE \$10/Index point) | 1530 -30 1555 1530 | 1546 1537 -36 100 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1570 1570 | 1510 for 1480 Jul 1349 Oct 1430 Tetal

GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS

WHEAT LCE (E per tonne)

All futures data supplied by CMS. Wool Prices paid for wool in 1998 have held steady. Priming at one sate has often been offset by slight analog at the next, the Australian Eastern mariest indicator, which closed at 612 cents a kin before Christinan, ended this week at 617 cents, rather touching 823 cents a week ago. New Zealand has stee been up and then down, and my South Adrica prices which increased by nexty 25% in the first week slowed to an errotic 15% this week. A static market may be better thansa, falling, market but it ravely persuades buyers from the optal and to have the confidence to plage longer term orders. Reluctance Duyers from the setal and to have the const-dence to place longer from orders. Refuctors, the constraint from the retail and has an effect all down, the line and keeps trading hers to mouth and very competitive. Combing is a sector where over-capacity quickly lands: "to shop-time working and this applies to the U.K. as well as Europe.

| Class Pref | 1841 | 1881

914 - 905 1,733 30,911 934 - 531 1,733 10,912 935 948 552 8,243 975 968 621 32,604 982 968 347 8,045 III OOCOA CSCE (10 tonnes; \$/tonnes) -19 1278 1282 5.217 34,859 -15 1286 1284 2,138 22,106 -13 1218 1307 465 8,712 -13 1239 1327 965 9,322 -11 1309 1327 145 8,348 -11 - 165 6,541 M COCDA (IDDO) (SDR's/torm) E COFFE LCE BYDING 1949 -26 1990 1930 177 822 1862 +12 1855 1810 3,003 18,520 1868 +17 1700 1856 1,677 9,653 1865 +15 1867 1989 744 3,554 1608 +15 1820 1980 847 1,670 1588 +5 1810 1800 80 533 8,488 33,177 105.40 +1.10 107.25 102.25 6.504 16.852 104.45 +1.05 106.00 107.25 1,886 6,518 104.00 +0.75 105.00 101.40 470 2,595 103.50 +0.30 103.75 101.50 149 103.50 +0.30 103.75 107.50 52 889 103.95 - 103.75 102.40 50 171 8,114 29,167 E COFFEE (ICO) (US canta/pound) 10.90 11.16 WHITE BUOKE USE GAZETH 38.7 +1.5 358.5 37.8 684 11,008 36.8 +3.0 365.5 33.8 369 9,222 37.8 +2.4 332.5 329.5 355 4,966 30.6 +1.9 305.5 304.6 32 3,968 30.2 +1.8 301.2 299.0 10 2230 208.0 +1.3 299.5 298.0 12 526 1,468 32,474 11.30 +4.21 11.31 11.71 23,710 62,840 10.05 +0.19 10.86 10.75 -0.051 .28,420 10.15 +0.05 10.15 10.06 5,663 19,958 8.96 +0.01 9,97 9,50 4,825 19,82 9,76 -0.03 8,80 276 1,245 12,114 9,65 -0.02 9,70 9,80 347 1,857 COTTON NYCE (50,000lbs; cents/lbs) 82.46 -0.29 82.95 82.40 4,010 21,888 81.67 -0.47 82.20 81,65 841 12,036 81,07 -0.47 81,60 81,05 616 7,590 78.14 -0.11 78.25 78.00 85 1,790 5,319 .57,190 ■ ORANGE JUICE NYCE (15,000lbs; cents/be) 118.80 -0.50 117.75 118.50 1,382 15.572 119.05 -0.45 119.76 119.05 415 3,125 121.25 -0.30 121.75 121.25 254 1,346 123.25 -0.30 123.55 123.25 150 1,252 121.40 -1.10 122.30 122.30 1 368 122.10 -1.40 122.30 121.75 5 1,131 VOLUME DATA Open Interest and Volume data shown for contracts traded on COMEX, NYMEX, CST, NYCE, CME and CSCE are one day in arrests.

Jan 17 Jan 18 month ago 240.21 238.96 = GSCI Spot (Base: 1970=100)

61.000 -0.075 61.175 60.900 62.221 -0.050 62.350 62.100 IE LIVE HOOR CME (40,000bs; cents/bs) 45.495 -0.95h 45.800 44.800 3.101 10.101 49.575 -0.900 50.776 49.775 2,298 49.075 -0.900 50.776 49.775 2,298 49.026 -1.150 50.400 49.976 423 48.100 -1.500 49.850 48.100 687 44.860 -1.800 44.860 44.860 459 # PORK BELLIES CASE (40,000bs: cents/bal) 52.000 -0.275 52.975 51.780 2,812 4,004 62,700 -0.075 53.290 52.390 734 1,323 82.225 -0.400 54.390 53.290 280 82.05 64.450 +0.025 54.800 53.850 201 737 81.850 -0.090 82.800 51.800 11 183 3,748 7,177 **LONDON TRADED OPTIONS** Btrike price \$ toone --- Cells --- Puts --105 48 16 III COPPIER 18 81 35 IN COPPER LCE MI COCOA LCE 875 LONDON SPOT MARKETS III CRUDE Off, FOB (per barrel/Mar) \$17,87-7,91 \$17.20-7.21 W.T.L IN CILL PRODUCTS INVESTIGATION delivery OF [Done) \$170-172 \$184-165 \$100-102 \$160-172 Heavy Ruel Off Naphths Jet fuel \$168-170 E OTHER Gold (per troy oz) Silver (per troy oz) Platinum (per troy oz.) Palladium (per troy oz.) \$415.50 \$130.00 119.0c 41.75c 15.81m 297.5c Tin (Kusia Lumpur) Tin (New York) Cattle (live weight); Sheep (live weight); Pigs (live weight); 118.02p Lon, day suger (wee) Bartey (Eng. feed) Malze (US No3 Yellow) Wheat (US Dack North) Unq Rubber (Feb)* Rubber (Mar)* Rubber (KL RSS No1) 107.00p 107.00p 397.00m Coconut Oil (Phill)§
Pelm Oil (Makey.)§
Copre (Phill)§
Soyebeans (US)
Cotton Outlook'A' index \$705.0y \$510.0y 444y 211.0 RESITERS (Base) 169/31/100 E CRE FEBRURE (Days: 1907-100)

85.200 -0.800 88.000 85.125 4,562 28,473 85.375 -0.475 85.290 69.200 53.00 19,770 81.400 -0.075 82.025 81.600 1,288 12,423 Stuck? Try this one A seven letter word for electrical savings. Talk is Berlins for a believ sted (1800) 99 77 55 / 1885 **CROSSWORD** No.8,971 Set by DANTE April (6) ter (B) 9 An item replaced for the resi-10 Mild way to rebuke (8) 12 Permit - strange to relate (8)
13 Obscure form of lament (6) 15 At abort notice, sent back 18 Exchange of repartee that will 16 Praiseworthy features of a railway? (4.6)

19 Dawn breaking with strange

19 Jaguar strike not official (7)
21 Urged editor to support journalists (7)

go places (10)

20 Desert? Not a lot of water (4)

23 Left one extremely out of sorts (6)

(6)

24 Little girl all over the house (5)

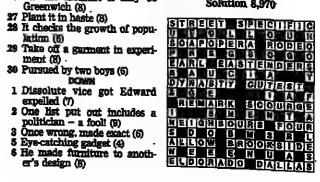
(5)

26 The mark of the restorer (4) sorts (6) 25 For the moment it may be Greenwich (8).

7 Moved quickly in field exer 8 Joints may be worn out (7) street car (7)

14 An epic tour of the Greek Islands (7) 17 Blooming good example of self-interest (9)

bear fruit (4-4) histre gives one the desire to 22 To catch men she dressed up



INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Europe closes firmer after interest rate cuts

By Martin Brice in London and Lies Bramsten in New York

European government bond markets expected one interest rate cut yesterday but were surprised to get two - each of 25 basis points, from France and the UK, while the Bundesbank council left rates unchanged. Markets closed firmer, but Italian government bonds were the star performers, with the yield spread over bunds falling by 15 basis points on hopes of political stability. In the US, the yield on the benchmark 30-year Treasury bond fell below 6 per cent in early trading amid hopes that the economy would continue to

■ UK government bonds ended firmer after the surprise base rate cut, to 6.25 per cent. It was the second such reduction in two months, and the resulting market strength was attributed more to international events. The rate cut, which prompted talk of political motives, drew attention away from retail

Mr bond said: mark avelli Was cut."

futur Germ point close

WO

the 8 per cent due 2015, 5 points to 7.62 per cent.

Mr Andrew Milligan, international economist at New Japan Securities said: "This is a government desperate to regain popularity. I presume that the governor [of the Bank of England, Mr Eddie George] only grudgingly agreed. Last time he was announcing it in front of the cameras, but this time he is just saying 'Wait for the minutes of the meeting'." However, Mr Simon Briscoe, economist at Nikko, said: "There will be some who call this a political move, but that view should have little support

GOVERNMENT BONDS

the latest data." Mr David Wil-eman, gilt specialist at brokers Seccombe Marshall and Campion in London, said: "I don't suppose we will know fully until the minutes come out."

from anyone who has looked at

points to 7.26 per cent, and on expect a rate cut before the end of March.

7.5

1995

in the market until the Febru-

ary release of the consumer

■ The yield on the benchmark

30-year Treasury bond fell

below 6 per cent in early trad-

ing yesterday, amid hopes that

the economy would continue to

Near midday, the benchmark

30-year Treasury was ₹ higher at 112¾ to yield 5.980 per cent,

while at the short end of the

maturity spectrum the two-

year note gained \(\frac{1}{2}\) to 100\(\frac{2}{3}\), yielding 5.010 per cent.

A survey by the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia

put the index of general busi-

ness conditions at negative 16.6

in January, the lowest level

price data for January.

The yield on benchmark oneyear paper fell 1 basis point, while that on four year paper fell 7 hasis points. On 10-year paper the yield fell 5 basis points to 5.80 per cent. Mr Christoph Anhamm, bond analyst at UBS in Frankfurt,

said some market participants thought the yield on 10-year paper could fall to 5.50 per cent, and investors were moving out along the curve. "More and more cash is being positioned at the long end.

"But it would be more interesting now to start thinking about when interest rates will start go up," he said. On Liffe, the March 10-year bund future closed at 101.10, up 0.40. The yield spread of 10-

year bunds over Treasuries

moved out from 15 basis points ■ Italian government bonds outperformed bunds, with the yield spread on 10-year paper falling 15 basis points to 433. There were reports of investors

Merrill Interest rate expectations % (Delived from Jun'96 short starting) Indonesia prepares first deal

By Manuela Saragosa in Jakarta

PT Merrill Lynch Indonesia, a subsidiary of the US-based merchant bank, last week awarded a licence to operate in Indonesia, will kick off its business in Jakarta with a Rp167bn rights issue for Bank Bira, one of Indonesia's top 20 private sector banks.

The issue will coincide with a convertible bond offering from Indocement, which accounts for about 11 per cent of the MSCI Indonesia index. Morgan Stanley is arranging the offering, which is expected to raise about \$150m. The deal should emerge by next week.

Bank Bira said the Indone sian arm of Merrill Lynch would underwrite part of the bank's planned offer of seven new shares for every five held, or 145.6m new shares, at a subscription price of Rp1,150 each. The shares will go ex-

Issuers make most of solid demand for FRNs

By Conner Middelmann

A slew of floating-rate note issues in US dollars and sterling and more D-Mark paper kept dealers busy yesterday. With issuers capitalising on strong demand for floating-rate

notes from cash-rich financial

institutions, and the resulting tight spreads, pricing on several of yesterday's issues was deemed on the tight side.
First off the block was Dean Witter with \$300m of five-year FRNs with a coupon of threemonth Libor plus 25 basis points. At the re-offer price, the yield was 31 basis points over Libor and, according to

the spread was unchanged near the close. Norway's Christiania Bank issued \$150m of three-year FRNs via Citibank, with a coupon of 5 basis points over three-month Libor and at an

all-in cost of 10 basis points

over. While some felt the pric-

lead manager Merrill Lynch,

ing was fair, others said the paper might not capture the increasing number of yieldhungry buyers looking for spreads between 10 and 20

basis points over Libor. Union Bank of Switzerland executed a \$160m bloc trade of seven-year FRNs for Nations-Bank with a coupon of 20 basis points over Libor.

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

And the Britannia Building Society issued £150m of fiveyear floaters, callable after 413 years, sold at 8 basis points over Libor. Some dealers felt the pricing was tight, especially compared with this week's Bradford & Bingley offering. But lead manager NatWest Markets said the deal saw good demand, with £100m of Britannia bonds maturing on the payment date of the new issue, and little other

NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES

building society paper avail-

Machine to his and the party of the party of

The Kingdom of Sweden issued \$250m of five-year callsble bonds priced to yield 45 basis points over Treasuries. While lead manager Goldman Sachs reported sales to retail investors in Switzerland and the Benefitx, attracted by the bearer status of the bonds, others felt the issue was too tightly priced and expressed doubts over retail placement. "In my experience, retail don't buy callable bonds," said a

The D-Mark sector saw another internationally tur-geted jumbo DM1.5bn Pfand-brief assue for Bayerische Vereinsbank, the first such issue with a US house - Merrill Lynch - as joint bookrun-ner. After Wednesday's news of a Moody's triple-A rating for Depfa's public sector-backed Pfandbrief issues, investors are hoping the paper will also got a top-notch rating.

NCHMARK GOVERNMENT	T BORDS	E BUND FUTURES OPTIONS (LIFFE) DM2	50,000 points of 100%	FT-ACTUARIES FIXED INTE	REST INDICES							
ORLD BOND PRICES												
per cent due 2005, by 8	ing, although some analysts	unlikely to be much movement	an agreement.	issue.	accrued. § Over interpolated yie	io. sy short	iar combo					
nt to 6.09 per cent; on the	rates unchanged at its meet-	tion." She said there was	dent Bill Clinton could reach	cent as a result of the rights	Recommended re-offer, g) Callab	sie on coupo	n dates fro	RTS AUG.00 a	t per. g1) 3-n	min Liber +	Sop. Hi Fungiti	de with L150bn. Plus 180 days
cent gilt due 1998 fell 1	■ The Bundesbank council left	clear view of politics and infla-	licans in Congress and Presi-	to 55 per cent from 66.8 per	equity warrants, ‡ Floating-rate in Callable annually from 13/2/5	Sant Der. Ci	Fixting: 26	V2/98. di 3	-min Libor +i	200p. ej 3	3-mgh Libor +5	Rop. II Confentifichte Pfoncitrief.
March. The yield on the 7.25	SCHOOL SEE SCHOOL	To push further we need a	last year on hopes that Repub-	bank's enlarged share capital	Final terms, non-callable unless	stated. Yiel	d spreed (lover releva	nt governme	ret bond) a	at lieunoh supp	sted by lead manager. \$With
sed at 93.96, up 0.19, dis- unting rates of 6.04 per cent	while March Pibor rose 0.02 to settle at 95.43.	349. Ms Phyllis Reed, European bond strategist at BZW, said:	ance the federal budget. The market rose through much of	shareholder, Mr Abang Latief, will reduce his stake in the	DBL Finance	10bn	P.00	101.46	Jan.2003	1,625		96V/Doubscho Bank
ints to 157. Short sterling	future settled at 122.98, up 0.08,	moved from 361 basis points to	Washington over how to bal-	The bank's principal	PESTAS							
rmany moved from 160 basis	On Matif, the March 10-year	many on Spanish 10-year bonds	tion to the growing storm in	foreign banks.	Bayerische Landesbenk(s) Csy of Vienna	150 100	6.125 525	96.26R 89.125R	Dec.2001 Feb.2002	0.25R 0.25R		Hambres Bank
e 10-year yield spread over	but hesn't gone away."	■ The yield spread over Ger-	Bonds also paid little atten-	increase its credit lines from	CANADIAN DOLLARS		0.107		Dec 0001	Anth	Anni Pillat (191)	Toronzo Dominian Sank
ure closed at 1124.10, up 1/2.	coming months has dissipated		facturing growth.	would also allow the bank to	DSL Sank(h)	t50bn	9.25	101,478	Aug.1998	1.125	-	Parison Capital Markets
on Liffe, the March long gilt	risk of a franc crists in the	political negotiations," he said.	wave of new hiring or manu-	larger market capitalisation	ITALIAN LIRE					_		
ints by the end of March.	up on the government and the	this is an early stage in the	coast blizzard and not to a	this year." Mr Gandhi said. A	BNG De NB	250 300	3.00 5.00	92.41FI 99.98FI		0.25H 0.275R		SBC Winterly
t." He said the base rate may cut by another 25 basis	rates. Some bad unemployment figures will turn the pressure	below 400 if there were no political risk in the price, "But	because most analysts attri- buted the drop to the east	want to increase our loan capabilities to US\$50m-\$150m	ING Bank	500	6.25	99.18R	Feb.2006 Mar.2001	0.425R 0.25R		ING Banngs ING Banngs
s too soon after the last	cautious on French Interest	over Germany could fall to	unemployment benefits,	the big foreign banks, and	GUILDERS							
ellian doubts: they think it	over Germany. Markets are	year was on track, the spread	ple filing first-time claims for	"We are competing with all	STERLING Britannia B/Sigit	160	(p1)	100.00	Feb.2001	0.17		NatWest Capital Markets
rket does have some Machi-	upside for French bonds at 50	and the budget deficit for last	by a dip in the number of peo-	tal.	Trinscan & Burblandi Fer,	100	5.375	101,80	Feb.2002	2.125		(IAMERICA & CONVERTOR
nds and Treasuries. The	kets, said: "There is very little	said since inflation was falling,	The market was untroubled	up to 20 per cent of their capi-	CS First Boston	200	5.375	99.97P	Feb.2001	0.325R		CSF8-Effectenbank Trinkrus & Burkhardt
ene, taking strength from	tional economist at HSBC Mar-	terday it had caught up. He	drop in prices received.	banks may extend loans worth	City of Vienna Commerciank Chaes Finance	500 500	5.125 5.25	99.87R 101.925	Feb.2002 Jan.2002	0.275R 2.125		BayerVB/SBC Warburg Commerzbank
ck of the international	Mr Ken Wattret, interna-	yielders in the rally, and yes-	said this was mitigated by the	tral bank last year, indonesian	Bayerische Vereinsbenich	1,60n	6.00	98.97R	Jan.2006	0,1QR	-30/6%-06)	BoyerVB/Cmmrz/Ment/UBS
d: "Nobody expected it, and market has risen on the	spread over bunds on 10-year paper rose 2 basis points to 52.	Mr Ken Wattret said Italy had lagged behind other high-	component, but economists at Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette	loans portfolio. According to regulations issued by the cen-	D-MARKS	180	100		1 500 1000	3101 0		
nd research at Yamaichi,	counted already. The yield	and electoral reform.	point jump in the prices paid	equity, for expansion of its	NationsBank Corp.‡ Christiania Bank‡	180 150	(4)	100.00	Feb.2003 Feb.1999	0.20		URS Cabank International
or Nigel Richardson, head of	because the reduction was dis-	ment to oversee constitutional	troubling element was a 7	aimed at increasing the bank's	Takashimaya Cayman Fin.(a)	3MO	3,50	100.00	Feb.2000	2.25		Nomura International
n expected inflation figures.	but OATs lagged behind bunds	mandate to head a new govern-	orders and prices paid. One	said the rights issue was	Dean Witter Discover & Co.:	300 250	(m) 5.85	99.742R 100.00R	Feb.2001 Feb.2001	0.25R 0.25R	-4551-94-00	Memil Lynch International Gokuman Sachs infl.
sumer spending and worse	basis points to 4.20 per cent,	Dini was likely to be given a	eral sub-indices, including new	vice-president at Bank Bira,	Borrower US DOLLARS	m.	78					as no b beautiful
ggested an upward trend in	the intervention rate by 25	on news that Mr Lamberto	also showed weakness in sev-	Mr Parveen Gandbi.	l _	Amount	Common	Price	Academics	Poes	Spread	Book yumber
les and price data that	The French government cut	selling bunds and buying BTPs	since July last year. The report	rights on March 13.								

Column C	WORLD BOND PRICES		
The column The	BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS	BUND FUTURES OPTIONS (LIFFE) DW250,000 points of 100%	PT-ACTUARIES FIXED INTEREST INDICES
The column The			
Column C		10100 0.31 0.72 0.03 1.02 0.17 0.58 1.18 1.57	
The column	Austria 6.500 11/05 102,7500 +0.420 6.11 6.27 6.49		
Part Table 100 1			4 kradnematikes (5) 194.36 +0.49 193.40 1.85 0.00 krad.† 7.75 7.80 8.55
Part		Make	a ramma last
Company Comp	OAT 1,200 03/06 110,4100 +0.280 5.86 6,87 5.81		
The content of the	reland 8.000 08/06 105.5200 +0.520 7.22 7.44 7.35		6 Up to 6 years (1) 197.97 +0.29 197.40 2.04 0.00 Up to 6 yes 2.42 2.45 4.09 1.12 1.33 2.73
Part Column Col	kely 10,500 09/05 103,6200 +0,850 9,90† 10,33 10,57		1 414 4 / 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 11
The column 1	No 174 4,600 09/04 111,5420 -0,040 2.92 2.98 2.67	THE THE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	a ta amount of the contract of
Column			
Column	Spain 10.180 01/06 105.2900 +0.600 9.28 8.62 10.15		
Column C	UK Gilta 8.000 12/00 105-30 +16/32 8.55 6.89 6.77		ad T Profit Applied
Column C			t t them are a second
Part			
Part	ECU (French Govt) 7.500 04/05 105.7400 +0.140 6.64 8.85 7.09	• • • •	Fixed interest 114.89 114.57 114.54 114.22 114.14 109.30 115.04 108.77 5-day energy 81.2 86.4 86.2 83.7 82.6
Part			To: 1995/95. Covernment Securities high since completion; 127.40 (8/1/35), low 48.18 (3/1/75). Fixed Interest high since completion; 133.67 (2/1/194), low 60.63 (3/1/75). Basis 100; Government Securities 15/1/10/25 and Fixed Interest 1828. SE accordy uniform rebased 1974.
The part	Prices: US, UK in Strips, ethers in decreal Source: JAMS international		
Second S	US INTEREST RATES		ET/ISMA INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE
Section Part Sect			
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## 150 170	Broker toen mig. 74 Turne morets 6.13 Five year 8.20		
## 15 Control 1	Fact funds at intervention One year		Abbay Ned Treesury 5 97 1000 90 ⁶ s 90 ⁸ s 8.38 United Kingdom 7 ⁶ s 97 9200 108 108 ⁶ s 9.57 Allence Lebs 11 ² s 97 2 100 105 ⁷ s 100 ⁸ s 648
Part			Abbey Next Treasury 6/2 05 1000 100* 100*1, 4/2 5.87 Yellerwagen Int Fig 7 05 1000 100*1, 4/4 6.80 Select Fig. 1000 100
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Part Column Col		Price Feb Mar Apr Jun Feb Mar Apr Jun	Agian Dev Bank 54 05 750 103 103 1034 43 5.93 SMISS FRANC STRAIGHTS Herson 103 97 5 500 103 1034 43 6.631
Part Column Col	BOND FUTURES AND OPTIONS		Bacton Witerst L-Fin 8/2 00 1000 109 108/4 4 3.57 Accepts 4/2 00 1000 108/4 106/9 2.85 boly 10/2 14 2 400 115/4 116/9 8.72
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Second Column C			Bitten Columbia 74 22 500 1004 1104 4 5.67 Finland 74 50 500 1142 115 305 Seven Fluor 112 50 1134 4 6.67
March 1965 1966			Ceneda 6 ¹ / ₂ 97 2000 101 ¹ / ₃ 107 ¹ / ₄ 5.20 Inter Armer Day 4 ¹ / ₄ to 800 108 108 108 108 108 108 17.82
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Manual Part		" LIFFE futures also tracked on APT. All Open interest figs. are for previous day.	Jacon Dev Bt 8 h 01 500 1175 1175 44 5.67 World Bank 54.07 25000 1155 1165 2 m Finland -1, 99 1500 59.80 59.80 57812
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Figure 19	Conversion 10pc 1986 9.69 5.89 103-2 +2 10412 103-2 1995	7.29 103% +45 103% 52% 21-20 01 78.20 250 326 1795 +7 1795 1035	SNCF 8 ¹ / ₂ 88
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Figure 19	Trees 8-lape 199711 8-40 5-96 104-2 +12 104-5 100-5 131-200 2004-8 9.75	720 1386 +1 1386 1286 25mc 11 748 127 146 171 171 171 171	Tennesses Valley 8°s 05
Figure 19	934pc 1993 9.12 6.02 1067gs +13 107 to 1023 Trace Spc 2008 ## 7.98	741 11292 +/ 11293 1014 2 200 73 802 3.51 3.40 1420 +87 1420 1233 246 1814 +87 1420 1235 1235	Totayo Bioc Porter 61 03
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Teres figs: 1993 1; 5.6 1 1124; 1995 90, Gove Spe La 2011 1; 7.5 7, F. 124 1; 124 1014; 1995 1; 1995 90, Gove Spe La 2011 1; 7.5 7, F. 124 1; 124 1014; 1995 1; 1995 90, Gove Spe La 2011 1; 1995 1; 1995 90, Gove Spe La 2011 1; 1995 1; 1995 90, Gove Spe La 2011 1; 1995 1; 1995 90, Gove Spe La 2011 1; 1995 1; 1995 90, Gove Spe La 2011 1; 1995 1; 1995 90, Gove Spe La 2011 1; 1995 1; 1995 90, Gove Spe La 2011 1; 1995 1; 1995 90, Gove Spe La 2011 1; 1995 1; 1995 90, Gove Spe La 2011 1; 1995 1; 1995 90, Gove Spe La 2011 1; 1995 90, Gove Sp	Tress 10-2 1998 936 637 1123 13 1132 1053 Tress 6 1/4pc 2010 7.08	7.55 883 4 BBA 793 reflect rebasing of RPI to 100 in February 1987. Conversion	DEUTSCHE MARK STRAIGHTS Demark 8½ 02 Equ 1000 111½ 111½ +½ 6.24 Harson 9½ 00 710 4.37 114½ 115½ +½5.08
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CURRENCIES AND MONEY

and for fri Pound firm after UK interest rate cut

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Sterling held its ground against other European currencies yesterday despite a surprise quarter-point cut in the UK base rate.

It remained firm against the D-Mark but it fell back against the dollar as expectations of lower interest rates across Europe again fuelled a strong rally in the US currency.

Elsewhere in Europe, the Bank of France followed the UK by cutting French official rates by a quarter point, which the market had anticipated

The Dutch central bank also cut its special advances rate. But the Bundesbank council made no change to German interest rates after a sharp fall in the repo rate on Wednesday. Despite the dollar's gains in Europe, it fell against the Japanese yen after data showed weaker US economic growth. The pound closed against the D-Mark at DM2.2364 from the

previous close of DM2.2415,

15,7265 45,9680 8,6543 6,8029 7,6517

2.504

9,804

231.443 168.726

1.4798

11,7001

11.7031 54.6096 4.7404 160.246 1.8952 2.2973 59.8166 5.7076 2.1610 5.5443

-0.0351 176 - 354 -0.1021 311 - 008 -0.0152 469 - 565 -0.0072 469 - 565 -0.0072 455 - 101 -0.0061 352 - 376 -0.222 175 - 565 -0.0022 183 - 650 -18.89 466 - 889 -0.1021 311 - 006 -0.0057 085 - 062 -0.0057 085 - 062 -0.138 833 - 659 -0.138 833 - 659 -0.0112 855 - 065 -0.0012 855 - 065

-0.0019 051 - 078 -0.0017 086 - 110

-0.0091 208 - 217 -0.0083 791 - 800 -0.0204 729 - 748 -0.0281 801 - 013 -0.0087 214 - 222

Against the dollar, it finished at \$1.5218, from \$1.5305. Sterling's trade-weighted index closed at 83.0, slightly down from the previous ses-

sion's finish of 83.2

■ Yesterday's unexpected cut in the UK base rate from 6.5 per cent to 6.25 per cent was taken well by the financial markets despite some suspicion that the move was made against the wishes of the Bank

of England. Both short sterling futures and UK government bond, or gili, futures, rallied sharply, esting the move had done little harm to the authorities' credibility or increased the markets' expectation of future

Analysts said the pound's

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18,7821 15,7116
46.1030 45,8270
8,8805 8,6442
6,8380 8,7900
7,8881 7,8300
2,2449 2,2334
368,704 886,349
0,9671 0,9838
3417,82 2400,17
46,1030 45,9270
2,5153 2,5026
8,9563 9,7677
222,052 230,201
188,057 188,219
10,2245 10,1499

1,2129

1.5273 1.4849 2.0825

11,4181 1,6275

10.1486 1.8039

1.2076

1,4784

weaker tone against the dollar was due more to worries about the government's problems after talk of a "coup" against Mr John Major, the prime minister, than with the interest

The pound also shrugged off data which showed that inflation rose last month while retail sales showed steady but subdued growth

The dellar's recent buoyant tone continued yesterday before profit-taking in late European trading erased most of its gains against the D-Mark.
It was supported by another strong rally in the US bond market where the long bond

yield moved below 6 per cent. Mr Steve Hannah, head of research at IBJ International in London, said the rally in US bonds was "driving some inter-national investors back into the US market," which was boosting the currency.

The rally in US bonds came

after the series of European

3.3 15.639 3.1 45.886 1.5 3.6263 0.8 6.7904 0.8 7.6265 2.8 2.2212

2.4858 0.775

190,155 10,200 1,786

1.1

-0.9 0.7

8.6428 8.7985 7.6465 2.2318

2414.13 45.861 2.4981 9.7945

231,668 189,211

Mathematica D. Mark (DM par 2) ments from various European central bank officials.



the Philadelphia Federal Reserve Bank showed weak activity this month. Mr Hannah said the weekness of the US economy held

out the prospect of another cut in US interest rates but he said there was unlikely to be any policy easing this month.
The view among some snalysts in the market is that the

gains against European curren cles following supportive com-

Few analysts however expect any significant foreign exchange developments to follow from the meeting of G7 finance ministers in Paris

Mr Lee Ferridge, currency strategist at NatWest Markets in London, said that the current market pessimism against the D-Mark in favour of the dollar was overdone.

He said: "Although current eakness in the German economy is being seen as a reason to sell D-Marks in favour of higher yielding European currencies, this is likely to be profitable only in the short term and only against selected cur-

The dollar finished in Lon don at DM1.4696, slightly up on the previous close of DM1.4646. Against the yen, the dollar closed at Y105.3, down from the

domestic political situation and the growing expectation of lower German interest rates boosted the Italian lira, which rallied sharply against the D-Mark.

The French franc remained broadly unchanged after the Bank of France cut its intervention rate from 4.45 per cent

ho.4.20 per cent. The lira closed at L1,076 against the D-Mark, from L1,081. The franc closed at PF13.422 from FF13.416 against

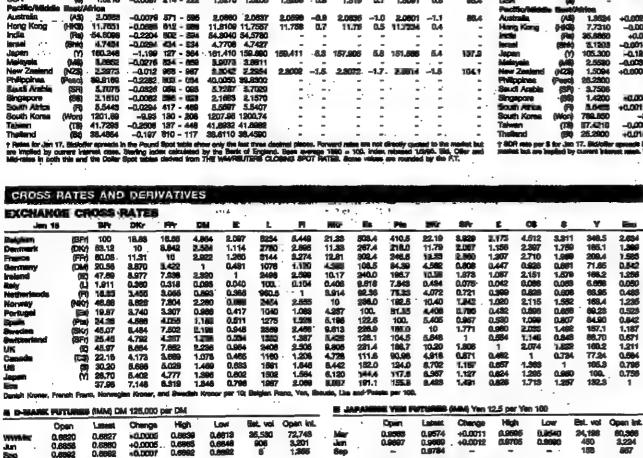
the D-Mark The Spanish peseta fell despite a sharp rally in Span-ish government bunds. It ended at Pta84.39 from Pta84.21

E 011E	III CURRENC	
Jan 14	2	3
₩	41.0W - 41.2H	27 mm - 计设定
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iche		3000 - 2000.00
يتعبطا		0.2905 - 0.2908
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UAE	5.500 - £5913	10% - 102

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érvzerk, Indonel	ENC	5.8880		855 - 862		5.6737		. 0.8	5,6760	0.7	5.8044		14
	24	4.4703		651 - 735		4.4485		****	4,4585	1.2	4.4278		
	(PH)	5.0281 1.4896		271 - 290		5.0095			5,0357	-0.6	5.0121		10
reace	(Dr)	941,405		340 - 470		1.4855			1,4825	1.9	1,4429		10
eland	(LAC)	1,5780		774 - 785		240,230			246.33	-8.2			
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or Bulgari	(En)	152,088		000 - 140		151,070	152.46		153.23	-30			1
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weden	(580)	6.6998		ES - 031		8.8586	6.7184	-41	8.7458	-28	6.8833		ž
elizarional	(SPr)	1,1870		- 175		1.1842	1,1888	3.8	1.1759	27	1,1405	3.4	11
K	65	1,5218		214 - 222		1.505	1.5208	0.8	1,519	0.7	1,5001	3.5	- 1
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enacin .	(28)	1.360		625 - 630	1,3665		1,368	-0.1	1.3691	-0.1	1,5001	104	
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ang Kang	8 400	7,7310		305 - 215		7,7305	7.7817	-0.1	7,7335		7,7805		-
	57kg)	35,8860		700 + 600	55,8950		36,036	-6.0	36,34	-6.1	87.81	-0.4	
	COMMO	8,1203		178 - E27		3.1175	-	-			-	-	
Olin	(1)	105,300		260 - 260	105,970	100.000	104,005	5.8	103,975	50	100.546	45	11
ofovoio.	0.40	2.5520	-0.0035	525 - 535	2.5590	2.5475	9,5536	-0.4	2.56	-1.1	2.5855		-
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Monines	Pest	26,2900	-	800 - 800	26,2800		. 4		-		-	-	
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ageogre	-049	1,4200		196 - 205	1.4207		1,4184	3.0	1,4104	27	1.385	2.5	
AND AREA	A	3.64		425 - 440	3,6475		2,5721	-0.5	3,7235	-8.6	3,9486		
uth Korea	(Work	789,850		800 - 700	791,400		792.55	-44	796.15	-33	814.85		
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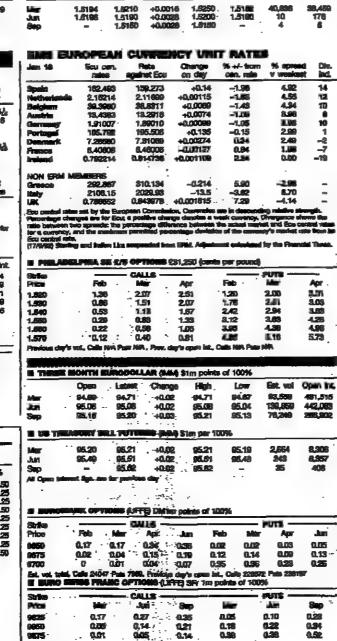
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PT Astra International U.S. \$125,000,000 6%% Convertible Bonds due 2006

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to holders of the Bonds that pursuant Condition 7(E) of the Bonds, at any time in the period from Six Janua 1996 to Six March, 1996 any Bondholder may deposit by Bonds i conversion in accordance with Condition 6 of the Bonds. in accordance with Condition 7(I) of the Bonds:

The Conversion Price (as defined in the Bonds) as at the s Indonesian Ruptah 5,758.75. The Closing Price (Local Price) of the Shares as reported on the Jakarus Stoci Exchange as at 9th January, 1996 was Indonesian Ruplah 3,575.00 per share:

The aggregate principal amount of the Bonds outstanding as at 9th January 1996 was U.S. 5125.000.000.00.

19th January, 1996

PT Astra Internat

BARINGS B.V.

US\$ 150,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Capital Notes due 2001 Payment of principal and interest guaranteed by Barings plc

In accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from January 19, 1996 to July 19, 1996 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 5.625% per annum. The coupon amount payable on the relevent Interest Payment Date, July 19, 1996 against coupon No. 21 will be US\$ 284.38 per Note of

The Agent Bank Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoles

BASE RATE CHANGE

Union Bank of Switzerland, London announces that

with effect from the close of business on 18th January, 1996

the Base Rate was reduced from 61/2% PA to 61/2% PA.



Union Bank of Switzerland, PO Box 428 100 Liverpool Street, London EC2M 2RH. Incorporated in Switzerland with limited liability

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FINANCIAL TIMES T-RIDAY JANUARY 19 1996 34 FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE FT Cityline Unit Trust Prices are available over the telephone. Call the FT Cityline Help Desk on (+44 171) 873 4378 for more de OFFSHORE AND Foreign & Colonial Magat (Jersey) Lid **OVERSEAS** BERMUDA (SIB RECOGNISED) Hallia Continued Geometry Town Applications for the Continue of the C -on 18 New 2 was a second of the seco 301 839 292 2760 s Private Banking (CI) Ltd es well in Peri, (CI 60) 3 832 Sa Fond Lid GUERNSEY (REGULATED)(**) 2.4 14.17.1 2.4 14.17.1 1.4 14.17.1 1.4 14.17.1 Loobard Odler (J salemi. \$1.74 ISLE OF MAN (BEGULATED)(**) 223 [3] 33 11339 388] BERMUDA (REGULATED)(**) -88: The state of the s SSS1 10.14 1975 18 18 18 P 强强 Management Lin 和第 译明 对第 Free Parties Venture Frank Free Parties Parties No. 21 Venture Parties Venture | \$10.21 Venture Parties | Venture | A PARTY OF THE PAR 133 - 100 emt Co Litri JERSEY (SIB RECOGNISED) Green Parkette Green Parkette Green Learner Flexible Movinety Markette Markette Lander Company Temphating Global 3 July 20 Alega 1 - 2011 Lander Company Temphating Green Parkette Company Temphating Green Parkette Lander Company Temphating Company Temphating Company Temphating Company Temphating Company Temphating Company Lander Compan Scringenor Kamp-Gee Mogard, Jersey S. Smith Res S. Smith at (CI) Ltd 0.10 GUERNSEY (SIB RECOGNISED) er i (u Notes Sulling Deping - or Yell Prins Prins - 079 C1574 515700 自主教師 注重 T-aus/ 1 Pd Hingrs Ltd (ta) 2 intent 00 2031 65215 30.976 537 6 ES ES ES A TANK TO THE TANK THE PERSON OF THE PERSON 120 , inter d Party of Mark I september Party of Markey I and Audito Fall and Comparty of the Comparty Sam Hand Stom except (and) Barrimone Fund Mennagers less Life (2) Barrimone Fund Mennagers less Life (2) Control The Armes Informational America Francisco Control Cont Thorpton investment U Corps Street Caroling I Tagge for M Million 100 (25) 155 (10) Colored See (10) 14 992 14 PLG 1 __.1 819 10 10 491 819 11 12 491 LUXEMBOURG (REGULATED)(**)

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Interest rate cut helps Footsie to all-time record

By Steve Thompson, UK Stock Market Editor

News of a 25 basis point reduction in UK interest rates caught many marketmakers on the wrong foot and produced another power-packed performance by the UK equity

The market's response to the rate cut, the second in two months, was immediate, with the FT-SE 100 index driven sharply higher during the day and eventually closing only a shade off its best level.

Mr Bob Semple, head of the equity market strategy team at Nat-West Securities, described the rate cut as "unfinished business," point-

ing out that the market had expected a 50 basis point cut in December when the chancellor sanctioned a 25 basis point reduction. "Mr Clarke has been cautious and has been proved right," said Mr Semple.

The upward move by equities was bolstered by an equally powerful erformance by gilts which, after faltering when the rate cut news first emerged, subsequently raced higher to close with big gains. At the close, the FT-SE 100 was

44.5 higher at a closing record of 3,748.7, after reaching an intra-day record of 3,749.7 in mid afternoon. Second-line stocks also made good progress but were left well behind

by the leaders: the FT-SE Mid 250

gained 232.6 to 4,058.2.

Leading marketmakers said they saw further upside in share prices in the short term, in the wake of the rate cut, with FT-SE 3,800 a distinct possibility. Admitting that the market had been caught out earlier in the week, one senior trader said there was still plenty of momentum in the market, despite the constant political worries.

These were highlighted in the press yesterday by reports that the Prime Minister might have to face another challenge to his leadership if, as expected, there was a poor showing by the Conservatives in the May local elections.

This morning brings the expiry of

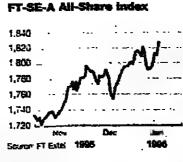
the FT-SE index options which could produce plenty of irreworks. Two of the big market operators, Goldman Sachs and UBS, were seen to be aggressive buyers of index options late yesterday. Dealers reported at least two big programme trades in the market, both

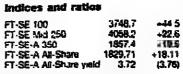
heavily weighted on the buy side. Opening over 6 points higher the FT-SE 100 was always in plus territory but began to motor an hour after the official opening of business, with the rate cut news producing a fresh burst of strength in the index. With few pauses for breath the Footsie continued its upward path for the rest of the session and was given an additional lift by a stock, where turnover was 59m.

gradual improvement by Wall Street when that market opened for business.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average was up almost 30 points ninety minutes after London closed, and apparently untroubled by the recent poor numbers from Intel and the profit warnings from Wal-Mart and 3M. Bank shares built on recent gains, helped by the scintillating fourth quarter numbers from leading US banks and buy notes from leading London brokers.

Activity in equities accelerated sharply, with turnover at 6pm reaching 945.6m shares, helped by more aggressive buying of Forte





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FUTURES AND OPTIONS

+1.8

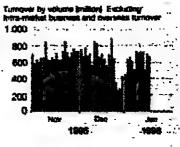
FT-SE 100 INDEX FUTURES (LIFFE) £25 per full index point

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Equity shares traded

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Broker boost for BAe

British Aerospace sparkled after one agency broker reiterated its buy stance on the stock and presented a heavy

valuation for the group.

The stock jumped 29% to 864%p in trade of 3.1m as Henderson Crosthwaite said the shares could be worth £12 each if the company was broken up. In a note to clients, Mr Brian Newman at the broker said: At 830p the BAe share price is trading at a 30 per cent dis-count to our revised break-up value estimate of 1200p per share." The broker's previous break-up estimate was 800n.

Sentiment was boosted further by reports that the £32bn Eurofighter defence project, Europe's biggest, is likely to go ahead. BAe is one of the developers of the aircraft and is expected to be leading contractor on the project.

Henderson also added: "We believe the company is also close to winning further export contracts for Tornado and Hawk aircraft with associated

The stock has been a strong performer in recent weeks, buoved by speculation about the flotation of Orange, the mobile phone company. British Aerospace has a 31.5 per cent stake in the group.

Forte active

Shares in Granada Group. currently bidding for Forte. finished 3 ahead at 696p on volume of 8m, with dealers continuing to suggest the tide was still moving in Granada's

Traders suggested yesterday's lunchtime presentation by Forte at UBS, its broker, had not been well received. By the close, turnover had

jumped to 59m, as the shares settled 4 shead at 381%p, boosted by buyers considering Forte to be a cheap way into

Power disappoints

Scottish Power slipped 3 to 384p as hopes of a boost in the dividend were dashed at the company presentation.

ScotPower gave a positive account of the cost savings to be achieved through its acquisition of Manweb. The figure of 292m in 1997-98 was better than analysts had expected. However, there had been optimism that the current forecasts that dividend would grow by between 5 and 6 per cent could be raised. ScotPower dampened those hopes.

On the other hand, the cost cotting anthusiasm promoted buying of United Utilities - formerly North West Water and Norweb. United was further helped by a regulatory day. Weish Water came to an agreement with Ofwat, the water regulator, and analysts believe it has paved the way for its merger with South Wales Electricity not to be referred to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission.

The removal of worries over removes lingering monopoly concerns surrounding United Utilities. United rose 17 to 588p, Swalec 18 to 847p and Welsh 5

General institutional buying was given as the reason for the advance of Geest, the shares jumping 18 to 237p. The stock has been a strong performer over the last few weeks. boosted by talk that several food producing groups were looking at Geest with a view to launching a bid. Specialists discounted the bid talk.

News that 1995 profits from spirits group Guinness will be hit by a £39m reorganisation charge sent the group's shares tumbling, as analysts moved to downgrade profits estimates.

The shares had given up 14% to 474%p in trade of 10m by the close, with the market also disappointed by the weaker than expected performance in Japan, also highlighted yest-

Analysts downgraded profit.

December 1995 by £10m to around £875m (which includes total charges of around £64m) and by £20m for the current year to about £980m.

The poor sentiment in Guinness spread to Allied Domeco. leaving the shares 2 off at 539p. Elsewhere in the drinks sector, bid talk returned to the Sunderland based brewer Vany Group. The shares gained 10 at 299p on the speculation, with volume closing at 2m.

Independent television groups jumped as takeover talk returned. The Broadcasting Bill, which proposes restricting ownership on the grounds of advertising rather than regions went before the House of Commons on Tuesday. Yorkshire-Tyne Tees jumped 35 to 722p, HTV 4 to 300, Scottish Television 12 to 483p and Grampian 5 to 223p.

Prospects for industry rationalisation also helped More O' estimates for the year to Ferrall, which received an

FINANCIAL TIMES EQUITY INDICES

	Jan 16	Jan 17	Jan 16	Jan 16	Jen 12	Yr ago	"High	"Low
Ordinary Share	2773.5	2753.3	2760.7	2727.0	2720.9	2309.9	2773.5	2233.3
Ord. div. yield	3.91	3.95	4.04	4.06	4.08	4.52	4.73	3.91
P/E ratio net	16,61	16.47		16.29			21.59	15.35
P/E matio mil	16.40			16.08				15.17
'For 1995/98, Ordin Date: 1/7/38,	iy Mus I	index eino	e gompilet	ion: high â	773.6 18/	01/96; low	49.4 28/5	40. Base

Ordinary Shere hourly Open 9.00 10.00	obsoges 11.00		13,00	14.00	15.00	16.00	High	Low
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	Jen 18	مفل	17	ion 18	Jan 1	15 Je	ry 12	Yr ngo
SEAQ bergeins	39,818	34,	169	31,904	30,8	17 2	9,603	18,61
Equity turnover (2m)†		- 193	7.4	1966.4	1218	52 1	R20-4	AUL.
Equity bergainst		. MI,	DIS HE	37,830	34,8	85 3	1,231	27,50
Shares traded (mi)†		- 66	3.8	713.5	56	1.0	728.8	610.

London m	elist die	la		
Place and falls' Total Place Total Falls Same	960 418	62 Week highs Total Highs Total Lows	LETTE Equity options Total contracts Calls	68,440 44,267 24,183

Jan. 18*Date based on Equity shares fated on the London Share Service.

additional lift from news that it has entered the Singapore transit shelter advertising marahead to 258! ap. ket. The shares ended 14

higher at 503p. Carlton Communications improved 1% to 1042%p, partially helped by a recomme tion from Credit Lyonnais

Laing. Enterprise Oil moved up 10 to 390p as Robert Fleming Securities issued a positive recommendation.

British Gas declined a further 2 to 2531/2p on tough comments by the official regulator over pricing.

Interest rate enthusiasm helped banks move forward smartly with further help from broker recommendations. SBC Warburg and Merrill Lynch were voicing their enthusiasm. Standard Chartered appreciated 15 to 590p, while HSBC advanced 29 to 1052! p, with Robert Fleming apparently

the stock and some dealings reflecting switching out of the Hong Kong registered shares. Lloyds TSB improved 14% to 340%p, with Merrill Lynch raising its 1996 profits forecast for the company from £2.1bn to

<u>82 24bn.</u>

issuing covered warrants on

Long-standing takeover candidate Royal Bank of Scotland moved ahead 14 to 571p in spite of an insistence by the chairman at the annual meeting that the bank was determined to maintain its independence. Satisfactory business figures helped a number of life insurance companies, which are also desperately hoping that the interest rate cut will inject some confidence back into the

up 20 to 701p and Britannic 5 Retailer Lloyds Chemists was once again the best performer in the FT-SE Mid 250 had agreed a £614m bid from its rival Unichem. Shares in Lloyds forged ahead another 35

market and help to lift policy

sales. Legal & General ticked

to 401p, while Unichem was also in demand and raced 19%

WEW Group slipped 1's to 15! ip after it reported an 11 per cent decrease in like-for-like sales in the four weeks over the Christmas period. Turnover fell by 6 per cent in the same period.

Courtaulds Textiles added 14 at 413p on the back of a positive stance from BZW, the investment bank.

Vega, the computer software group, moved forward 5 to 348p on well received figures and a recommendation from Beeson

Management defections at the direct marketing arm of GGT left the shares of the advertising and marketing ser-

vices group down 19 at 211p. Hopes that the latest interest rate cut might aid the flagging construction industry helped some building and building materials stocks. Among them. RMC rose 27 to 965p, Wimpey 4 to 145p and Bryant 5 to 113p.

MARKET REPORTERS Peter John.

LONDON RECENT (SSUES: EQUITIES issue IVIII Miss. up (Dn.) High Low Stock p up (2m.) High Low Stock

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- F.P. 85.5 114 108 Cax Insurance

- F.P. 14.5 80 52 TCrown Products

- F.P. 13.7 80 72 TOrnstell

- F.P. 25.6 88 73 Jupiter Spit Gap

- F.P. 53.8 101 98 Jupiter Spit Under

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FT GOLD MINES INDEX

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CI Limited

GROUP GOLD MINING COMPANIES Summary of reports: quarter ended 31 December 1995 Randfontein Estates

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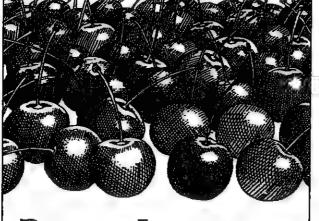
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	Quarte	r ended	Six months ended
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- per ton milled - per kilogram produced	R243,24 R36 983 R000	R247,37 R37 190 R000	R245,25 R37 084 R000
Profit before tax Profit after tax Dividends	58 422 53 570 36 108	58 391 49 291	116 813 102 861 36 106
Capital expenditure	101 991	67 647	169 638

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FINANCIAL TIMES

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Additional information on the FT-SE Actuaries Share Indices in published in Saturday issues. Lists of constituents are avoidable from The Financial Times Linsted, One Southeark Bridge, London SE1 9Hr. The FT-SE Actuaries Share Indices Sovice, which covers a range of electronic and paper-based products relating to these indices, is available from FINSTAT, Fitting House, 13-17 Expents Street, London ECRA ADI. The FT-SE FACE ADIA FIRSTAT, Fitting House, 13-17 Expents Street, London ECRA ADIA FIRSTAT, Fitting House, 13-17 Expents Street, London ECRA ADIA FIRSTAT IN FT-SE FACE ADIA F

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Caterpillar, **IBM** results support Dow

Gains on the Dow came from

IBM, for example, jumped

\$6% or 7 per cent at \$83% after

reporting fourth quarter earn-

ings before charges of \$3.66 a share, 21 cents a share ahead

Caterpillar added \$61/4 or 12

per cent to \$60% on fourth

quarter earnings of \$1.53 per

share, 27 cents a share ahead

McDonalds added \$2% to the

\$1% it rose on Wednesday,

At mid-session on Wednes-

day, the company announced

that it planned to speed up the

Elsewhere, Bear Stearns was

unchanged at \$19% although

the investment bank reported

earnings of 76 cents a share.

about 8 cents stronger than

Maybelline added \$21/4 at

L'Oreal yesterday increased

its bid for the company to \$41

to counter Wednesday's offer

from Benkiser, the German consumer goods company.

Toronto was firm at midday,

benefiting from demand stem-

ming from pension fund contri-

butions flowing into equities in

search of a tax haven, and a

strong showing in base metals

The TSE-300 Composite

index was 13.99 higher by noon

at 4,786.99 in heavy volume of

Alcan Aluminium, which

reported earnings on Tuesday,

jumped C\$1% to C\$41%, in

response to a short covering

rally that had sent prices

higher on the London Metal

46m shares.

\$4214 on a bidding war to take

over the US cosmetic maker.

most analysts expected.

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bringing the shares to \$481/2.

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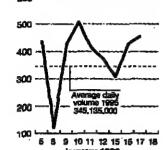
Wall Street

US stock prices were mixed in midday trading yesterday as a wave of strong earnings reports spurred gains in blue chip issues while a drop in Viacom shares sent the American Stock Exchange composite lower, writes Lisa Bransten in

At 1 pm the Dow Jones Industrial Average was 19.15 higher at 5,086.05, while the Standard & Poor's 500 slipped 0.47 to 605.90.

Volume on the New York SE came to 269m shares.

MYSE volume



The Nasdaq composite added 4.70 at 1,003.00 as investors anxiously awaited results expected after the market closed - from Microsoft, the largest company in the index. In early trading, Microsoft shares were \$1% higher at

The Amex fell 4.55 at 528.66 amid losses in Viacom. The shares of the cable group fell \$1 or 3 per cent to \$38 after it announced late on Wednesday that it had fired Mr Frank Biondi, its president and

São Paulo weakens

São Paulo was lower for the third consecutive day during midsession trading on worries about the progress of the government's social security reforms being considered by

Doubts emerged after the chamber of deputies delivered a defeat to the government by rejecting, late on Wednesday, a proposal which would have levied pension contributions on retired people.

By midday the Bovespa index was off 259.61 at 48,103. The market was unsurprised by comments from President Fernando Henrique Cardoso on Wednesday when he stressed that he was confident about the economic outlook for 1996. MEXICO CITY was steady in early trade, although some buying was seen after satisfactory employment data were published. The IPC index was

11.47 up at 2,930.43 by noon.
BUENOS AIRES had barely moved by midday as investors generally kept a watchful eye on developments in the US. The Merval index was 2.90 points off at 530.96.

Golds sector down in S Africa

ounce level. In contrast, industrials remained well sought, although some profit-taking was evident.

Foreign institutions were seen as sellers of gold shares in spite of encouraging quar-terly results from JCI and Anglo, which appeared to have little impact on the sector at large.

Dealers forecast that there

was now a strong possibility that industrials could enter a period of consolidation following the recent rises.

The overall index lost 19.8 to 6,816.9, industrials rose 13.8 to 8,621.7 and the gold shares

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS

FT/S&P ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Gold stocks fell back after a volatile day's trading during which the price of bullion slipped below the \$400 an index receded 37.7 to 1,585.6. De Beers declined RL25 to R121.75 on news that an agreement with Russian diamond producers, which had been rumoured earlier in the week, was still some way off. Analysts said it was unclear how long it would take to work out an agreement on the sale of Russian gems through De Beers' London-based Central

Selling Organisation. Anglos fell R3 to R259 as investors generally ignored its forecast that it expected gold production at its Vaal Reefs Exploration and Mining gold mine to rise by about 3 per cent during 1996, compared with the levels seen last year. Vani Reefs lost R3 to R308 and JCI dipped R1 to R33.50.

Fokker dives by 20% after rescue talks stall

There was heavy and persistent selling of Fokker in AMSTERDAM and the aircraft manufacturer's shares plunged at the opening of the session by 30 per cent. However, they staged a partial recovery to finish off Fi 1.70 or 20 per cent at

investors began to sell when it appeared that talks on a financial package to rescue the group between the Dutch government and Daimler, which has a 51 per cent stake, looked as if they had reached an inconclusive deadlock.

There were suggestions that the main problem in the negotiations was the fact that the Dutch state was only prepared to inject a comparatively small sum of cash into the rescue

It was believed that Fokker needed an immediate injection of F12.3bm if it were to avoid insolvency, and that Daimler had hoped the state would contribute up to Fl 1hn.
The AEX index softened 0.07

PARIS got what it wanted when the Bank of France cut interest rates and, having talked up the market all week on the possibility, investors took profits and the CAC-40 index eased slightly, losing 5.94 to 1,960,06. The Bank of France cut the

intervention rate to 4.20 per

Share price (FI) 1994

Fokker

cent from 4.45 per cent, and also trimmed the same amount from its five-to-10 day rate. However, there was further evidence yesterday of problems ahead as a survey of French analysts revealed that forecasts for 1995 and 1996 corporate earnings growth bad again

Evidence of the general corporate malaise was provided by Générale des Eaux, off FFr29 or 5 per cent to FFr522, after forecasting losses in 1995 of between FFr3bn to FFr3.5bn. FRANKFURT shrugged off the Bundesbank's expected lack of action on key interest rates this time, made another

couple of forays towards the

2.400 level, and lost it a little as

In Osaka, the OSE average

receded 277.27 to 21,795.04 in

volume of 312.7m shares.

been cut.

the Dow flattened out in the late US morning. However, the Dax index still produced another all-time closing high, 13.99 higher at an Ibis-indicated 2,389.62. Turnover was DM10.3bn.

DM23.70 for an 18.5 per cent eain this month. Mr Christopher Will at Lehman Brothers said that the company had held a meeting

changing: the buzzword now was "shareholder value" On Tuesday, said Mr Will, Conti stated that it was prepared to form a joint venture. or sell its loss making US and European subsidiaries if necessary. The absence of losses here, he said, would add some 25 per cent to earnings which were expected to rise from around DM1 for 1995 to between DM1.50, and DM1.60 in

the current year ZURICH turned higher after the consolidation of recent days and the SMI index rose 38.5 to 3.257.8. Volume picked up sharply as it became clear that support was firm at the

Pharmaceuticals remained at the centre of attention. Sandoz rose SFr27 to SFr1.032 as the

House changes Continental, the tyremaker, Jm 16 rose DM1.10, or 4.9 per cent to

with automotive analysts at Hanover on Tuesday, and had said that its strategies were

3.200 level.

group's 1995 sales figures

THE EUROPEAN SERIES Open 10.30 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 Close FT-SE Euroback 100 1528-55 1527-20 1527-50 1529-25 1538-34 1533-69 1535-53 1537-45 FT-SE Euroback 200 1622-51 1622-85 1627-85 1625-85 1627-14 1637.01 1632-36 1633-89 151402 FT-SE Eurotrack 200 100 - 1538.00; 200 - 1606.81 Loveday 100 - 1507.20 200 - 1601.24 † Partal

proved in line with the forecasts of Swiss analysts, but and a firm lira. The Comit below those of their UK counterparts. The group also announced that it expected a marked increase in 1995 net

Roche certificates, under pressure on Wednesday after announcing 1995 sales figures, bounced back, collecting SFT160 to SFT8,930. Mrs Birgit Kulhoff at UBS in Zurich commented that Roche was being supported by a

weakening of the franc against the dollar and expectations that the group would have the fastest growing net profit among the pharmaceuticals companies. There was also a "certain fantasy" over the level of the Jubilee bonus, yet to be announced, that the company had promised to pay to investors this year to mark its cen-

MILAN rose 1.8 per cent, supported by signs that Mr Lamberto Dini may remain as

prime minister, strong bonds index rose 10.73 to 598.35 while the real-time Mibtel index fin-ished 214 higher at 9,558, off a peak of 9,589.

The market wants Mr Dini to continue as prime minister." said Mr John Stewart at Inter-Europa in Milan. "The reason that shares did not collapse when Mr Dini resigned was an expectation that he would return, but with more broadly

based support." Mr James Cornish at Nat-West Markets in London, said that if Mr Dini were to be reappointed for another term, it was likely to be good news for the market. "What Italy needs is a government with enough backing to push through difficult political decisions. It could then get down to the all-important task of cutting the budget deficit."

Olivetti added L16 to L1,043 after its sharp four day slide. as the company denied that it

was in talks on a link with Bull, the French computer

company. BRUSSELS climbed to a record close, fuelled by sharply rising bonds, the stronger dollar and a further round of bank takeover speculation that

pushed BBL sharply higher. The Bel-20 index finished 12:30 higher at 1.645.04 as BRL jumped BFr200 to BFr5.840. The holding company, GEL, picked up BFr80 to a new high of BFr4.240.

MADRID's utilities and banks responded to the day's interest rate news and help the general index close 1.34 higher at a new life high of 329.67. Banesto's forecast of a sharp rise in 1996 profits left it Ptas higher at Ptas35.

in utilities, Iberdrola continued its advance after a further buy recommendation from ES First Boston. The shares rose Pta20 to Pta1,185, up 4.4 per cent on the week so far, and by 89 per cent from its 1995 low. **HELSINKI** was supported by Nokia and the stronger doller. The HEX index rose 1.7 per cent to 1,708.74 in turnover of FM352m. Nokia, which accounted for 44 per cent of the total volume, added FM5.90 to FM162.40.

Written and edited by Willia Cochrane, Michael Morgan and

SINGAPORE was weak for

much of the day on profit-tak-

ing, forced selling and some

some late demand enabled the

Straits Times Industrial index

Malaysia's Berjaya Group

was actively traded, falling 45

cents to 98.50 cents after

reporting a 77 per cent plunge

SHANGHAI and SHEN-

ZHEN's local currency A indi-

in its first-half net earnings

to close 6.21 up at 2,396.27.

small-scale short sales before

Nikkei retreats 1%, Kuala Lumpur hit by rate rise

Tokyo

The rise in the yen and an overnight decline on Wall Street depressed investor confidence and the Nikkei average fell back for the first time in three trading days on active selling by domestic institutions, writes Emiko Terazono in

The 225-share index shed 200.22 or 1 per cent to 20,370.04, having fluctuated between 20,297.89 and 20,537.17.

Volume was 450m shares, against 544.5m. The Topix index of all first section stocks lost 17.70 or 1.1 per cent at 1,687.31 and the Nikkei 300 dipped 3.06 to 297.83. Declines led rises by 903 to 185, with 130 issues unchanged.

In London the ISE/Nikkei 50 index firmed 0.85 to 1,402.95. Banks and life insurers, which need to realise profits on their portfolios ahead of the March book closing, continued to sell holdings. They took profits on consumer electronics, high-technology and steel issues during the afternoon. Overseas investors, on the other hand, bought utilities and material manufacturers.

Individuals, meanwhile, dumped speculative issues following the plunge in Kanemat-su-NKK, a building materials trader, on Wednesday. The stock had been a favourite among speculators and yesterday lost Y400 to Y2,370.

Crude oil prices retreated on rumours that economic sanctions against Iraq might be lifted, paving the way for that country to resume exporting cil, and prompting a decline in cil shares. Telkoku Oil dropped

Y14 to Y674 and Arabian Oil Y230 to Y4,310.
Technology issues were lower. Toshiba fell Y11 to Y820, Fujitsu Y20 to Y1,140 and Sony Y130 to Y6,500. Profit taking Y130 to Y6,500. Profit-taking also depressed steels, with Nippon Steel off Y3 at Y357. Speculative stocks lost ground. Nitto Chemical shed Y110 to Y1,180 and Daido Steel

Sheet Y140 to Y1,610. But Stan-

ley Electric, an electric equip-

KUALA LUMPUR fell sharply across the board on heavy sell-

Y15 to Y701.

ing triggered by Bank Negara's move to push up short-term interest rates to support the currency. The composite index ended 33.49 or 3.1 per cent down at 1.038.86. But analysts noted that the

market was due for a correction after its recent sharp gains, and the central bank move magnified the selling. SEOUL was depressed by newspaper reports that the government would not take long-awaited action to support

share prices, and the composite index dipped 7.92 to 849.14. Securities houses also pressured the index with continue selling to raise funds for entry into the investment trust business early in the first quarter. Samsung Electronics fell Won1,500 to Won129,500 and

LG Electronics was Won700 lower at Won24,300. Trading in Woosung Construction was halted after it defaulted on debts. Woosung Tire, its subsidiary, fell Won600 to its lower limit of Won9.800, while Korea First Bank, a major holder of Woosung's debt, lost Won230 at Won6,570.

intra-day lows, but remained worried by the underlying political problems. The BSE-30 index shed 22.51 to 2,940.40.

Dealers said the market fell initially on concern about corruption charges that had been laid against several leading politicians, before it regained some ground on short-covering

BOMBAY recovered from

and bargain hunting. Corporate stories included Tisco, down Rs4.75 to a new 52-week closing low of Rs167.50. Dealers said the stock was affected by fears that a slowdown in the domestic economy might affect demand for its steel products.

BANGKOK was sharply off

ment maker for cars, jumped as profits were taken following the decline in some of the region's major markets. The SET index receded 16.85 or 1.2 per cent to 1,354.21 in heavy turnover of Bt8.8bn, with finance and bank issues bearing the brunt of selling.

Brokers said the market also turned weaker on reports that the central bank had asked commercial banks to delay cutting lending rates until domestic economic fundamentals had improved.

Nava Finance shed Bt3.50 to Bt85 on a rumour that its foreign partner, W.I. Carr, might pull out of its co-operation agreement when the annual contract expires later this year. SYDNEY gathered profits in BHP, CRA and banks, and this

activity offset sharp gains in the golds sector. The All Ordinaries index edged up 0.1 to 2,250.4 in volume of 278.2m shares worth A\$531.2m. The golds index rose 54.3 or 2.6 per cent to 2,134.8.

TAIPEI recovered from early losses in thin trade on bargain hunting. The weighted index added 10.72 at 5,028.20, having touched 4.987.98. MANILA ended lower for the

third consecutive session as fears over the inflationary impact of a rise in the minimum daily wage hurt sentiment. The composite index tumbled 17.5 to 2,731.27.

HONG KONG closed moderately easier in reaction to the latest batch of cash calls and Wall Street's weakness overnight. The Hang Seng index mance, rising HK\$1 to HK\$119. shed 57.33 to 10.536.49 in turnover of HK\$9.9bn, which included a HK\$3.6bn Hong Kong Telecom placement by Citic Pacific and one by property company Chinese Estates worth HK\$425m.

HK Telecom retreated 55 cents to HK\$14.55 after Citic Pacific and its parent sold 253m Telecom shares at HK\$14.35 each. Citic Pacific climbed 35 cents to HK\$28.50.

Chinese Estates held steady at HK\$6.30 after its chairman placed 68m shares with institutions at HK\$6.25 each. Analysts added that there

ces dropped on fears of market indigestion after Inner Mongolia Yill was cleared to issue 17.2m shares on January 25. Shanghai's A index fell 21:232 was talk of an issue of 25m warrants on HSBC at HK\$2.36 or 3.6 per cent to 539,022 and Shenzhen's A index 3.57 or \$2 each. The banking giant

repeated Wednesday's perforper cent to 108.75.



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